

Generally fair today and
Tuesday; moderate west
winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

THE LOWELL SUN

NOON
EDITION

LOWELL MASS. MONDAY MARCH 9, 1914

PRICE ONE CENT

BIG LOSS OF LIFE
IN ST. LOUIS FIRE

Building Housing Athletic Club
and Bank Destroyed—Exact
Number of Dead Not Yet
Known—Many at Club

ST. LOUIS, March 9.—Three men are known to be dead, dozens of others are believed to have been burned to death, and two score were seriously injured in a fire which early today destroyed the seven story building housing the Missouri Athletic club and the Boatmen's bank at Fourth street and Washington avenue.

The exact number of dead within the mass of brick, rock and twisted iron from where the magnificent club house stood may not be known for several days. Officers of the club did not know as to the number of persons who were in the building when the fire alarm was given. Estimates go to the number now missing vary between 15 and 100.

One hundred and thirty-five persons were registered at the club last night. How many were in the building at the time of the fire is not known. Of those who were in the club 35 have been accounted for.

The dead whose bodies have been recovered are:

John Martin Rickey, of St. Paul, Minn.

James Riley, an unidentified man.

The property damage is estimated at more than \$1,000,000. In the vaults of the bank covered by the rules are more than \$1,000,000 in currency and \$27,000 in coin. At daylight only part of the front and rear walls remained.

The roof had caved in, carrying several floors with it, and the side walls had collapsed from the roof to the ground floor which is occupied by the bank.

Jumping From Windows. When the firemen arrived a few minutes after the blaze was discovered the flames were shooting out of the roof and all the windows above the second floor. Men were jumping from windows and others were climbing down ropes made of bed clothes. More than a dozen jumped several stories to the roofs of adjoining buildings and suffered broken legs or less serious injuries. Those who escaped unhurt ran about the streets in their night clothes apparently frenzied until they were forcibly carried into neighboring hotels.

Herdsman bordering on the superhuman was exhibited both by firemen and guests at the club. The firemen time and again dodged one falling wall, only to find themselves under another tottering mass of granite and brick.

Theodore Levy, of Louisville, Ky., clung to a window sill until both his hands were scorched almost black. Just as he was about to let go a fireman grasped him about the waist and carried him away.

SKIN TROUBLES

FROM SCROFULA

Among the many manifestations of scrofula are eruptions on the face and body. These are both annoying and disfiguring. How often the complexion would be perfect if they were not present!

Other manifestations are bunches, inflamed eyelids, sore ears, wasting of the muscles, and general debility.

Ask your druggist for Hood's Sarsaparilla. This great medicine completely eradicates scrofula and builds up the whole system. Get it today.

In Early Spring

When your coal bin is empty,
try LoGasCo Coke.

Lighter than coal to handle,
lasts as long.

Cheap, clean, convenient.

\$5.00 for 36 bushels.

\$2.75 for 18 bushels.

LOWELL GAS LIGHT CO.

Telephones

6100, 1204, 310

SPECIAL TICKET SALE
FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN
TODAY 10 CENTS

At Stores of Mrs. L. T. Merrill, A.
C. Page, Dow & Co.,
FOR MOTION PICTURE LECTURE
NEXT WEDNESDAY 4 P.M.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH

"The Dawn of Plenty"

Great Educational Lecture

EVENING LECTURE, ALL AGES, 25¢

Just a Little While and
Chalifoux's
Store

Will be over on the corner of
Merrimack and Central Sts.

The new corner store will be
the field of our new activity, and
we shall welcome you with brand
new stocks of goods, the like of
which Lowell has not heretofore enjoyed.

John Bassett Moore, who resigned a
few days ago. Three men are now
under consideration by President Wilson
and Secretary Bryan. They are John Lloyd, the president's adviser on
the Mexican situation, who is now in
Vera Cruz; Henry White, former United
States ambassador to Mexico, and
W. Rockhill, who has represented this
country in Turkey and China. The
new counselor to the state department
will have much to do with the Mexican
situation.

as to who will be the new counselor
to the state department, succeeding

BODY OF VERGARA
TAKEN FROM MEXICO

Disinterred by Mysterious Night Visitors Who Returned to Texas—Torture Inflicted Before Ranchman Was Executed

LAREDO, Texas, March 9.—A shovel sticking in the soft earth of the open grave and around the handle of the implement a card with the word "Recuerdos" (Remembrance), was the single trace today of the mysterious night visit of a party of unidentified men to Hidalgo, Mexico, cemetery who disinterred the body of Clemente Vergara and returned it to Texas for burial by his family.

Vergara's body secretly was placed

at a lonely spot on the Rio Grande

46 miles above Laredo in the early

hours of Sunday morning to be found

by a United States official, a state

and county deputy sheriff, but

whether responsible for its removal

from Mexico was a question still un-

answered. The body was here today awaiting an examination which state

authorities hope may disclose some

thing to aid them in placing blame

for the ranchman's violent death after

he was taken prisoner by Mexican

federal officials.

Ranchman Tortured.

A superficial examination of the body

disclosed two gunshot wounds in the head, one in the neck, a blow as if from a rifle butt which crushed the skull and the mutilated left hand, twisted and charred by fire, suggested the torture had been inflicted before

Vergara was executed.

Texas rangers of the troop of Capt. J. J. Sanders were first declared

responsible for the return of Vergara's

body from Mexico, but later this was

denied. Captain Sanders was one of

the men who were informed that the

body could be found at a designated

place. The other two were American

Consul Garret of Nuevo Laredo, Mexi-

co, and Deputy Sheriff Petty. They

were to the scene ostensibly to secure

further information on the Vergara

case but admitted later that they had

been told that the body had been re-

turned. Who were their informants was

one of numerous questions each of the

officials in turn refused to answer.

They did say, however, that neither

United States nor state officials had

any part in the actual trip into Mexi-

co.

Had No Permission.

The party had no permission from

Mexican authorities to make the trip

and secure the body and Consul Gar-

rett said last night that he had never

requested permission from the federals

to have this done.

What complications, if any, might re-

sult from the trip into foreign territory,

apparently caused no uneasiness

among Vergara's friends, who pointed

out the peaceful character of the par-

ticular.

OFFICIAL INTEREST CENTERED IN

THE EXPECTED REPORT OF

TEXAS RANGERS' COMMANDER

AUSTIN, Tex., March 9.—Official in-

terest here today in the recovery of

Continued to page nine

First Edition

FOR LATER LOCAL AND TELEGRAPHIC NEWS AND TODAY'S STOCK MARKET REPORT SEE LATER EDITIONS

HOME RULE FIGHT
RESUMED TODAY

Intense Interest in Premier Asquith's Coming Offer of Concessions to Ulster—Hottest Fight of Session Expected

LONDON, March 9.—For many years no such rush of members of the house of commons to secure seats for a debate had been seen as was witnessed today when, from an early hour, a steady stream of legislators poured into the chamber to take their places to listen to Premier Asquith's announcement of important statement on the pending home rule controversy.

Only on those occasions when the king himself has opened parliament have such throngs gathered in the vicinity of parliament square, where the people hailed with welcoming cheers the statesmen of the opposing political parties on their arrival.

The doors of the house were opened at 8 o'clock and at that time 20 members of parliament were waiting outside. Within two hours every seat in the house-not reserved for members of the cabinet and under-secretaries of state had been appropriated. Those

persons holding tickets for the public gallery also appeared early on the scene.

Redmond Held Meeting.

John Redmond held a meeting of supporters in the house of commons at noon. The terms of the statement to be made later by Premier Asquith were communicated to the meeting by the Irish leader, whose proceedings, however, were strictly private.

In the course of the morning it was announced that Sir Edward Carson, head of the Ulsterites, would attend the debate as he had sufficiently recovered from his illness.

The plotters of the militant suffragettes who had waited for days outside his residence in order to obtain from him a promise of woman suffrage should receive a government of their own, still kept up their vigil today. Sir Edward consented shortly after noon to receive a deputation of suffragettes.

STABBING NEARLY FATAL.

A stabbing affray at 343 Market street yesterday came near ending in the death of James Kourloheras, and as it is now, may die from the result of his wounds. He was stabbed in the left side of the chest and also in the left thigh by a business-like dirk.

It is extremely likely that the wound in the man's chest would have proved fatal within a few minutes of the assault if the weapon had not been deflected by striking a bone.

Kourloheras' wife was stabbed also while attempting to prevent the assailant from reaching her husband. Her injury is under the left arm and only missed a vital spot by a few inches. It is said that her wound is but slight when compared to those of her husband.

A large crowd assembled at the steps leading to the house where the stabbing took place and as soon as the man with the knife had completed his work he and his companion made off. The ambulance was summoned and the slashed pair were taken to the Lowell hospital.

Although the police made a hurried journey to the neighborhood where the assault took place no trace was found of the man who it is claimed did the job. Early this morning, however, Lt. Eugene and Sergt. Ryan arrested a man named Andreas Coutros, who is alleged to have been one of the two companions of the assailant, and is said to know where Kalampokos is hiding.

FUNERAL NOTICES

GIFFORD—Died, March 8, in this city, Hiram S. Gifford, aged 45 years, 11 months and 12 days, at his home, 24 Appleton st. Funeral services will be held at the home of the deceased, Father George W. Healey, 79 Branch street, Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Friends are invited with full out further notice. Burial will be in the family lot in the cemetery at East Hampton, Mass., Wednesday morning.

McDONALD—The funeral of Mrs. John McDonald will take place Wednesday morning from her late home, 174 Coburn street, at 8:30 o'clock. High mass of requiem at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertaker Peter H. Savage.

MC DONALD—Died, March 8, in Boston, George McDonald, aged 43 years. Funeral services will be held at 28 May street, this city, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. Burial private. Kindly omit flowers. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

Something New

The latest electrical convenience for the home is an attractive little porch light.

Besides illuminating the porch, it shows the street number of your home.

Call and see it.

Spring Term Begins Next Week
W. P. HOVEY,
400 Wyman's Ex-
change. Tel. 153-M.
Instruments, music and
strings for sale.

Lowell Electric Light Corp.
50 Central Street.

1 JOHN LIND 2 W.W. ROCKHILL 3 HENRY WHITE

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Consid-

erable speculation is indulged in here

as to who will be the new counselor

to the state department, succeeding

John Bassett Moore, who resigned a

few days ago. Three men are now

under consideration by President Wilson and Secretary Bryan. They are John Lloyd, the president's adviser on

the Mexican situation, who is now in

Vera Cruz; Henry White, former United

States ambassador to Mexico, and

W. Rockhill, who has represented this

country in Turkey and China. The

ON THE 54-HOUR LAW

Report of Special Committee of Legislature Tells of its Workings—The Christmas Season

Of the 54-hour law the special committee on the labor of women and minors, after full investigation makes a very interesting and instructive report that refers particularly to Lowell. Rep. Deering was a member of this committee.

The report says:

Chapter 558 of the Acts of 1913 was enacted as an amendment of chapter 447 of the Acts of 1912. Its purpose was to extend the 54-hour law for women and minors to mercantile establishments, telegraph offices and telephone exchanges and to the employees of express and transportation companies. It had the effect, however, of imposing a much greater limitation upon the hours of labor of the persons to whom it applied. For example, a manufacturing establishment 54 hours a week was permitted to work evenings and Saturdays in mercantile establishments as an extra girl. By bringing mercantile establishments within the classification of establishments to which the law applies, this additional employment has been prohibited with evils resulting in many cases to both employers and employees. In the city of Lowell alone, we are told by the secretary of the board of trade, no less than 300 female mill operatives have been accustomed to working Saturday afternoons and evenings in the large department stores of that city, thereby earning from \$1 to \$2 increased wages and also making available for themselves and other members of their respective families the store discount customarily given to employees. In many cases the result of the law has been an aggregate loss of from \$4 to \$6 per week.

While it may be argued that what the mill operatives have lost in this respect, some other class of girls has gained, there is a much broader question involved. Mr. Murphy, secretary of the Lowell board of trade, told us that he was certain that this law has been the cause of the downfall of several mill girls, who, having become accustomed to seeing fine clothes in the stores where they formerly were employed, and having been able to get them at low cost, through the discounts allowed them as employees of the stores, and to purchase them with the proceeds of only a few weeks' extra labor have found it too much trouble to their pride to give up such clothes and have consequently turned to the only avenue left open through which to obtain them. In the face of such testimony it is utterly absurd to contend that the loss suffered by any one girl has been a gain to some other girl.

The statute is designed, of course, to protect female employees and minors against "unreasonable hours," but it naturally fails to accomplish its purpose because of the fact that the limitation has been placed upon the total number of hours for the week rather than upon the total number of hours for the day. For example, a girl 16 years of age working in a factory eight hours per day on the first five days of the week and four and one-half hours on Saturday may work in a mercantile establishment nine and one-half hours on Saturday, making a total for that day of fourteen hours, simply because the

LAXATIVE FOR OLD PEOPLE—"CASCARETS"

Salt, Calomel, Pills, Acet. on Bowels
Like Pepper Acet in Nostrils

Get a 10-cent box now.
Most old people must give to the bowels some regular help, else they suffer from constipation. The condition is perfectly natural. It is just as natural as it is for old people to walk slowly. For age is never so active as youth. The muscles are less elastic. And the bowels are muscles.

So all old people need Cascarets.

One might as well refuse to aid weak eyes with glasses as to neglect this gift to weak bowels. The bowels must be kept active. This is important of all ages, but never so much as at fifty.

Age is not a time for harsh physicks. Youth may occasionally whip the bowels into activity. But a lash can't be used every day. What the bowels of the old need is a gentle and natural tonic. One that can be constantly used without harm. The only such tonic is Cascarets, and they cost only 10 cents per box at any drug store.

They work while you sleep. They work effectively with such cases as have arisen at Lowell, and does not impose any hardship upon female employees most of whom feel that employment in a store, for example, is really a relaxation after their monotonous duties in cotton mills or other similar places.

Seasonal Employment

Another objection to the said chapter is raised by employers in manufacturing businesses, which they believe to be seasonal in their nature, but which it has been decided by the state board of labor and industries, acting under an opinion of the attorney-general, may not properly be so classified. Notable among these are the manufacturing jewelers of Attleboro, North Attleboro, and the contiguous section of the state. They contended with a great deal of force, at a hearing given by the committee in Attleboro, that it is not possible for them to manufacture their jewelry in any considerable quantity except during the months immediately preceding Christmas. They stated that styles would be unprofitable. There is no time of the year when a salesgirl in a mercantile establishment is under such tension as during what is commonly termed "the Christmas rush." One who has never experienced it cannot begin to imagine the nervous strain the Christmas trade brings to those behind the counter. If any change were to be made in the hours of labor for Christmas week, it should be in the direction of shorter rather than longer hours.

The same complaint is made with reference to the six working days preceding Christmas, and certain employers have asked that they be permitted to work their employees an aggregate of fifty-seven hours for those six days.

In our opinion the granting of this request would be unwise. There is no time of the year when a salesgirl in a mercantile establishment is under such tension as during what is commonly termed "the Christmas rush." One who has never experienced it cannot begin to imagine the nervous strain the Christmas trade brings to those behind the counter. If any change were to be made in the hours of labor for Christmas week, it should be in the direction of shorter rather than longer hours.

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The New Haven company has said to Interstate Commerce Commissioner McMethod who has charge of the investigation ordered by the state resolution that it is glad to have him investigate the financial and other conditions in the New Haven and that it will help to expedite the work in every reasonable manner. Already it has accumulated on its own account a large quantity of detailed information about various transactions which it is placing in the hands of the investigators so as to hurry the work. The secretary of the commission can make the investigation and report its findings the better it will be for all.

Regarding the obtaining of funds from others than J. P. Morgan & Co., Mr. Elliott said:

"Inquiries were made of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., about the placing by that house, for the New Haven company, of the so-called French loan in 1907. Kuhn, Loeb & Co. make the following statement:

"In February, 1907, the company entered with Kuhn, Loeb & Co., into negotiation to place \$28,000,000 face per cent bonds in France at about 91 per cent, less 1% per cent commission.

"Kuhn, Loeb & Co. contracted for the firm purchase of these \$28,000,000 bonds and the commission paid to them was really part of the purchase price. This was not a simple commission transaction, with the bankers simply acting as intermediaries, but Kuhn, Loeb & Co. had to undertake a very heavy obligation as a matter of fact, they had to carry a large part of these bonds during the critical period of the panic. It took more than a year and a half to bring the transaction to a successful end, and a part of the commission had to be re-allowed by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. to their associates in Europe in perfecting the negotiation."

In addition to the negotiations with Morgan & Co. and Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Mr. Elliott continued, "there appear to have been occasional and temporary borrowings from deposit banks and others along the line of the road; and long term securities issued by the company or held in its treasury were sold to various banking houses and banks principally in New England, from 1895 to date, aggregating about \$23,000,000; the total commissions paid on securities of this class were \$97,700."

Mr. Woods, after many conferences recommended that to reputable and orderly restaurants which provide entertainment, such as cabaret shows and public dancing be given licenses permitting them to keep open with full privilege until 2 o'clock. If no objectionable conduct in place licensed, and avoiding all suspicion of discrimination on the city's part.

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That other restaurants and saloons which are above reproach and commendable be granted all-night licenses on application if they can show a genuine demand by all-night workers and be allowed to remain open all night, providing food is served and there are no back rooms where objectionable conduct can take place.

That no all-night license be granted to hotels, and that at 1 o'clock the sale of liquor in these places be discontinued at bars and adjoining cafes, but that hotels may be allowed to continue serving food to guests in other parts of the building.

The policy recommended is not radically different from that of the late Mayor William G. Gaynor.

TWO FOUND DEAD

BOSTON, March 9.—Two Roxbury people were discovered dead in their beds yesterday.

The body of Miss Fanny Berman of 29 Blue Hill Avenue was found by her son, Harry Peterson, 257 Warren Street, was accidentally asphyxiated by gas as he slept.

SUNDAY PICTURE SHOWS

Mayor Murphy has addressed the following letter to moving picture house managers of the city:

"The following will be the tariff for Sunday entertainments in moving picture houses on and after March 7, 1914:

"Minimum fee—\$5.00.

"Houses with seating capacity between 60 and 1000—\$8.00.

"Houses with a seating capacity of 1000 or more—\$10.

CHILD'S LIFE SAVED

By Dr. True's Clinic
PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 9.—"Going-to-church," Sunday, "aided by fair weather" was pronounced last night by pastors of the principal churches throughout the city and state to be a huge success. In all of the city churches the attendance on the average was more than double that at the regular services and in many cases it was three times as great as normal. At several churches hundreds were turned away.

Dr. Edward M. Ninde, pastor of the Matthewson Street Methodist church said first that the churches would benefit greatly from the immense outpouring and that it would be several years before the effect of the demonstration would wear off. He believed that thousands who attended church yesterday for the first time would come to help swell congregations for a long time to come.

Mrs. B. N. Gille, R. P. D. Box 16, West Newbury, Mass.

True's Clinic

This is the way lots of children see

feverish ill and their case is not

worse, when the grown-ups are

Dr. True's Clinic will easily end the

fever and child in the system, re-

storing the child to normal health. All

done—see, fee and \$1.

Medical advice—see, fee and \$1.

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LOWELL, MONDAY, MARCH 9, 1914

EMMET'S ANNIVERSARY WAS SHOT DOWN

Observed by the Irish National Brotherhood—Address by Dr. M. F. Sullivan of Lawrence

Never perhaps in this city was the birthday of Robert Emmet celebrated more enthusiastically or more profitably than yesterday afternoon at the hall of the Irish National Brotherhood at 32 Middle street. The members, 500 strong, were present, and there were invited guests from Boston, Haerhill and Lawrence. The principal speaker was Dr. M. F. Sullivan of Lawrence, the founder of the Irish Historical society, a historian, an able writer, a patriot and an orator.

Mayor Curley of Boston had been invited to attend but unable to come on account of his official care, he sent a pointed letter of regret which is given below. Mr. P. C. Kelley of Charlestown who is prominent in various societies in that part of Boston, was also present and delivered an eloquent address.

Mr. James O'Sullivan presided and upon the platform were: Dr. M. F. Sullivan of Lawrence, Bartholomew Crowley of Haerhill, P. C. Kelley of Boston, Mayor Murphy, Senator Draper, Rep. Murphy, Capt. H. J. Molloy, Dr. J. B. O'Connor, Ex. J. Gallagher, and several others.

In opening the meeting, Chairman O'Sullivan made a stirring speech.

Mr. E. J. Gallagher gave further details of the big demonstration which will be the last opportunity the friends of Ireland will have to contribute to the home rule cause. The committee, he said, will meet Tuesday evening at 32 Middle street to complete the arrangements for the big demonstration at Associate Hall next Sunday evening in aid of the home rule cause.

There were songs by Mr. Green, Timothy Rohan and others.

FAVORS MIXED MARRIAGE

COLORED MEN FEAR SUFFRAGISTS BUT WOULD NOT RETURN TO AFRICA

BOSTON, March 9.—The sons of Ham, Shem and Japheth—according to a definition given from the platform—mingled at Ford Hall last night to hear Mrs. Mary Church Terrell of Oberlin college on "The Sons of Ham," with whom she is identified.

She called the intermarriage of white and colored people an individual matter, by no means condemning it; she said that even the blackest person in the country probably has a good deal of white blood in his veins, and she explained the fact of many black men joining with the anti-suffragists as due to their fear that white women would show more prejudice than white men.

Moreover, she said that if the opportunity were offered colored people in America to go back to Africa, such an offer would be spurned, as their forefathers had given 300 years of toll to the upbuilding of this country.

She charged that the constitutional amendment by which suffrage was conferred on colored men is now practically a dead letter in many sections of the country, and she said more murders were committed in the United States than in any other country save Italy alone, due to the impunity with which colored men and women are murdered.

POWERS FOR CONGRESS

BOSTON, March 9.—Sam Powers for congress!

That is the cry already raised by republicans of the 13th district, now represented by John J. Mitchell of Marlboro, democrat, and there is a good chance that the "big shot" will result in more than "little pistol."

Samuel Leland Powers of Newton, representative from the old 12th Massachusetts district in the 56th and 58th congresses, from 1901 to 1905, has for the past nine years lived the quiet life of the private citizen, his only excitement being his daily furnished practice and his after-dinner speeches. For nine years his friends in the district have been after him to enter the field again, but he has refused, pleading that he could not afford to do so. This year they are more urgent than ever, and they are confident that he will yield to their urgings.

Last Friday the proposition was put squarely up to Mr. Powers, and he was assured that the republicans of the old district republican committee, said just right that he had been hearing from prominent republicans all over the district, and all that were agreed that Mr. Powers is the one republican who can win next fall.

It was voted to pay the chairman \$500 per year, the physician \$100, the attendance office 30c per hour and the census enumerators the same as last year.

Sub committee on school at Colivingville, Jos. P. Varnum; Parker avenue, Paul Scott; Goodhue, Hiram E. Lincoln; Centre, Ed. W. Bennett; Keewood, Arthur Haywood; Broadway, Charles Smith; East Dracut, Albert N. Fox.

Committee on patrols, Hiram E. Lincoln, Ed. W. Bennett, Jos. P. Varnum; committee on books and supplies, Superintendent Randall, Albert N. Fox, Paul A. Scott; committee on transportation, Nelson E. Huntley, Eugene C. Fox, Arthur Haywood; committee on insurance, Hiram E. Lincoln, Eugene C. Fox, Nelson E. Huntley.

SUFFRAGETTES FINED

BOSTON, March 9.—Ten of the militant suffragettes arrested during the demonstration in Trafalgar square when Mrs. Sylvia Pankhurst was captured by the police were arraigned at Bow street police court today. Small fines were imposed by the magistrate with the option of serving a short term of imprisonment.

Miss Zella Emerson of Jackson, Mich., was not among the prisoners, the report of her arrest having been erroneous.

Lodging House TO LET

38 ROOMS

Centrally Located

AT 312 MARKET ST.

Inquire at 310 Market St.

Gun Used in Argument Over Beer in the Shoe City Yesterday

BOSTON, March 9.—As a result of an argument over beer at 19 Bond street, Lynn, last night, John J. Hinton of 40 Ashland street was shot in the left leg, and Marjorie Barnoba was locked up, charged with assault with a dangerous weapon. The police also arrested Frank Evangelista and three other men on technical charge of drunkenness, and they will be held as witnesses.

Shot During Quarrel

Hinton, who is 22 years old, told the police that he and his brother, Albert went to the house at 19 Bond street to get some beer. In response to their knocking three men came to the door. The Hinton boys said that they asked for beer, whereupon Evangelista knocked John Hinton down. The argument then degenerated into a melee which lasted for several minutes, when the Hinton boys, overcome by superior numbers, started to retreat.

They were running through the yard, when a man, said to have been Barnoba, drew a revolver and fired. Officer John Rock chased the men into the house, where they threatened to kill him, according to the police. The officer notified headquarters, and a squad of police was rushed to the scene, in charge of Sergeant Callahan.

There were four women and six children in the house, and when the police entered pandemonium broke loose. The children rushed about screaming frantically, while women shrieked and one fainted.

Young Hinton was taken to the hospital where the bullet was extracted. He was then taken back to the police station and identified Barnoba as the man who had done the shooting.

Mr. E. J. Gallagher gave further details of the big demonstration which will be the last opportunity the friends of Ireland will have to contribute to the home rule cause. The committee, he said, will meet Tuesday evening at 32 Middle street to complete the arrangements for the big demonstration at Associate Hall next Sunday evening in aid of the home rule cause.

There were songs by Mr. Green, Timothy Rohan and others.

LADIES' AID SOCIETY

OF ST. PATRICK'S TO HOLD EASTER CARNIVAL IN ASSOCIATE HALL TO SWELL SOCIETY FUND

At yesterday's meeting of the general committee in charge of the Easter carnival to be held in Associate Hall the afternoon and evening of April 1st, by the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Patrick's parish, it was voted to have the nature of the entertainment a "Donnybrook Fair," which signifies that it will be thoroughly "Irish" from beginning to end. The ladies in charge of the various tables announced the names of their respective tables, as follows:

"Eri-Go-Bragh" Table: Mrs. Alice A. Parent, chairman; Mrs. Louise Rediker, treasurer; Mrs. Jennie Rediker, secretary.

"Cead Mile Failte" Table: Miss Etta Courtney, chairman; Miss Sarah Kelly, secretary; Miss Helena O'Sullivan, treasurer.

"Robert Emmet" Table: Miss Katherine Holland, chairman; Miss Helen O'Hearn, secretary; Miss Florence Gilbride, treasurer.

"Daughters of Erin" Table: Miss Katherine Leonard, chairman; Miss Mary Flynn, secretary; Miss Grace McManus, treasurer.

A friendly rivalry is already apparent among those interested in the various tables—each vying with the other to be first in the financial returns.

A cake sale was announced for the benefit of the "Eri-Go-Bragh" table next Thursday, March 12th, in Gilbride's department store in charge of Mrs. James Kelly. The ladies interested in the success of the "Cead Mile Failte" table announced that a sacred concert would be held in St. Patrick's school hall Sunday evening, March 15th. Some of the best musical talent in the city have willingly offered their services and therefore a large attendance is anticipated.

She charged that the constitutional amendment by which suffrage was conferred on colored men is now practically a dead letter in many sections of the country, and she said more murders were committed in the United States than in any other country save Italy alone, due to the impunity with which colored men and women are murdered.

BULLET AS ARGUMENT

BOSTON, March 9.—Teber Tolstoy, 40 years old, of Elm place, Quincy, is in the Quincy hospital in a dangerous condition as the result of being shot in the left breast last night. The police arrested Dominico Boela, 25 years of age, of 56 Cane street, on the charge of assault with a dangerous weapon with intent to kill and they also held four other men as witnesses. The shooting took place near the corner of Canal and Bracknell streets, and was due to a controversy over money matters, the police say.

DRACUT

At a meeting of the recently elected selectmen of Dracut Fred E. Pollard was elected chairman of the board, and the appointment of minor officials will take place next Friday evening.

The library trustees met Saturday afternoon. Thomas Varnum was chosen chairman and Harry Moylett, secretary.

Rev. Ernest Bartlett was appointed custodian of the museum.

The school committee organized as follows: Chairman, Hiram E. Lincoln; secretary, Nelson E. Huntley; school physician, Dr. Mason D. Bryant; representatives to school district, Hiram E. Lincoln, Edward W. Donnell, N. E. Huntley; census enumerators, Eugene C. Fox, Paul A. Scott, Joseph P. Varnum; attendance officer, sub-committee on school; trustees, Eugene C. Fox, Mark L. Shaw.

It was voted to pay the chairman \$500 per year, the physician \$100, the attendance office 30c per hour and the census enumerators the same as last year.

Sub committee on school at Colivingville, Jos. P. Varnum; Parker avenue, Paul Scott; Goodhue, Hiram E. Lincoln; Centre, Ed. W. Bennett; Keewood, Arthur Haywood; Broadway, Charles Smith; East Dracut, Albert N. Fox.

Committee on patrols, Hiram E. Lincoln, Ed. W. Bennett, Jos. P. Varnum; committee on books and supplies, Superintendent Randall, Albert N. Fox, Paul A. Scott; committee on transportation, Nelson E. Huntley, Eugene C. Fox, Arthur Haywood; committee on insurance, Hiram E. Lincoln, Eugene C. Fox, Nelson E. Huntley.

SUFFRAGETTES FINED

BOSTON, March 9.—Ten of the militant suffragettes arrested during the demonstration in Trafalgar square when Mrs. Sylvia Pankhurst was captured by the police were arraigned at Bow street police court today. Small fines were imposed by the magistrate with the option of serving a short term of imprisonment.

Miss Zella Emerson of Jackson, Mich., was not among the prisoners, the report of her arrest having been erroneous.

READY-TO-WEAR SECTION

Now going on, our sale of fine muslin underwear, corset covers, drawers, skirts, combinations and gowns at about 25 per cent. less than usual price.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES

Children's dresses, made of fine gingham, percale, galatea, made in handsome patterns, suitable for shirts, blouses, waist and dresses.

MERCERIZED POPLIN

Fine mercerized poplin remnants in plain colors, good quality, 19c value on the piece. At 12 1-2c Yard.

SPRING DRESS GOODS

Two cases of remnants, representing a

large variety of new spring dress goods in mochita, broadcloth,

whipcord, serges and India twills 39c to 75c value.

At 25c and 39c Yard.

SATIN FINISH SPREADS

100 satin finish spreads in handsome patterns, embroidered edge, cut corners and fringed, cut corners full size, fine quality, \$3.00 value. At \$2.00 Each

WOOL BLANKETS

To close, about 200 sample white wool bla-

nkets, full 11-4 size, very nice quality with fast colors, blankets

worth from \$4.00 to \$6.00 a pair. To Close at \$1.50 Each

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

AN EXTRAORDINARY PURCHASE OF RAINCOATS BRINGS THESE IMPORTANT BARGAIN ANNOUNCEMENTS TO YOUR ATTENTION

1000 RAINCOATS AT ABOUT 1-2 PRICE

FOR MEN AND WOMEN, ALL NEW GOODS AND THIS SEASON'S MODELS, INCLUDING THE SAMPLE LINES AND SURPLUS STOCK OF ONE OF THE LARGEST MAKERS IN THIS COUNTRY, SOLD TO US AT A CLEARANCE PRICE OF ABOUT 50¢ ON THE DOLLAR. THESE LOTS INCLUDE THE NEWEST STYLES IN DOUBLE TEXTURES, RUBBER SURFACE CLOTHS, RUBBER LINED FABRICS, SERGES, REPPS, ETC. ALL PERFECT GARMENTS. EVERY ONE A MOST REMARKABLE VALUE AS THEY COME TO YOU AT THE BEGINNING OF THE WATER PROOF GARMENT SEASON.

ON SALE TODAY

On Sale in the Men's Department— Palmer Street Basement

We purchased from one of the largest Raincoat manufacturers in this country, 300 Raincoats at 50¢ on the dollar. We placed these coats on sale this morning.

RAINFOATS AT.....\$2.50 EACH

30 Men's Raincoats, single texture, made of fine cotton poplin, rubber lined and cemented seams \$5 garment, At \$2.50 Each

RAINFOATS AT.....\$4.50 EACH

Men's Double Texture Raincoats of fine poplin, cashmere and twills in the newest shades of tan with cemented seams; a \$6.00 to \$8.00 garment. At \$4.50 Each

AUTO RAINCOATS AT.....\$4.50 EACH

35 Men's Automobile Raincoats, made of heavy gray cashmere, plaid lining and cemented seams, made extra large for automobile wear, worth \$8.00. At \$4.50

RAINFOATS AT.....\$7.00 EACH

Men's Double Texture Raincoats, all wool cheviots, cashmere, poplin and fine cashmere in dark blue and the latest shades of brown, gray and tan; plaid lining with reinforced and cemented seams, made to retail from \$10 to \$12.50. At \$7.00 Each

RAINFOATS AT.....\$10.00 EACH

Men's Double Texture Raincoats, made of all wool homespun cashmere, cheviots, poplins and in the new spring shades of blue, gray, brown and tan with silk and plaid linings, reinforced and cemented seams, regular and raglan sleeves, made to retail from \$15.00 to \$25.00. At \$10.00

CLOAK DEPT.—SECOND FLOOR

On Sale in the Ladies' Cloak and Suit Department—Second Floor

RAINFOATS AT.....\$2.98 EACH

Rubber Surface, Black Rubber and Rubber Lined Coats, at this price. All coats perfect and worth \$5.00 each; also a few misses' and children's repp coats at this price.

Sale Price \$2.98

CHILDREN'S CAPES.....\$1.50

Made of fast color sateen; colors, navy and red, sizes 6 to 11 years. Price \$1.50 for Monday.....Sale Price \$1.50

BLACK RUBBER COATS.....\$3.98

Made of extra heavy black rubber, fastened with buttons or fasteners, sizes 34 to 44; also a large assortment of double texture raincoats. Regular values \$6.00 and \$7.50.

\$10.00 RAINCOATS.....\$5.00

A nice assortment of \$10.00 Raincoats in this lot. Misses' and ladies' sizes.....Sale Price \$5.00

\$15.00 RAINCOATS.....\$7.50

Any coat in this lot worth \$15.00. Double textures black and white checks and misses' coats with velvet collars and velvet strap at cuffs. These coats are marked less than the whole-sale price.....Sale Price \$

AMERICAN WOOLEN CO.

Pres. Wood, in Annual Statement, Says Company Lost \$677,684 During Past Year

The annual statement of the American Woolen Co., with mills in Lowell and Dracut and other places, has been issued and shows that the company during the last year at an operating loss of \$677,684. The preferred dividend calling for \$2,500,000 was paid and \$502,105 was written off for depreciation, making a total of \$3,079,789 taken from surplus. What the tariff has done to the largest woolen and worsted manufacturing enterprise in the world is shown in these figures. The report also shows the wisdom of President Wood's handsome surplus which now stands at \$5,356,532 after the severe call on it for last year's deficit.

The American Woolen Co. employs around 30,000 operatives, and at the lowest estimate 100,000 people are directly dependent upon it for the necessities and luxuries of life. Every effort has been made by President Wood and his manufacturing agents to take care of as many of this army of workers as possible during the past year, and it has been a problem difficult to solve. The plants are under better way at the present time than for many months past, and reasonably encouraging.

The preferred shares of American Woolen Co. are selling just under 76. The company is practically sure of a much larger business and one that will show larger profits this year, and there is no immediate likelihood of the preferred dividend being passed. At quoted prices the investment yields about 9 1/4 per cent. The preferred stock is a first lien on the property and assets of the company, and with \$67 a share in net quick assets there is surely \$50 a share or \$20,000,000 in plants even at auction, so the preferred stock is safe and low as a permanent investment at \$107 and \$110 a share in making the annual report! President Wood says in part:

"Conditions in the woolen business

during the past year have been exceptional."

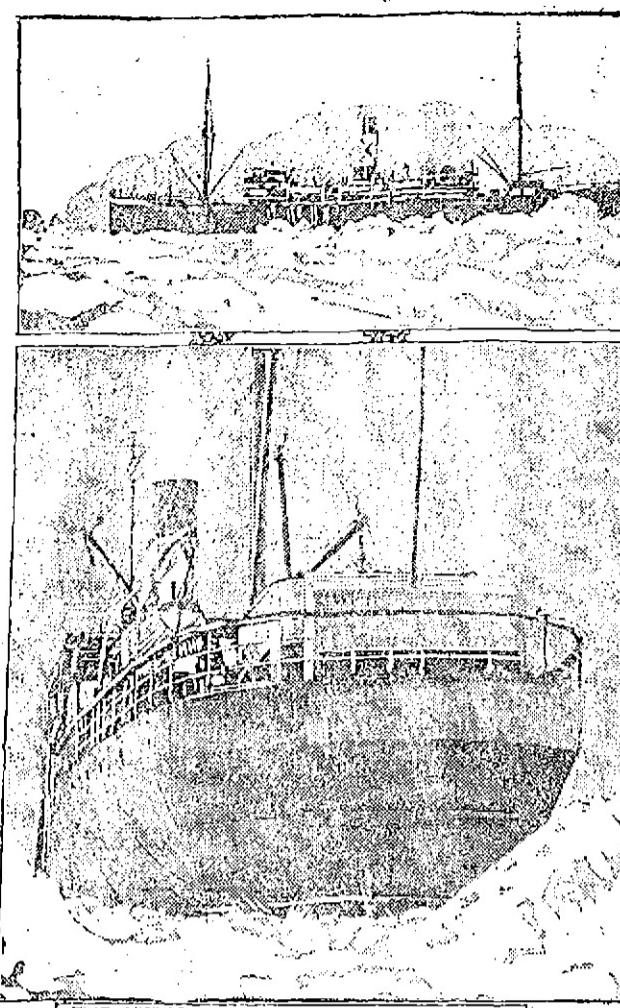
Nothing is so prejudicial to business as political agitation and uncertainty, and we regard it as a great gain that we have arrived at a new starting point. The tariff is now settled and we are fully prepared to do business under the conditions which it imposes.

"While the American Woolen Co. is the largest manufacturer of wool in this country, it is not an unlawful combination or monopoly. Its capital, amounting to \$50,000,000, represents only 14 1/2 per cent. of a total of \$345,000,000 of capital invested in the woolen and worsted industry of the United States. Besides our plants, there are about 300 woolen and worsted mills in this country. Your company, however, has the largest, best equipped and most modern mills in the world (in all four separate plants, free from leases, bonds or mortgages of any kind), and possesses besides the economic advantage of a large business organization, through them it expects to be able largely to offset the difference in cost of production between the low wages of Europe and the higher wages paid in the United States.

"There has been a stubborn disposition in this country as to the general excellence of foreign fabrics which experience will do much to remove. It is an ill wind that does not blow some good, and a temporarily increased use of imported woolens cannot but create among the American people as a whole a better appreciation of the superior qualities of domestic woolen cloths, which have already been truly recognized and acknowledged by importing merchants familiar with both American and foreign fabrics.

At the annual meeting of the company Wheaton Kildridge, George W. Davis and Wm. H. Dwelly, Jr., were elected directors, succeeding P. W. Kildridge, C. H. Tenney and J. C. Woodall. The other directors were re-elected.

FROZEN FAST IN ICE PACKS ON NORTH ATLANTIC COAST, STEAMERS IN PERIL



TWO VIEWS OF STEAMER FROZEN IN ICE

So severe has the winter been this year at sea that not only has there been an unusual number of wrecks from storms, but steamers which ply in northern waters are reported to have been caught in the ice and frozen fast. Such a fate befell the big naval training Potomac. Another case was that of the steamer C. D. Washington, long overdue at Louisburg, N. S., which was frozen in an ice pack off the southern coast of Cape Breton. Four of the crew were picked up off the ice near Gouta Island, according to the report, suffering from cold and exposure.

built the state house. Gen. Ames was vice president of the International Bridge company, president of the Blockstone Canal National bank and also held offices in several insurance companies. He was a son of Samuel Ames, for years chief justice of the Rhode Island supreme court, and was born in Providence, May 15, 1842.

He entered Brown in '69 but enlisted in '61. After the war he entered business in this city.

He was a member of the Hope, Squantum and University clubs and Agawam Hunt. He married in 1870 Margaret Fletcher Ormsbee of this city. Two children survive, John O. Ames of this city and Mrs. Frank Mauran of Philadelphia.

DISSOLUTION PLANS

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Although no word had been received last night from Chairman Howard Elliott of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, officials of the department of justice expected conferences over the common council and the state legislature and was a member of the dissolution plans to be resumed here this week. Reports

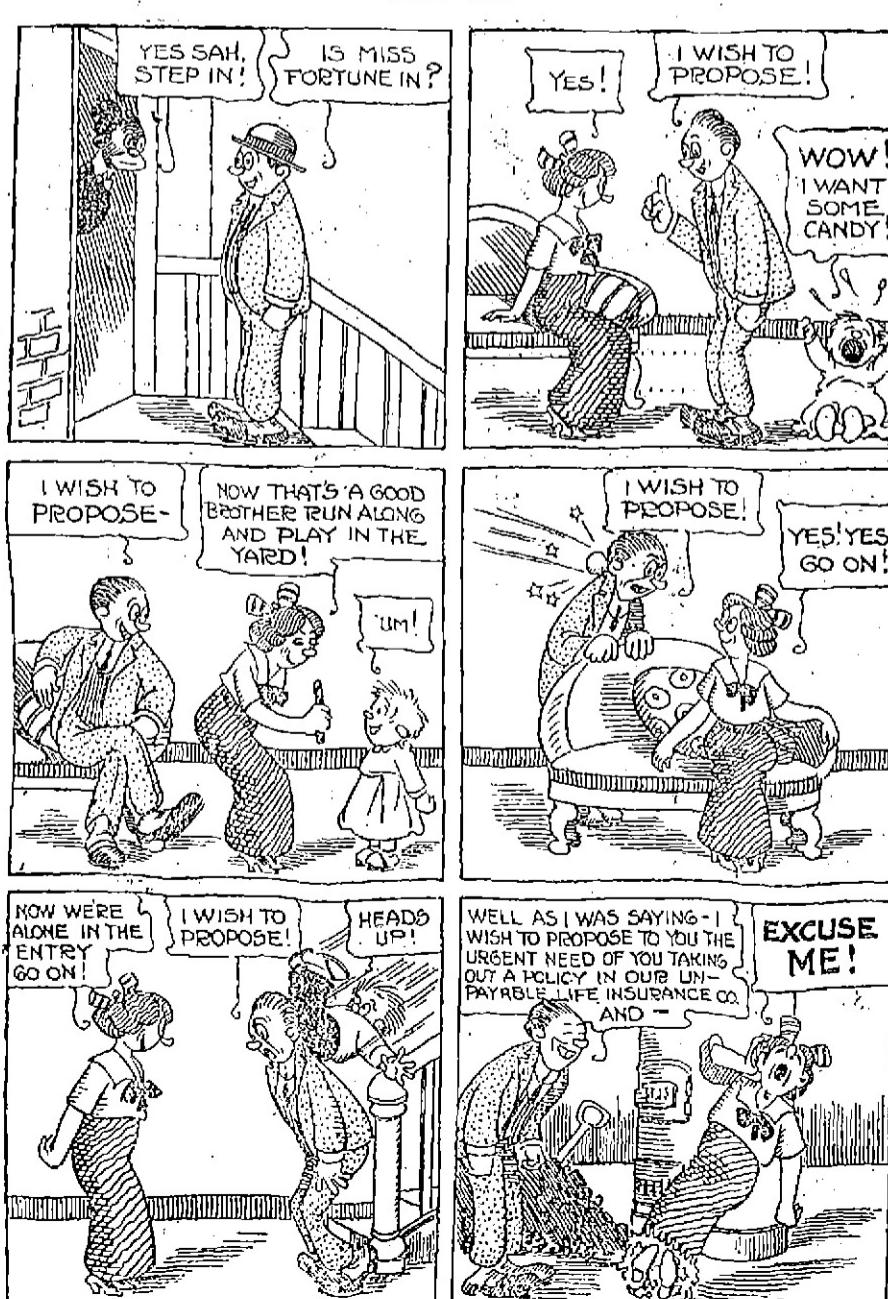
stated that the New Haven directors had decided to fight in the courts rather than give up control over the Boston & Maine road, have not upset the hope of officials that a peaceful settlement will be reached. Attorney General McKenney has received no information since the New Haven board met in New York Friday, that its officers have abandoned negotiations.

INJURIES PROVED FATAL

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 9.—James McKinney, 54, of Alaska street, died at the Rhode Island Hospital yesterday of injuries received last night when he was knocked down by an automobile driven by John F. Pierce at Bassett and Chestnut streets.

According to Pierce, McKinney stepped from the curb directly by the side of his machine and was struck by the roadside. McKinney's skull was fractured. After McKinney had been taken to the hospital Pierce and Clarence Reiff, who was in the car with him, went to the Fifth precinct police station and told their story to Capt. Mowatt. No arrests have been made.

EXCUSE ME



Resinol stops skin torments!

THE soothing, healing medicament in Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap penetrates every tiny pore of the skin, clears it of impurities, and stops itching instantly. Resinol speedily heals eczema, rashes, ringworm and other eruptions and clears away disfiguring pimples and blackheads, when other treatments prove a waste of time and money.

Resinol is not an ointment. It is a doctor's prescription which proved so wonderfully successful for skin troubles that it has been used by other doctors all over the country for the past nineteen years. Both Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap, 25c and 50c, can be had at your druggist's. For trial free, write to Dept. 423, Resinol Company, 225 Franklin Street, Boston, Mass.

ONLY FIVE
DAYS
MORE

J.L. CHALIFOUX CO.
COR. CENTRAL & MIDDLE STS.

ONLY FIVE
DAYS
MORE

\$200,000 REMOVAL SALE

Final Clean-Up

Positively the Last Week

50 Women's, Misses' and Junior Suits

Made of fine serge, silk lined, in blacks, blues and browns. **\$9.89**

To close.....

These suits must be cleaned up be-

fore we move. Values to \$25.

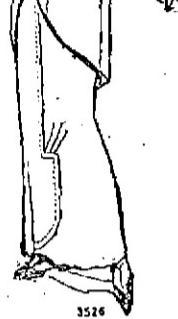


Women's and Misses' Silk Dresses

For party and street wear. COME
EARLY as these prices will no
doubt clean them up. To close

\$5.98, \$7.49

These bargains are worth your in-
spection. Values \$10 to \$25.



Women's and Misses' Coats

LOT NO. 1

Good news for women and misses who
want coats practically at their
own price. To close.....

\$2.39

Values to \$8.00.

Street Floor

3526
by The H. Black

Street Floor

BUY YOUR FURS NOW

FOR NEXT WINTER AT 50% BELOW COST

Men's Furnishings

In Basement Store

Visit Bargainland

WOMEN'S HAND BAGS

Slightly rounder soiled, made of
white linen, also a few of pop-
lin cloth, in white and blue
color. Regular prices

79c

close.....

5c

values to \$23.50.

Street Floor

50c

values to \$23.50.

Street Floor

\$1.00 SHOE SALE

Don't forget our one dollar
sale as we expect TODAY to
make a clean sweep of all re-
maining shoes. Come early and
get your choice.

\$1.00

values to \$2.19

Street Floor

50c

values to \$2.19

Street Floor

J.L. CHALIFOUX CO.

COR. CENTRAL & MIDDLE STS.

SUFFRAGETTES IN BATTLE

Fought Police at Trafalgar Square, London—Mrs. Pankhurst Kid- napped by the Police

from the base of the Nelson column
"Follow the flag and see if we can't
find something to do." The suffragettes
then surged toward the government
buildings in Whitehall with the suf-
frage banner borne aloft, but a cordon
of mounted police barred their way.
Some of the women assailed the police
with short sticks, but the marchers
were soon dispersed.

ON FREIGHT RATES

New England Chamber of Commerce
Preparing for Hearing on Thurs-
day

BOSTON, March 9.—New Englanders
interested in the "car-spotting" problem
were urged last night by the
chamber of commerce committee on
transportation to attend a meeting to-
day preliminary to the interstate com-
merce commission hearing Thursday.
The committee, in connection with the
application of the railroads for a
per cent. increase in freight rates, is
trying to learn whether the desired ad-
ditional earnings may not be obtained
by charges for services now performed
free. This would include "spotting"
or enforcing payment for stopping
train and switching a car to a private
 siding.

The chamber will seek the views of
New England men as to whether such a
system were adopted, and the
charge graded in accordance with the
expense of the service rendered.

If you want help at home or in your
business, try The Sun "Want" colum-

again commits an offense bringing her
within the provisions of the alien act,
the question of applying to the court
for a recommendation for her expul-
sion will be considered.

Yesterday afternoon several hun-
dred women and men had marched in
procession to the square to attend a
meeting of the Non-Stop Federation for
Women Suffrage. Sylvia Pankhurst,
who for some weeks had been holding
a bus in Trafalgar Square, was arrested
from the police to deliver a speech, but
detectives surrounded the bus and started it for Holloway jail before the
militants realized what was happening.

When it was discovered that Miss
Pankhurst had been abducted, the
chairwoman of the meeting, Miss Pal-
merston, who later was among those
arrested, shouted to her supporters,

PRAISE FOR CONNIE MACK

Philly Scribe Reviews Career of Baseball Sphinx—Success Due to Ability to Find Kids

He looks you squarely and steadily in the face from a pair of eyes as blue as the sea, eyes that are wondrously soft, but at the same time penetrating in their kindly expression. As those blue eyes set beneath shaggy brows gaze into yours, he takes your hand with a grasp that instinctively indicates to you that he is pleased to make your acquaintance. And then he speaks to you in easy, well-modulated words, assuring you by his pleasant tone and faint smile that you are doubly welcome. His eyes, his voice, his smile constitute a magnetic personality at the very first meeting. Such is brief pictorial of Cornelius McGillicuddy, known on two continents as Connie Mack, the "wizard of the diamond, the master mind of baseball," says D. L. Reeves of the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Thousands of persons have had the pleasure, enjoyed the honor of making Mr. Mack's acquaintance, of looking into those deep blue eyes, feeling that strong, human grasp and experiencing the influence of that smile. But other thousands have never even seen this great inspiring personality of the baseball world, and it is for these thousands that the writer considers it a duty to draw as correctly as is permitted one who has enjoyed his friendship and confidence, for more than a decade, a picture that will represent him as a man and baseball strategist, affable and courteous to all, generous to a fault with an unfailing courtesy. Mr. Mack naturally makes hosts of friends without incurring the enmity of a single individual. He is a close student of human nature. To this discerning quality, combined with an almost infallible judgment in recognizing the abilities of a ball player, is responsible, in a great measure, his remarkable success as a manager. Mack is a baseball sphinx and a baseball sage. He rarely talks for publication. He was never known to predict a championship for his team, preferring to read what others affirm of his prospects and let the public judge of his chances by the performance of his players. But Mr. Mack's judgment is sound and his views eagerly sought by all baseball men. He does nothing by impulse, but rather reasons out by intuitive knowledge the whys and wherefores of his acts. In the end the result always justifies his deductions.

Mr. Mack is modest and unobtrusive. Thousands of baseball devotees who attend games in which the Athletes are participants have asked to be shown Connie Mack. How many thousands of eyes have been strained to catch only a glimpse of the astute leader as he silently slips under the covered players' bench just before the game starts and departs with the same easy, quick move after the contest has ended? A fleeting impression of a tall figure, always dressed in a dark, neat-fitting suit, is invariably their only reward. Mr. Mack is a bench manager in the highest and best sense of the word. He never leaves his seat, whatever the provocation. His voice is never heard in angry protest over an umpire's decision. Where McFarren, Jennings, Chance and Clarke, managers of proved ability, rage and storm on the field, Mack sits silently within the enclosure of the covered bench.

Always a Dignified Figure.
Should you look closely at the bench wherein the Athletics are seated you might catch a glimpse of a long, slim form, watching the game with a passive manner and without uniform. In summer you would see a coatless figure, a man without a hat, usually with one leg crossed over the other, holding in his hand something that resembles a score-card. He sits quietly and talks quietly. Who is he, do you ask? That's Connie Mack. Amid the excitement of a close game Mack is always the same. Harry Davis, Ira Thomas, "Chief" Bender or "Jack" Coombs stand on the coaching line to give instructions to base runners and, incidentally, try to read the opponents' signals. Pitchers leave the bench hurriedly and warm up far down the left field foul line; utility players run out on the field; men on the bench move to and fro, but the incomparable Mack sits in one spot, with not a move escaping him. With the exception of those who really know who he is, few ever give a thought to the coatless figure in the seclusion of his quarters.

Yet this coatless, hatless figure is the brains of what is generally considered the greatest baseball machine ever developed. It is the long, thin figure, so quiet in everything he does, that has constructed the physical organization that represents Philadelphia in the American League. To his wonderful baseball instinct, to his craft and skill, is due the great team that has just won another baseball championship. The credit belongs exclusively to him.

Two American league pennants and three world's championships have been contributions of Mr. Mack to Philadelphia. It is small wonder that Philadelphia honors his name and considers him king of his class. Undemonstrative, slow voiced, quiet, looking the hand of fate in the iron glove, when it refers to managing ball players, Mr. Mack allows not the slightest hint to escape his notice. A strike by an opposing player is met with as much care as if it were as bad as one by an Athletic player, though passed over as unimportant. Mr. Mack is in hand and a small book in his vest pocket, Mr. Mack cords every play, everything that of present interest or may serve of future use.

Mr. Mack's done book is frequently invaluable assistance to newspapermen. Recently the writer was obliged to ask Mr. Mack if his team had been first place from the start of the season. Turning to his book, he sooned the question, when he found on April 23 that the Athletics had lost and Washington won, the victory giving the Nationals a one-game lead. His team had yielded them first place, only to be dislodged on the following day. Ask Mr. Mack what a certain pitcher did against a certain team early in June. Immediately he turns the pages of that oil-thumbed card, tells you how many innings the star worked, the number of hits he made on him, by whom made and so on.

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ships in 13 years.

Is the only manager of a major league team who owns half-interest in the club he manages.

Enjoys the reputation of being the best judge of young ball player of any major league manager.

Was in baseball for 16 years before associated with a winner. Never played on a championship team.

Is the most popular manager in the country with the newspaper men. He never misrepresents anything to them.

Is the oldest major league manager and only one to pilot same team continuously since American league expanded.

Has developed more college players than any other manager, and believes in college diamonds as recruiting fields.

Was one of the shrewdest catchers in the major league during his playing days, and never played any other position.

Athletes' Record Under Mack

	Won	Lost	P.C.	Finished
1901	74	62	.544	4th
1902	83	53	.610	1st
1903	75	60	.556	2nd
1904	81	59	.565	3rd
1905	82	56	.622	1st
1906	78	67	.538	4th
1907	88	55	.607	2nd
1908	68	85	.444	6th
1909	95	58	.621	2nd
1910	102	48	.650	1st
1911	101	50	.579	1st
1912	95	62	.592	3rd
1913	96	57	.628	1st

Recapitulation—Five championships, three seconds, one third, two fourths, one fifth and one sixth. Three world's championships, also.

DIAMOND NOTES

President Fraser of the Ocean Park stars has announced that he signed James Clune of Brattleboro, Vt., on the recommendation of Gene Tansey who used to cover the outfield for Lynn Clune. Clune is a southpaw and according to Tansey has all the makings of a clever pitcher.

which goes a long way toward putting his club on a successful basis. However, Fitchburg fans will not be content with my combination of "also-rans" to represent them on the base ball field, and Fred will, of necessity, have to show something. The city has been favored with some pretty fast-independent ball, which has whetted the taste of the fans for at least a first division outfit in the New England league.

McLeod Brown states that the largest salary he ever received from the Chicago Cubs was \$7000 per season, at the height of his career. Moreover, Brown says this was the biggest salary paid any player on the team except Frank Chance, who received \$10,000 as player and manager.

Evers, who succeeded Chance as manager, received \$5000 as player and \$4000 additional as manager, which is believed by many to have been the same terms upon which Chance worked, except that Evers held no stock in the club, whereas Chance owned 10 per cent, which netted him about \$25,000 a year in dividends.

The top figures reached by other club stars under Murphy are given as: Tinker \$5000, Hoffman \$5000, Evers \$6000 and Sheppard \$4000.

Ruby Wadell, the one-time famous pitching star, said to be dying in Texas as he writes an open letter to a former baseball mate in McAllen, Tex., in which he dictates advice to boys. He warns all boys against the use of liquor and cigarettes. He was unable to write the letter himself, dictating it to his ailing mother. He says: "Tell the boys to keep away from booze and cigarettes. I had my chance and a good one. It was many of the boys may have a better one ahead of them than I had. If they will leave the booze alone they won't have any trouble. I am not a very good preacher, but tell them for me to keep away from booze and cigarettes."

ENGLISH SPORTS

NEW YORK, Mar. 9.—Although the English sport writers are loath to admit it, baseball is superior to cricket, they were quick to perceive, and praise the brilliant skill in the handling of the ball and the excellent team play of the Giants and White Sox in the recent game played at London, in fact, some of the writers were inclined to the opinion that the play was too mechanically perfect. One writer states:

"If there is one drawback about baseball (to the English eye) it is the apparent hopelessness of anyone ever being able to make any score worth of mention against such scientifically stiff pitching—it is throwing pure and simple—and straight a field."

Edmondson, the former Waterbury first baseman and outfielder, proved the main factor in the defeat of the Cleveland Naps in their first game of the training season with New Orleans of the Southern League in New Orleans. Edmondson cracked out the single that put the Pelicans in the lead of a 2 to 1 game.

Manager Burns of the Lewiston team of the New England league has signed Bill O'Connell to play third base with the Lewiston team this year. O'Connell was the leading batter in the Blue Grass League in 1913, hitting for a percentage of .412. He is a youngster, regarded as a comer and one of the fastest third basemen in the minor leagues.

O'Connell was secured through the efforts of Bill Carrigan, who knew of his work and feels confident that he has the makings in him.

Fred Lake is starting in Fitchburg with the confidence of the populace

JUBILEE OF THE C.M.A.C.

MEETING HELD YESTERDAY TO ARRANGE FOR 10TH COMMITTEES CHOSEN

The committee of the C. M. A. C. recently appointed to make arrangements for the observance of the silver jubilee of the association held an interesting meeting at the association room in Pawtucket street yesterday afternoon and arranged plans for the event which will be held on Sunday, May 17 instead of Thursday, May 14. The exact date of the founding of the organization.

The event will consist of a solemn high mass at St. Joseph's church which will be attended by all the members of the association, followed by a banquet at the C. M. A. C. hall, where numerous speakers from this city and out-of-town will be heard. It is expected that a number of former officers of the association now living in other cities will attend the festivities.

The following committees were yesterday appointed by President Theodore J. Trudeau:

Organization committee, E. J. Pinault, A. Brassard, G. Simard, J. Payette and T. Trudeau; banquet, T. Berube, A. Laviole, G. Simard, A. Payette and F. Leclaire; decorations, O. Smith, J. A. N. Creteau, A. Brassard, H. Simard, J. Tremblay, A. Laviole, A. Blachette, T. Trudeau, G. Simard and H. Barry; musical program, J. A. Chouinard, A. Leblanc, A. St. Hilaire, R. Dunn and J. A. N. Creteau; checking, T. Berube; souvenir program, H. Barry, N. Lozeau and J. L. Lamoreaux; toasts, Frank Beard, Henry Achin, Jr., W. Dejean, J. F. Montaline and J. A. Desrochers; press and tickets, Arthur Giroux, Adolphe Brassard and Wilmer A. Dragon.

Among the various members who spoke were: Henri Achin, Jr., Telesphore Trudeau, Philippe Chaput, J. A. N. Creteau, Theodore J. Trudeau, Wm. Dramaean, Théodore L. Blanchette, Thomas Berube, J. F. Montaline, J. A. Desrochers and others.

START TRAINING SEASON

CHICAGO, March 9.—Joseph Tinker, manager, and 29 ball players last night departed for Shreveport, La., to start the training season of the Chicago Federal league team.

GONE TO TEXAS

NEW YORK, March 9.—A party of six members of the New York National League team, headed by Manager John J. McGraw, left yesterday for Marlin, Texas, to join the main body of Giants in the training camp there. Besides McGraw four other members of the squad were returning world tourists: Larry Doyle, Fred Merkle, Jim Thorpe and Mike Donlin. The other was R. I. Cotter, a catcher who was McGraw's planning to try out at Marlin.

A WORD FROM THE ADMIRAL
Admiral George Dewey, when complimented on his superb health on his 85th birthday, smiled, and said:

"I attribute my good condition to plenty of exercise and no banquets. We eat too much. One-third of what a man eats is all he needs in order to live."

"In that case, what becomes of the other two-thirds?"

"Oh, that enables the doctor to live." Admiral Dewey replied.—Washington Star.

Save Your House—and Money

Weather-proof your house with paint that is elastic, clinching, lasting. Paint made from

SALEM WHITE LEAD

(Dutch Boy Painter Trade Mark)

and Dutch Boy linseed oil will protect your house and save repair bills because it has those qualities.

It will beautify your home, for it can be tinted to suit your taste and your house's surroundings.

Ask your dealer for our Owner's Painting Guide to help you in color selections. It gives many paint truths.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY

HERE IS THE BABY ELEPHANT MASCOT OF PHILADELPHIA ATHLETICS



EMORY LITMAS

Here is the Athletics' 460 pound yearling at the training camp of the Athletics. He is Emory Litmas, a wealthy resident of the Quaker City who is a great lover of the national game and also a fair player in several departments. Litmas journeys each

GREAT GREEK VICTORY

The Fall of Janina Celebrated by the Local Community at Their Church Yesterday

The first anniversary of the fall of Janina in which the Greek army captured 32,000 men after three months' continuous fighting, was observed in a fitting manner yesterday by the members of the local Greek community.

The celebrant of the mass was the pastor, Rev. Fr. Panagopoulos, who at the close of the service and delivered a stirring address on the heroic work of the Greek soldiers. He spoke of the hardship the soldiers encountered during the siege of this noted place and concluded by asking the members of his flock not to forget their brothers who gave up their lives for such a noble cause, in their prayers.

HIS MISSION CLOSED

Visitor—is the boss in? Office boy—I am very sorry to say he is not in.

Visitor—Why are you so very sorry? Office boy—Because it's against my conscience to tell lies. Stray Stories.

SELF-RELIANT HOME DOCTORS

is what women are called who all over this broad land make their annual collections of roots and herbs, and rely upon recipes which our pioneer mothers found dependable for different family ailments.

On account of contributions to magazines and other literary works, he was elected a member of the Authors' Club of London, Eng. He was past commander of the local Grand Army post, and was formerly a representative from this city in the general court.

His grandson, Leonard Withington, is managing editor of the Herald.

OFFICE DIRECTORY

PHYSICIANS

BURGESS, DR. ERICK H. 301
BRYANT, DR. MASON D. 504
BURKE, DR. W. J. 311
CASSIDY, DR. JAMES J. 501
CAFFNEY, DR. FRANCIS E. 211
MAHONY, DR. FRANCIS H. 406
PILSBURY, DR. HYDEY H. 211
RANDALL, DR. G. M. 611
SMITH, DR. FORSTER H. 500

DENTISTS

ALLEN, DR. OTIS A. 204
KNAPP, DR. WALTER E. 500
PHILLIPS, DR. NORMAN S. 600

WATCH REPAIRING

DUANE, D. J. 305

REAL ESTATE

ADAMS & MURPHY 605

BELMONT REALTY TRUST CO. 411

THE LOWELL SUN

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INDIAN ORCHARD ROUTE

In matters of highway construction the judgment of the county engineer, the engineer of the Bay State street railway, the state highway engineer and the city engineer of Lowell will have greater weight than the judgment of the average individual, and it is gratifying, therefore, to find that these four experts acting in harmony have taken the stand adorated by The Sun, viz.: that the river road to Lawrence should be met by a new road through Indian Orchard. Instead of running into First street. Furthermore, the fact that the four experts mentioned started out with a preference for the First street project makes their recommendation all the more pressing and convincing.

The chief objection against the construction of a new road through Indian Orchard is the cost, but when the matter is weighed fully this objection will diminish in force. First street is in wretched condition, and apart from its undesirability because of grade and errors of construction, it would require a large expenditure to put it in condition. Eventually there would still be the tremendous fault of steep grade that would make it always a poor approach to the city, and one not devoid of genuine danger to traffic. Even supposing that First street were to be made passably modern in construction, the double track problem would still remain and it would require continual changes to make the approach over this route a part of the fine new highway from Lawrence.

If there were no new highway to be considered such as that recently discussed, it would still be to the advantage of Lowell to see that all approaches are in keeping with a city of our size and importance. The Pawtucketville boulevard and the approach through Rogers street are a pretty fair preparation for the type of the city, but almost all other approaches are wretchedly unsatisfactory. On the Centralville side the river view is one of the most attractive in our environs, and a modern road coming into the city in a gentle curve along the river bank would enhance the first impression of Lowell, which is an important consideration. The new river road will be especially attractive to summer motorists, and the growing popularity of the many pleasure resorts along the river banks will ensure liberal patronage to any branch road from this city to Indian Orchard. The conference of engineers will have proved extremely advantageous to Lowell if it gives impetus to the proposed construction of a road along the river bank which will prepare those who travel from Lawrence for a large and prosperous city of over 100,000 inhabitants.

THE I. W. W. "UNEMPLOYED"

Whether the I. W. W. is espousing the cause of the employed or the unemployed, it is bound to set itself against constitutional authority and follow strange doctrines that appear out of keeping in our atmosphere. In this part of the country the propaganda of the energetic organization was redolent of sabotage and syndicalism in times of labor troubles, and the industrial drama now being staged in New York has features quite as daring, and as well calculated to advertise the views of the leaders of the movement in the metropolis.

The newspapers have for weeks past told stories of gangs of alleged "unemployed" in New York who banded themselves together and marched to the various churches of the city during times of service. Sometimes they numbered 100 and often twice as many. Their object seemed to be, first, to get some sensational advertising, and secondly to compel the church authorities to provide them with food, shelter and money. Many in the group were professional loafers, and the spirit of the whole was revealed when they contemptuously refused to shovel snow at \$1.20 per day. They have, through their leaders, announced that their rights include the highest in pay and the best in living conditions, and though "unemployed" they reserve the right to refuse any occupation that does not come up to their high ideals. The I. W. W. that Lawrence and Lowell knew had some genuine surprises, but it was mild compared with the New York brand.

The courts of New York have now taken a hand, and 125 rioters were recently arrested for disturbing a church service. The problem of the unemployed, therefore, is thrown over on the law, and the first essential of justice will be to weed out from the arrested the members who may be really deserving of attention, and who may be out of work through no fault of their own. Having done this the law must deal with the hooligans and loafers who are being exploited by the I. W. W. without regard to sentimentality. There is a time for sympathy and civic co-operation in all that concerns the deserving unemployed, but the present time seems to call for legal firmness on the part of New York.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE
Tablets. Druggists refund money
it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE's big
nature is on each box. 25c.

CANAL TOLLS

Despite the highly-seasoned and pseudo-patriotic appeals of Mr. Hearst and some other men of prominence, and the sincerely earnest stand of men of the type of Senator Utterman and Chairman Underwood in national politics, the message of the president regarding the necessity for repealing the Panama canal tolls clause which would exempt American coastwise ships from paying for the use of the canal, has met with universal commendation that is not restricted to this country. Furthermore, with more effectiveness, it has struck a responsive chord in congress and it is safe to predict that once again the president will be supported by a majority in the house and senate.

The only genuine objection that can be made to the repeal of the tolls clause is that it entails the taking back of a government decision, but this reversal of judgment reflects more credit on the government than would a stubborn adherence to a policy which practically the whole world considers mistaken. There is no denying that the treaty with England forbade such an exemption as was contemplated, and a treaty is an honorable agreement that is as binding on a nation as is a legal contract on an individual. If the president may have his way this country will make no treaties until it intends to keep them, and having made them, it will abide by them.

Even stronger than the treaty argument is the consideration that the exemption clause would only foster monopoly and would confer no advantage either on the government or on the American people. The coastwise shipping trade is virtually a trust, and it does not deserve any government coddling. If the time should ever come when the government thinks fit to give an advantage to any part of our domestic shipping industry, this could be done appropriately by a subsidy granted annually through congress. At the present time, the government would seriously offend many foreign governments by adhering to the exemption clause, without gaining anything in return. The offensive clause should be removed from the Panama canal act without delay, and it undoubtedly will.

THE EASIEST WAY

There can be no doubt that the administration is getting through a treacherous strait with regard to the Mexican problem, and the gravity of the situation has been attested to us gravely by the president as by his most virulent critics. Were his policy to get out of the difficulty in the easiest way possible, he would take the stand advised from many quarters in recognizing Huerta. This is "the easiest way," but is it the best? Were expediency the only consideration such a course might be counseled but recognition of the drunken dictator who rose to power by the murder of his lawful president, would still leave the Mexican sons unabated. It cannot be that the president hesitates merely owing to his previous stand, because he has honorably reversed his decision in the Panama tolls matter. Criticize him as we may for the "watchful policy" there can be no question that it is inspired by a love for high ideals of government and by what he considers for the best interests of the unhappy Mexican populace.

NEW YORK PROMISES

We sometimes expect to see political promises of economy and efficiency kept, and we sometimes don't. In New York during the last political campaign the Fusion forces promised that the municipal affairs of the metropolis would be administered efficiently and economically if they won and that there would be a lower tax rate. They won and strange to say, they seem to be really trying to keep their promises. In New York county the reduction will be thirty cents on the thousand; in the Bronx forty, and in Queens fifty. In Kings county the reduction is only ten cents, but, as a contemporary remarks, "that is more satisfying than an increase of ten cents" not to mention an increase of over 12, the mark of efficiency shown by the economic administration of the city of Lowell. In New York too, by the way, the municipal authorities had an inherited financial burden, but they seem to have attacked it in a slightly different spirit from our local city government.

OUR LIGHTHOUSES

The Lawrence American says: "Among the unsung heroes of this country are the members of the lighthouse service," and straightaway comes a picture of night and lashing sea and a storm-tossed ship kept from destruction by a beam of light penetrating the darkness and the storm. How little we realize the perils of the lonely life which the lighthouses or light-house keeper leads. On the one hundred thousand miles of coast from Alaska to Panama there are thirteen thousand aids to navigation, and the cost to the government annually is about six million dollars. This most important service employs hundreds of faithful employees whose one aim is to

keep the lights lighting no matter how violent the storm. We had many a story of harrowing wrecks during the winter, but who can reckon the number of lives saved and the billions of dollars worth of commerce saved from disaster by the men who keep the lights lighted on the lonely coast?

Seen and Heard

The cut worm in the garden has had fine sleep this winter, and now he is almost ready to be fed.

It is discouraging when you have ordered "fresh rhubarb pie" at the restaurant to find a little lump of solder in it.

Frequently a clever woman can make a stupid man think that he is clever.

Of course you can't be perfectly sure that the young couple you meet while you are traveling are just married, even though both suit-cases they carry are brand new.

If a man keeps telling people all the time that he is honest, he will find they won't believe him.

Perhaps there are people whose time is so valuable that they have to hire taxicabs.

It is a mean mother who will hold her baby up to a bachelor for admiration without telling him whether his name is Gwendolyn or John.

Even the married man will admit that the house ought to have a thorough cleaning from top to bottom at least once in seven years.

It makes the old blue-blood Bostonian shiver to hear any one split an infinitive, or to be asked to split the knifing wood.

"D. B." went some time ago in a missionary meeting, and these words of an aged brother rang in his memory: "In that far-off district the poor, benighted brethren wear no clothing. There drunken orgies take place frequently. My little band of helpers and I once visited this place. The poor creatures listened to our words of wisdom, and before we left we had the pleasure of giving an ebony the white badge of temperance."

Get out your pen and ink. Man in cafe orders a whiskey. Meets a friend, who also orders a whiskey and wants to pay for both. First man says he doesn't accept treats. Each pays his 15 cents. The bartender, who can sell two whiskies for a quarter, pockets the extra nickel. The bartender is ahead five cents. The man who offered to treat is ahead a dime. Neither the house nor the other man are out anything. Yet they say something can't come out of nothing.

According to New England Telephone Topics, a very interesting publication edited by employees for employees, the company has adopted the slogan, "Service First," and the following is an extract from a letter addressed to District Traffic Chief William J. Mahoney of Concord:

"I have read the editorial in the telephone Topics and feel that it would be an excellent thing, but for the telephone company and the public at large, if all of our employees could become enthused with the service first spirit."

"We realize that in a business like ours the best way to make the service and employees popular and appreciated by the subscribing public is to give the public as much as possible, even more than it ought reasonably to expect. The opportunities for so doing are more abundant in the operating branch than in any other."

"It is my opinion that if an operator can be trained to treat each call as if she were doing the subscriber a personal favor, the feeling on the part of subscribers towards the company as a whole is going to be greatly strengthened."

"It has always been my aim to have girls understand this point of view, and to be particular about the tone of voice when answering subscribers, an very much in favor of the 'service first' spirit, and look forward to the time when it will become universal."

MAGAZINE POETRY

I love to read the poetry in the monthly magazines.

So seldom does significance a primal reading glean!

I love to read it carefully, and prayerfully, and then,

I love to take another start and read it through again.

Its mystic charms me with a fascination fell,

It is cryptic, cabistic, and it weaves a magic spell.

It monopolizes, mesmerizes, magnetizes me.

It tickles my perceptions, and it fills my soul with glee.

I love its convolutions, its subtle twists of phrase.

To mystify the reader, and to leave him in a daze,

I love its phraseology, so wonderful.

THROW AWAY YOUR EYE-GLASSES

A FREE PRESCRIPTION

You Can Have Filled and Use at Home

Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye-strain or other eye-weakness? If so, you will be glad to know that there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says, after trying it: "I was almost blind; I could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without any glass; my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully, now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me." A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can even read fine print without glasses." It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules. Here is the prescription: Go to any drug store and get a bottle of Optone, fill a two-ounce jar with warm water, drop in one Optone tablet and allow to dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are troubling you, even a little, take steps to relieve them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in this—Advertisement.

INDIAN ORCHARD ROUTE

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THREE D

GRAIN REPORT

Dept. of Agriculture Issued Interesting Information

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Grain of last year's crops remaining on farms March 1 formed the subject of the department of agriculture's crop report for March issued at 2:16 p. m. today. The department's crop reporting board from reports of its correspondents and agents throughout the country estimates the amount of wheat, corn, oats, barley and grain on farms, with comparisons for preceding years, the proportion of each crop which will be shipped out of the counties where grown, and the percentage of the 1913 corn crop which was of merchantable quality, as follows:

Wheat: about 151,800 bushels, or 19.9 percent of the 1913 crop remained on farms March 1, 1914, compared with 156,482 bushels, or 21.4 per cent. of the 1912 crop remaining in 1913; 122,025,000 bushels, or 13.6 per cent., of the 1911 crop so shipped; and 50.0 per cent. of the 1910 crop so shipped.

HIGH SCHOOL TRACK TEAM

WANTS TO ARRANGE MEET WITH LYNN ENGLISH HIGH SCHOOL—GUARANTEES MEDALS

LYNN, March 9.—Lowell High school has asked for a dual meet with the English high school track team, to be held in Lowell on Friday evening, March 20, and the school boy athletes seem to be in favor of the event. Walter L. Boyson, physical director of the local high schools, it is said, objects to the arrangement on the ground of interference with his work with the baseball squads. But the English high boys want to meet Lowell, which guarantees medals and expenses, because their own school seems not inclined to decorate them with bits of silver and gold.

About 53.3 per cent. of the 1913 crop will be shipped out of the counties where grown, against 61.6 per cent. of the 1912 crop so shipped; 56.1 per cent. of the 1911 crop so shipped; and 55.6 per cent. of the 1910 crop so shipped.

Corn: About 865,392,000 bushels, or 35.1 per cent. of the 1913 crop remained on farms March 1, 1914, compared with 1,258,456,000 bushels, or 41.3 per cent. of the 1912 crop in 1913; 884,669,000 bushels, or 34.9 per cent. of the 1911 crop in 1912; and 1,165,378,000 bushels, or 40.4 per cent. of the 1910 crop in 1911.

About 17.2 per cent. of the 1913 crop will be shipped out of the counties where grown, against 21.5 per cent. of the 1912 crop so shipped; 26.5 per cent. of the 1911 crop so shipped; and 22.5 per cent. of the 1910 crop so shipped.

The proportion of the 1913 crop which is merchantable is about 80.1 per cent. compared with 85.4 per cent. of the 1910 crop.

Oats: About 416,176,000 bushels, or 37.46 per cent. of the 1913 crop remained on farms March 1, 1914, compared with 604,216,000 bushels, or 42.42 percent. of the 1912 crop in 1913; 589,458,000 bushels, or 31.4 per cent. of the

1911 crop in 1912; and 1,165,378,000 bushels, or 40.4 per cent. of the 1910 crop in 1911.

Faculty Manager John C. S. Andrews of the English high said yesterday that the meet will be arranged if the school boys want it. The chief school boy opponent seems to be Baseball Captain John Thurrell, who wishes to start indoor practice for the national game as soon as possible. The track boys are reminding each other that Thurrell is not prominent in track affairs.

Principal Charles S. Jackson is like Mr.

Andrews, perfectly willing to schedule the English-Lowell meet if his boys want it. So far as can be learned, they seem in favor of the trip to Lowell, and the shining chance to win some medals for their season's work.

BROOKLYN FEDERALS

NEW YORK, March 9.—The Brooklyn Federals this afternoon announced the membership of its team. It follows:

Pitchers—Thomas Seaton, from Philadelphia Nationals; J. Maxwell, Toronto; R. Sommers, Chattanooga; W. H. Chappelle, Chattanooga; E. Lafitte, Providence.

Catcher—F. Owens, Minneapolis. First base—Imp Myers, Boston Nationals.

Second base—B. Delaney, Minneapolis.

Shortstop—E. Gagnier, Newark.

Third base—W. Bradley, Toronto.

Left field—A. Hoffman, Nashville.

Centre field—A. Shaw, Dayton.

Right field—Wester Zeit, St. Joseph, Mo.

BASEBALL IN CHINA

CHICAGO, March 9.—Baseball is destined to become China's national game, according to Joe Benz, first of the world's tourists to reach Chicago. Benz arrived today and was greeted by Miss Alice Leddy, whom he is to marry here Tuesday night. He expects to leave for the White Sox training camp in California after the wedding.

A HIT OF NEWS

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Hope for a week of bracing, seasonable weather, with generally fair skies, was held out last night by the weather bureau forecasters to virtually every section of the storm-tattered, snow and ice-locked country.

"No important storm is charted to cross the country during the week," said the bulletin, "although a disturbance of moderate intensity will prevail over the middle west Wednesday or Thursday and the eastern states about Friday the precipitation attending this disturbance will be generally light and confined to the northern states."

"There will be frosts at the beginning of the week in the Gulf and south Atlantic states except central and southern Florida."

SMALLPOX ON STEAMER

NEW YORK, March 9.—Because there had been cases of smallpox on board the steamer Portland, which arrived yesterday from Lübeck, Portland, England, and Halifax, N. S., was detained at quarantine. The sick passenger had been landed at Halifax. Those occupying the same compartment, 36 in number, were isolated until arrival. They will be sent to Hoffman Island for observation. The steamer will be disinfected and released.

F. J. Campbell
Registered Pharmacists
Lower's Corner Drug Store

C. B. Coburn Co.

63 MARKET STREET

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Pat H. Fletcher*

For Warmth and Comfort
On Cold Nights
Nothing quite so satisfactory as a
GOOD HOT WATER BOTTLE

We sell the "Wearover" guaranteed bottles and all prices to suit all purses.

F. J. Campbell
Registered Pharmacists
Lower's Corner Drug Store

The Lenten Season Is More Popular Than Ever At

ATLANTIC CITY

NEW JERSEY

America's Famous All-Year Resort

Known the world over as an all year health and pleasure resort. It is at this season of the year that Atlantic City is seen at its best, the famous boardwalk, free from snow, bathed in sunshine by day and brilliantly illuminated at night, is alive with gay and happy pleasure seekers to whom this resort is a never ending series of delights.

Our climate is delightful, the opportunities for pleasure and recreation are unlimited. The hotel are noted for the excellence of their service. For recreation or pleasure indoors or out, Atlantic

THE LEADING HOUSES

Will furnish full information, rates, etc., on application.

Hotel Strand
Always Open.
P. B. Off and
H. C. Edwards
Galen Hall
Hotel and Sanatorium
F. L. Young, Mgr.
Marlborough-Blen-

Both American and
European Plans
Josiah White & Sons
Company.

Convenient through trains in three hours from New York City, via ticket agents for further information.

The Holmberst
Open all year.
Henry Barnell
Hotel Chelsea
In the fashionable
Chelsea Section, Open
All Year. J. B.
Thompson & Co.

The Shelburne
European Plan.
J. W. Weller, Mgr.

New York City, via
Consul, local

ticket agents for further information.

ACCUSED ARMY OFFICER AND CHIEF OF THE BOARD CONDUCTING SECRET MILITARY COURT



1 PLACE OF TRIAL AT FORT TERRY 2 MAJOR KOEHLER ON WAY TO COURT
3 COL. HENRY KIRBY 4 OFFICERS OF COURT MARTIAL

FORT TERRY, Plum Island, N. Y., March 7.—Reports are ripe over the

entire Long Island coast artillery district that the court martial of Major Benjamin M. Koehler will probably be the last secret trial of its kind in the United States army while the present administration is in power. It is being tried on sensational charges. Col. Henry Kirby is chief of the court martial board. It could not be learned that any went to this effect had been received from an authoritative source, but officers in the district now understand Secretary Garrison's disapproval of secret trials and the force of the growing criticism aroused by the star

chamber procedure here. While army Lieutenant Frick had lived in the club-house which Koehler closed. It was a noticeable fact that First Lieut. Roy R. Lyon of the same company was not called by the prosecution and much surprise was occasioned at the garrison by his arriving here on the last boat from New London. It is supposed he was summoned as a witness for Major Koehler. Among the witnesses were Mrs. H. M. Ewing, wife of a provost sergeant, and Mrs. James Hall, wife of a corporal. They were former maid-servants in Major Koehler's home. Both testified in his defense. They were the first women to testify at the trial.

A LITTLE NONSENSE



DOCTOR—What you need is an operation.

PATIENT—Very well, doctor. Which operation are you going to do?

—PATENT.—I told that boy a dreadful punishment would overtake him.

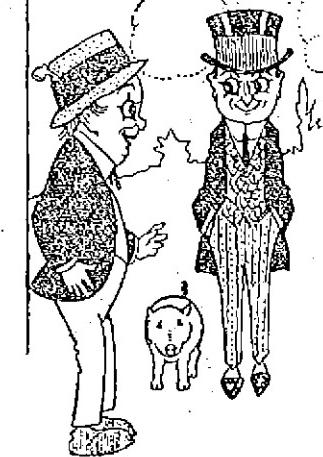


RATHER PEPPERISH.

—PATRICK, I am going to make you present of this pig.

—AH, sure, am, 'tis just like you.

—PATRICK.—I told that boy a dreadful punishment would overtake him.

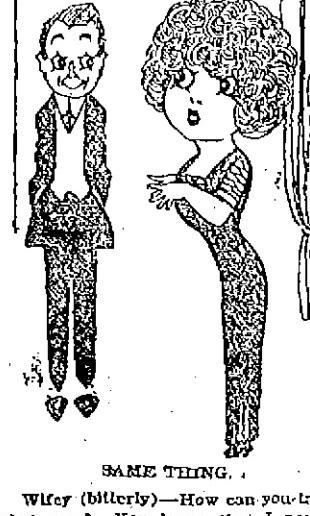


RETORT COURTEOUS.

—PATRICK, I am going to make you present of this pig.

—AH, sure, am, 'tis just like you.

—PATRICK.—I told that boy a dreadful punishment would overtake him.



SAME THING.

WIFIE (bitterly)—How can you talk that way? You know that I never

pester you for money.

HABBY—No, but the people you buy things from do.



HE'S EXPERIENCE.

PROFESSOR—What effect does the moon have upon the tides?

SWOT CO. ED—None! It effects only

the tides.

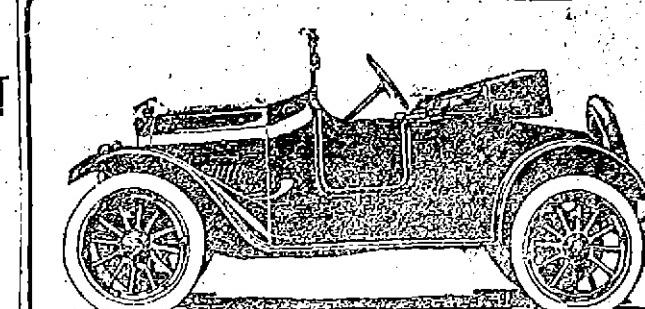


VERY NECESSARY.

DO YOU FAVOR UNIFORM, ALVARO?

YES; I think that something ought to be done to relieve the congestion

at Reno and such places.



REO

\$1210 Delivered

A REO car in Lowell has run 21,000 miles and never had a spark plug out, and no cost for mechanical maintenance. Another REO has been driven 5600 miles and the owner has not used the last of the second gallon of oil. 60 cars, 1910s, 1911s, 1912s and 1913s, cost their owners an aggregate of less than \$300 for mechanical maintenance in 1913, or averaged less than \$5.00 a car.

Meet me at the show and I will convince you why.

George F. White

Tel. 852, 1992-M

33-35 BRANCH STREET

FUNERALS

LAKE—The funeral of John F. Lake, son of Mrs. Minnie and the late John Lake, took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his mother, 113 Cushing street, and was largely attended. The burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, in charge of Undertakers J. F. O'Donnell & Sons.

SAVAGE—The funeral of William E. Savage took place Saturday afternoon from the rooms of Undertaker George W. Healey, 75 Branch street. The services were conducted by Rev. Caleb E. Fisher, D. D., pastor of the First Universalist church. The bearers were Messrs. William H. Dana, George R. Dana, Fred L. Knapp and Harry P. Knapp. Burial was in the family lot in the Edson cemetery.

BOISSEONNEAULT—The funeral of Peter Boisonneault took place yesterday afternoon from his home, 45 Butler avenue, at St. Peter's church at three o'clock. Funeral services were read by Rev. John Burns. The casket was borne by the following: Edward Tonner, Joseph Mullin, Mr. Brennan, Mr. Fitzpatrick, John Mahoney and James Sutherland. Burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, where committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Burns. Undertaker John J. O'Connell was in charge of the funeral arrangements.

EVANS—The funeral services of Warren A. Evans took place from his home in Billerica Center Saturday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Harold Dale, pastor of the Congregational church in the Center, and Rev. Charles H. Williams, pastor of the Baptist church of North Billerica. The Webb male quartet of Boston sang appropriate hymns. The bearers were Albert C. Lane, Matthew H. Kohlmann, Arthur W. Holden, William H. Saxon, Herbert A. King and Eugene C. Vining. There was a delegation representing Thomas Talbot Lodge, A. F. and A. M. Burial was in the family lot in North cemetery where the service was read by Rev. C. H. Dale and Rev. Mr. Williams. The funeral arrangements were under the direction of Undertaker Young & Blake.

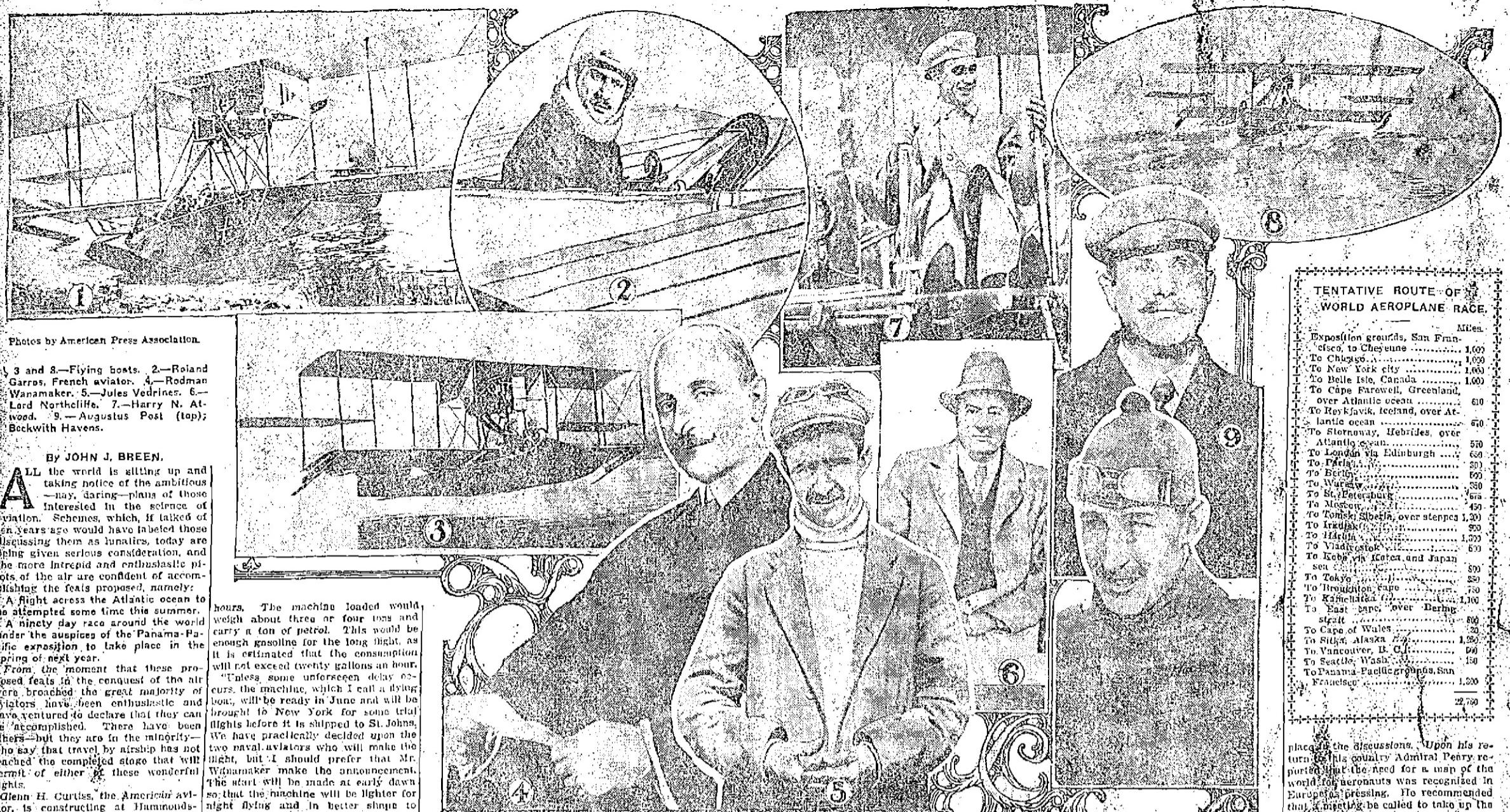
GILLINGS—The funeral of Mrs. Anna G. Gillings took place Saturday afternoon from the residence of James F. Stearns in Chelmsford, and was largely attended. Rev. C. H. Ellis, of the Central Baptist church, and Rev. E. A. Robinson, of the Central Congregational church, were the officiating clergymen. The selections "It Is Well With My Soul" and "The Christian's Goodnight" were tenderly sung by Mrs. F. L. Roberts and Arthur M. Warren. The poem, "Jesus, Lead Me Through the Vale," written by J. F. Stearns, nephew of the deceased, was read by Rev. C. H. Ellis. The bearers were J. F. Stearns, Charles F. Stearns, J. R. Hayes and Fred A. Butters. There were many beautiful floral offerings including tributes from the following: Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Buckman, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Butters, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Stearns and Mrs. Alice Rogers; Mr. and Mrs. Lester Stearns, Miss Edwin Stearns, Mrs. Frank Parker, Miss Elizabeth Ashworth, Mrs. J. B. Luescher and Mrs. W. B. Plummer, Mrs. Hill and Miss Fletcher, Mr. and Mrs. Derbyshire, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Chippendale, Mrs. Eva Putney, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Phinney, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Letts and Mr. and Mrs. Horace Partridge. Mr. Henry Stearns, Mrs. Emily Fuller and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Grover.

Burial took place in Riverside cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker Potham.

THE OAKLAND

For a pleasure or business automobile, says Amédée Archambault, the local agent for the Oakland car, there is no better on the market than the modern Oakland, for it is a machine

DARING AVIATORS TO ENCIRCLE GLOBE



Photos by American Press Association.

3 and 8.—Flying boats. 2.—Roland Garros, French aviator. 4.—Rodman Wanamaker. 5.—Jules Vedrine. 6.—Lord Northcliffe. 7.—Harry N. Atwood. 9.—Augustus Post (top); Beckwith Havens.

By JOHN J. BREEN.

ALL the world is sitting up and taking notice of the ambitious—nay, daring—plans of those interested in the science of aviation. Schemes which, if talked of ten years ago would have labeled those discussing them as lunatics, today are being given serious consideration, and the more intrepid and enthusiastic pilots of the air are confident of accomplishing the feats proposed, namely:

A flight across the Atlantic ocean to attempted some time this summer.

A ninety day race around the world under the auspices of the Panama-Pacific exposition to take place in the spring of next year.

From the moment that these proposed feats in the conquest of the air were broached the greatest majority of aviators have been enthusiastic and have ventured to declare that they can be accomplished. There have been others—but they are in the minority—who say that travel by airship has not reached the completed stage that will permit of either of these wonderful flights.

Glenn H. Curtiss, the American aviator, is constructing at Hammondsport, N. Y., a flying boat in which a flight across the Atlantic will be attempted. The financial end of the scheme will be taken care of by Rodman Wanamaker, an enthusiastic supporter of the science of aviation. Interviewed on his return from Europe Mr. Curtiss said:

If the weather conditions are right there will be nothing to hinder the flight over the ocean. I do not intend to go myself because it is necessary for the aviators in this case to be navigators, and every man carried in the machine means just that much less weight of petrol.

I think the time to start from St. John's Newfoundland, would be toward the end of July, when the weather conditions are most favorable. The distance to the Irish coast from that point is a little over 1,600 miles, and at seventy miles an hour it could be done in one flight of less than twenty-four

hours. The machine loaded would weigh about three or four tons and carry a ton of petrol. This would be enough gasoline for the long flight, as it is estimated that the consumption will not exceed twenty gallons an hour.

Unless some unforeseen delay occurs, the machine, which I call a flying boat, will be ready in June and will be brought to New York for some trial flights before it is shipped to St. Johns.

We have practically decided upon the two naval aviators who will make the flight, but I should prefer that Mr. Wanamaker make the announcement.

The start will be made at early dawn so that the machine will be lighter for night flying and in better shape to make a landing when they land on the Irish coast."

With regard to carrying wireless ap-

paratus on the flying boat, Mr. Curtiss said that had not yet been decided upon.

There is a very compact wireless equipment, he said, being used by foreign aviators which is very light and that might be installed in the machine.

He added, "Arrangements would have to be made for changing machines at various points on such a journey. To cross the barren Alaskan and Siberian wastes would be more dangerous than flying across the Atlantic."

While the stops indicated in the pro-

posed route will be the principal ones made, the plan calls for the establishment of gasoline and oil stations every 100 miles along the way, so that an aeroplane need never be more than fifty miles from fuel while in flight except in a few dashes over bodies of water.

President Hawley of the Aero club said that the aero clubs of each city along the route would be asked to arrange their season's program so that the big events would fall simultaneously with the date the world race starts pass through. This arrangement, he said, would no doubt prove attractive to the managers of aviation events and would also help in raising the prize money for the race to above \$10,000.

Twenty-one committees have been appointed by the Aero Club of America to handle all details. The committee

of public safety includes Cornelius Vanderbilt, George J. Gould, Clarence H. Mackay, Harry Payne Whitney, Vincent Astor, Ogden Mills Reld, Robert J. Collier, Orville Wright, Glenn H. Curtiss, Colonel Robert M. Thompson, James Gordon Bennett, Russell A. Alger and others.

On the water flying committee, among others, are Rodman Wanamaker and Harold F. McCormick.

The contest and affiliated committees, which will co-operate in developing the American side of the race, include Allan H. Hawley, president of the Aero Club of America; Lieutenant Colonel Samuel Reber, U. S. A.; Clarence P. Wynn, president of the Aero Club of Pennsylvania; Charles J. Glidden, of the Glidden tour; Charles Dickenson, president of the Aero Club of Illinois; Guy R. Slaughter, presi-

dent of the Pacific Aero Club, and many others.

Air Weather Forecasts.

In Europe the weather bureaus have already begun putting out weather forecasts with the special needs of aviators in mind.

The flier who would take a 1,000 mile cross country ride

glances first at his weather report showing the outlook over the whole zone of his flight; then guides himself by a map made especially for fliers showing the prominent points on the landscape, and finally he guides himself to the ground at any important city by a map which indicates the best landing place.

When Admiral Peary visited Rome last year as a delegate to the tenth international geographic conference, he found that the subject of an aeronautical map of the world had a prominent

TENTATIVE ROUTE OF WORLD AEROPLANE RACE

	Miles
To Exposition grounds, San Francisco, to Cheyenne	1,600
To Cheyenne	1,600
To New York city	1,600
To Belle Isle, Canada	1,600
To Cape Farewell, Greenland, over Arctic ocean	600
To Reykjavik, Iceland, over Arctic ocean	600
To Stornoway, Hebrides, over Atlantic ocean	500
To London via Edinburgh	500
To Paris	500
To Berlin	500
To Warsaw	500
To St. Petersburg	500
To Moscow	500
To Tomsk, Siberia, over steppes	1,200
To Irkutsk	500
To Vladivostok	1,200
To Keppel, in Korea and Japan sea	800
To Tokyo	800
To Broughton Cape	1,200
To Kamtschatka	1,200
To East Bank, over Bering strait	800
To Cape of Wales	200
To Sitka, Alaska	1,200
To Vancouver, B. C.	600
To Seattle, Wash.	1,200
To Panama-Pacific grounds, San Francisco	1,200

placed the discussions. Upon his return to his country Admiral Peary reported that the need for a map of the world for aeronauts was recognized in Europe's press. He recommended that a meeting be called to take up the matter.

While the National Geographic society was considering Admiral Peary's recommendation, the plan for transatlantic flights this summer made it necessary for the Aero Club to take the initiative in the matter.

The plan for the map calls for the making of a map of the north Atlantic first and then each of the American states, with detailed maps of each of the zones

through which local flights may occur. It was pointed out that aeroplanes had now succeeded in reaching a height of four miles above sea level, while spherical balloons had reached a height of six and half miles. By using aeroplanes and balloons in the preparation of the aeronautical maps,

Aero Club officials hold that they can make much more definite than any maps based merely on atmospheric conditions as found on the tops of buildings.

Uncle Sam's Biggest Submarine

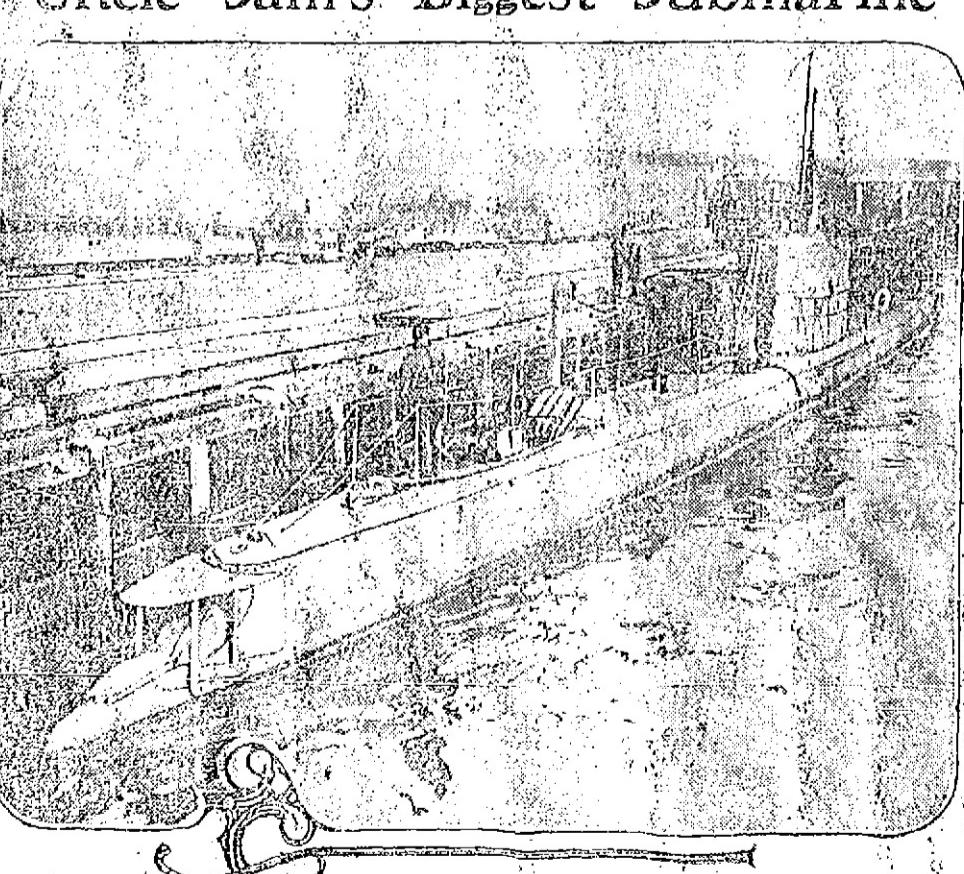


Photo by American Press Association.

SUBMARINE G-2 AT DOCK IN BROOKLYN.

THIRTY-FIVE feet longer than any of her predecessors, 160 feet over all, the new submarine of the United States navy, the G-2, at first glance presents the appearance of a small destroyer. As she is after the latest model and a pet creation of the naval engineers, it is probable that she will lead the submarine fleet through the Panama canal at the opening next year.

The submarine boat first received the attention of naval officers some twenty years ago. As Mr. Holland, the inventor of the Holland submarine boat, was remarked:

"The submarine type of warcraft presents the unique spectacle of a weapon against which there is no defense. You can send a battleship into the water. Many difficulties

Seek Aid of 400 Clubs.

Following a sanction by the board of governors of the Aero Club of America for the aeroplane race around the world, the Aero Club will immediately notify the International Aeronautical federation, which has headquarters at Brussels, Belgium, and will seek through the federations the active support of more than 100 aero clubs scattered throughout the world. It is the belief of the Aero club officials that these local organizations will solve almost entirely the problem of arranging for supply stations and furnishing the flying local maps which will give them data as to suitable landing places near the principal cities. A tentative route for the race, indicating stops at twenty-seven of the world's principal cities, has been arranged.

The expense would be enormous," he added. "Arrangements would have to be made for changing machines at various points on such a journey. To cross the barren Alaskan and Siberian wastes would be more dangerous than flying across the Atlantic."

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self to the ground at any important

city by a map which indicates the best

landing place.

When Admiral Peary visited Rome

last year as a delegate to the tenth

international geographic conference, he

found that the subject of an aeronau-

tical map of the world had a prominent

opportunity for the breeding of flies.

What corresponding precautions with

regard to the mosquito in yellow fever

and similar districts were suggested

they were declared impossible of accom-

plishment. Many towns, however,

have succeeded in doing much in this

line, and there is no doubt that success

will eventually reward their efforts.

From a mosquito ridden locality like

Panama canal zone has become com-

paratively free from them. That is the

definite proof that insects can be

brought under control by appropriate

THE SUN CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET

SPECIAL NOTICES

NICE 4 AND 5 ROOM TENEMENTS
to let at North St. 1 room very rea-
sonable. Apply to Mr. Dunn at store, 31
North St.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET FOR
light housekeeping. Italian House
37 Central st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT WITHIN
a few feet of Franklin St.

TENEMENTS 4 ROOMS TO LET AT
41 Barclay St. 15 minutes walk from
depot. \$15 per month. Private in-
struction. 16 backward pupils. Persons
of deficient education. Miss K.
E. Cavanagh, 129 Lowell st.

VIOLIN LESSONS. INQUIRE 171
Cross St.

CARD READING—PAST PRESENT
and Future. 10c and 25c. Madam
Cory, 379 Bridge St. Cor. Third St.

CESTERS 5 ROOM FLAT TO LET; ALL
modern improvements, at 81 Dra-
cut st., Old White st.

ONE-HALF DOUBLE COTTAGE TO
let at Prospect Hill. Davis st. 10c
handy to depot and electric. Price
\$10. Apply 276 Westford st.

LOWER TENEMENT TO LET AT 12
Sixth ave., Pawtucketville, tenement
in good repair, and rent low. Apply
to H. C. Kelleys, 15 Central st.

GEO. E. BROWN, 14 CHESTNUT ST.,
has two very desirable clean and pleasant
4-room tenements, totalls on floor,
good cellar, good respectable location
and neighbors; kind treatment. See
them now.

CONVENIENT, WELL ARRANGED
tenements to let; seven rooms and bath,
gas hot and cold water, set tubs, furni-
ture, good roof, good heating, etc. \$15
per week. Apply to 113 Main st. 15 to 17 per
week to 18th and 19th. Apply to 113 Main st.

BAKER SHOW TO LET; KENT REA-
sonable good oven. Inquire Mrs.
Clark, 489 Broadway.

FLAT OF FIVE ROOMS TO LET;
parties and bath, 142 Jewett st. Ad-
dly Grimes, Florist, 31 Bridge st.

ROOM SUITABLE FOR BARBER
shop or business office to let on sec-
ond floor of the Burlington building,
Central st.

MY HOUSE AND STABLE AT 239
Wentworth avenue, to let. Chas. A.
Evleth, Lowell jail.

WANTED
50,000 Tobacco Tags
And Cigarette Coupons. 10 cents per
100. We give 10 Green Stamps
tags or coupons.

CARR'S POOL 85 Gorham st.
Near Post Office. Tel.

MEXICAN SITUATION
Continued

RANGERS CROSSED SECRETLY INTO
TEXAS SATURDAY NIGHT

WE'RE NOT OPPOSED

LAREDO, Tex., March 8.—Texas
Rangers, who secretly crossed into
Mexico Saturday night and yesterday
brought to the American side the
mutilated body of Clemente Vergara,
Texas ranchman, who established the
fact of his execution after he was
seized by Mexican federales.

The Rangers were not opposed, as
complicating their search without tho
slightest violence, taking the body
from a grave in Hidalgo cemetery al-
most within sight of the Texas border.

The return was divested of possibly
grave aspects in international complica-
tion, by reason of the fact that the
Rangers were virtually making use of
permission granted officially by Mexican
federal authorities. Several days
ago, for recovery of the body, this
permission had been given by United
States Consul Alonso Garrett of Nuevo
Laredo, but he did not get the body
because of what he reported as Rangers
attending search for it in the im-
mediate vicinity of Hidalgo.

Had Been Shot and Hanged

When a search had begun for the
missing American, it was learned that
the man had been shot and his body
hanged to a tree outside of Hidalgo
Sunday morning, Feb. 15, and that
the body had been left hanging
for several days.

Soon after Consul Garrett started his
inquiries the body was removed and a
fresh grave was挖 in the old
Mexican cemetery.

Mexicans who had known the Ranch-
man said the body was hung up
at Vergara and that they believed
it was buried in the grave.

Further word has come from Gen-
eral Alvarado.

The body was not badly decom-
posed, despite its three weeks' burial.
In addition to recognizing the features,
young Vergara took a bit of cloth
from the trousers on the body and
matched it with the coat which his
father wore on the day he crossed the
Rio Grande.

Guards Over Body

The body was brought into the
United States at a point 45 miles north-
west of Laredo opposite Matamoros and
near the Vergara ranch.

American Consul Garrett of Nuevo Laredo, dep-
uty sheriffs and other authorities were
waiting to receive it and pending the
arrival of the undertaker from Laredo,
an armed force stood guard over the
body.

Recovery of the body was made by a
force of Texans, largely friends of
Vergara, acting with a troupe of Texas
Rangers under Captain Sabeders, who
have been investigating for Governor
Colquitt the circumstances of Ver-
gara's seizure by federal agents.

A secret investigation, in which
many Mexicans had been questioned, is
under way. It is understood that Vergara
had been executed. He had been
convinced that the federales' attitude
while he was in Hidalgo was that
he would have been dangerous for him
to demand surrender of the body.

Investigation Ordered

The investigation was ordered con-
tinued by the state department, and
the state of Texas has ordered an in-
vestigation by the Texas Rangers.

The island pasture of Vergara, where
it was first reported the ranchman had
been assaulted complicated the affair
with the question whether it was Mexi-
can or American territory, until it was
found that Vergara had been actually
killed on the Mexican mainland.

This rendered the responsibility safe
from prosecution in Texas. As the
horses were alleged to have been taken
from this pasture, however, county
records showed it belongs to the state
of Texas. Mrs. Vergara filed an affidavit
charging Captain Rodriguez and three
of his men with horse theft.

Forbade by Bryan

Governor Colquitt requested permis-
sion of the state department "to send
Texas Rangers across the border to
pursue the abductors and murderers"
of Vergara and was told by Secretary
of State Bryan that the United States
is understood that a thorough ex-

amination of the body has been or-
dered by the state authorities.

Left Ranch Feb. 13

Vergara left his ranch near Palfox,
Texas, Friday, Feb. 12, and crossed the
rivers into Mexico in answer to a mes-
sage from three federal soldiers, that
Captain Apolonio Rodriguez, the Hidal-
go garrison, wished to settle for 11
horses taken from Vergara's Island
pasture in the Rio Grande.

Mrs. Vergara pleaded with her hus-
band not to risk seizure by the Mexi-
cans, but he crossed the river with his
young nephew. Mrs. Vergara since
has told how she saw the soldiers
kneel her husband unconscious and
carry him away. Vergara's nephew
hid in the brush until he could re-
cross the river.

On the following day Mrs. Vergara
went in search of her husband and
found him in Hidalgo. So far
as known, there was no charge against
him. He had been cruelly beaten, ac-
cording to his wife. She dressed the
wounds on his head, she said, and re-
mained with him until forced to leave.
That was the last time she ever saw
him alive, for early next morning he
was taken from the jail, supposedly to
be transferred to Piedras Negras and
disappeared.

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sage from three federal soldiers, that
Captain Apolonio Rodriguez, the Hidal-
go garrison, wished to settle for 11
horses taken from Vergara's Island
pasture in the Rio Grande.

Mrs. Vergara pleaded with her hus-
band not to risk seizure by the Mexi-
cans, but he crossed the river with his
young nephew. Mrs. Vergara since
has told how she saw the soldiers
kneel her husband unconscious and
carry him away. Vergara's nephew
hid in the brush until he could re-
cross the river.

On the following day Mrs. Vergara
went in search of her husband and
found him in Hidalgo. So far
as known, there was no charge against
him. He had been cruelly beaten, ac-
cording to his wife. She dressed the
wounds on his head, she said, and re-
mained with him until forced to leave.
That was the last time she ever saw
him alive, for early next morning he
was taken from the jail, supposedly to
be transferred to Piedras Negras and
disappeared.

Had Been Shot and Hanged

When a search had begun for the
missing American, it was learned that
the man had been shot and his body
hanged to a tree outside of Hidalgo
Sunday morning, Feb. 15, and that
the body had been left hanging
for several days.

Soon after Consul Garrett started his
inquiries the body was removed and a
fresh grave was挖 in the old
Mexican cemetery.

Mexicans who had known the Ranch-
man said the body was hung up
at Vergara and that they believed
it was buried in the grave.

Further word has come from Gen-
eral Alvarado.

The body was not badly decom-
posed, despite its three weeks' burial.
In addition to recognizing the features,
young Vergara took a bit of cloth
from the trousers on the body and
matched it with the coat which his
father wore on the day he crossed the
Rio Grande.

Guards Over Body

The body was brought into the
United States at a point 45 miles north-
west of Laredo opposite Matamoros and
near the Vergara ranch.

A secret investigation, in which
many Mexicans had been questioned, is
under way. It is understood that Vergara
had been executed. He had been
convinced that the federales' attitude
while he was in Hidalgo was that
he would have been dangerous for him
to demand surrender of the body.

Investigation Ordered

The investigation was ordered con-
tinued by the state department, and
the state of Texas has ordered an in-
vestigation by the Texas Rangers.

The island pasture of Vergara, where
it was first reported the ranchman had
been assaulted complicated the affair
with the question whether it was Mexi-
can or American territory, until it was
found that Vergara had been actually
killed on the Mexican mainland.

This rendered the responsibility safe
from prosecution in Texas. As the
horses were alleged to have been taken
from this pasture, however, county
records showed it belongs to the state
of Texas. Mrs. Vergara filed an affidavit
charging Captain Rodriguez and three
of his men with horse theft.

Forbade by Bryan

Governor Colquitt requested permis-
sion of the state department "to send
Texas Rangers across the border to
pursue the abductors and murderers"
of Vergara and was told by Secretary
of State Bryan that the United States
is understood that a thorough ex-

amination of the body has been or-
dered by the state authorities.

Left Ranch Feb. 13

Vergara left his ranch near Palfox,
Texas, Friday, Feb. 12, and crossed the
rivers into Mexico in answer to a mes-
sage from three federal soldiers, that
Captain Apolonio Rodriguez, the Hidal-
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TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

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Boston	From Boston	To Boston
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27:55 8:30	28:05 8:30	28:25 11:35 12:15
28:05 8:30	28:15 8:30	28:35 11:35 12:15
28:1		

Generally fair today and
Tuesday; moderate west
winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. MONDAY MARCH 9 1914

PRICE ONE CENT

PREMIER ASQUITH'S PLAN

INITIATIVE LIMIT ON THE HOSPITAL SITE

Expires Tomorrow and New Move
Will Soon Follow—Assistant Tax
Commissioner at City Hall—
Other Matters Municipal

The twenty days provided by law for the filing of the certificates of efficiency in the petition for Initiative in the contagious hospital matter will expire tomorrow and, according to Mayor Murphy, the majority of the council will not take any further action than was taken some time ago, that is to let the matter of purchasing the Pillsbury site go to the voters at the next election.

Lawyer Frank E. Dunbar, counsel for the petitioners, stated today that something will be done very soon to force the council to act on this matter, just what the next move will be in connection with the purchase of the Pillsbury site or a contagious hospital is not yet announced but Mr. Dunbar is working on his plans which will be carried out in due course. Mayor Murphy stated this morning that as far as he knows the matter is ended with the majority of the council and that no further order will be passed by the council.

Tax Commissioner Here.
The assistant state tax commissioner met in conference with the municipal council this afternoon on matters pertaining to the taxation of property. The conference was held at 2:30 o'clock when an informal discussion took place.

Meeting Tomorrow.
The regular meeting of the municipal council will be held tomorrow morning, and it is the consensus of opinion at city hall that there will be no election of any kind proposed at the meeting. Norman Brown, it is believed, will present his arguments in the assessors' matter and a final disposition of the case will be made.

Annual Report.
For the first time in many years the annual report of the superintendent of the park department, a chairman of the board, will not be printed in pamphlet form. This was decided at the last meeting of the park board when it was voted 6-4 to the report included in the city's park's report. Formerly the report was published at an expense of \$150, and it is said that copies of the same report remained at city hall until they were thrown in waste baskets, but this year it was deemed advisable to use up the \$150 for labor.

Grade Crossing.
"Are the grade crossings (commissioners) asleep?" That is the question that is being asked by many about the city, for a hearing on the abolition of the Middlesex street and other street railroad crossings in this city is supposed to be held in Lowell, but the date has not as yet been fixed. The said hearing was scheduled to be held in Lowell on Feb. 14, but it was postponed to an indefinite date on account of a snow storm. The matter is left entirely with the members of the grade crossing commission.

SKIN TROUBLES
FROM SCROFULA
Among the many manifestations of scrofula are eruptions on the face and body. These are both annoying and disfiguring. How often the complexion would be perfect if they were not present!

Other manifestations are bunches, inflamed eyelids, sore ears, wasting of the muscles, and general debility. Ask your druggist for Root's Sarsaparilla. This great medicine completely eradicates scrofula and builds up the whole system. Get it today.

In Early Spring

When your coal bin is empty,
try LoGosCo Coke.

Lighter than coal to handle,
lasts as long.

Cheap, clean, convenient.

\$5.00 for 36 bushels.
\$2.75 for 18 bushels.

LOWELL GAS LIGHT CO.
Telephones—

3100, 1204, 340

Just a Little White and
**Chalifoux's
Store**

Will be over on the corner of
Merrimack and Central Sts.

The new corner store will be
the field of our new activity and
we shall welcome you with brand
new stocks of goods, the like of
which Lowell has not heretofore
enjoyed.

Chalifoux's

TO PACIFY ULSTERITES ON HOME RULE BILL

Would Have Ulster Counties Vote on
Exemption for Six Years Before the
Irish Parliament is Opened — Irish
Party Will Approve the Proposition

ing commission, and they are still to say the word. The commission is composed of George F. Swain, chairman; Nelson P. Brown and Patrick F. Cooney. Lowell citizens interested in the abolition of the said crossings feel that more attention should be given the matter and that the commission should be more expedient with its business.

Permit Granted

Jacques Boisvert was granted a permit for the construction of a two-story dwelling house at 26 Ferry Lane. The building will be two stories and each tenement will contain five rooms with pantry and bath. The dimensions of the building will be 27 by 40, and the approximate cost will be \$2000.

Free Concert

Park Commissioner Carr has quite a scheme up his sleeve by which he expects to realize about \$300 for the selling of the playground fund. The commissioner has retained the services of "Local Tones" for a free concert in John, Paige and Jackson streets on Saturday afternoon and evening, March 21. The concert will be given from an electric truck, which by the way, will be elaborately decorated with electric bulbs and flowers. The taigh will consist of two violinists, two dancers and a male quartet, assisted by six boy soloists. Pinks and other flowers will be sold and the commissioner wishes it understood that no change will be returned to the purchasers.

Better Water

Commissioner Carnichael of the fire and water department is as much pleased man today, for this morning he was informed that the condition of the city water has been improved to such a degree that bleaching with it is now possible. The colonel was informed that the Lowell laundry has been using the city water in its bleach house for bleaching purposes for the past two or three weeks, and that the water is as good for this particular kind of work as can be desired. "When the water is good enough to bleach both of you," said the commissioner to the writer, "it is good enough for any other purpose, and I am really anxious to have you believe that we have succeeded in bringing the water to where it should be, that is clean, wholesome and pure."

The commissioner has not received any bouquets from housekeepers on account of any improvement in the water.

Only on those occasions when the king himself has opened parliament have such throngs gathered in the vicinity of parliament square, where the

people hailed with welcoming cheers the statesmen of the opposing political parties on their arrival.

The doors of the house were opened at 8 o'clock and at that time 20 members of parliament were waiting outside. Within two hours every seat in the house not reserved for members of the cabinet and under-secretaries of state had been appropriated. Those persons holding tickets for the public gallery also appeared early on the scene.

Redmond Held Meeting

John Redmond held a meeting of supporters in the house of commons at noon. The terms of the statement

were made later by Premier Asquith

to be communicated to the meeting by the Irish leader, whose proceedings, however, were strictly private.

In the course of the morning it was announced that Sir Edward Carson, head of the Ulsterites, would attend the debate as he had sufficiently recovered from his illness.

The plebeians of the militant suffragettes who had waited for days outside his residence in order to obtain from him a promise of woman suffrage in case the north of Ireland

should receive a government of its own, still kept up their vigil today.

Sir Edward consented shortly after noon to receive a deputation of suffragettes.

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Second Edition

FOR LATER LOCAL AND TELEGRAPHIC NEWS AND TODAY'S STOCK MARKET REPORT SEE NEXT EDITION

CAVALRY DISPERSES TURBULENT STRIKERS

In Streets of Rome, Wounding
Several of the Mob—Tourists
Hissed and Threatened on Way
to the Vatican

ROME, March 9.—Squadrons of cavalry charged and dispersed crowds of turbulent strikers in the streets of Rome today, wounding several of them in protest against changes recently introduced in the hospitals. The authorities, however, believed the movement to be the outgrowth of a desire of the leaders of the workmen to test the strength of their organizations.

A meeting of 100,000 Italian workmen who had started a general strike today was being held. The meeting

passed a resolution demanding that the public hospitals be reorganized for the benefit of the working classes. The ostensible reason of the strike was a protest against changes recently introduced in the hospitals. The authorities, however, believed the movement to be the outgrowth of a desire of the leaders of the workmen to test the strength of their organizations.

Several parties of tourists who hired carriages and automobiles to be conveyed to the vatican for an audience with the pope were hissed and threatened.

TERrible LOSS OF LIFE

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 9.—Six men were killed, about 27 are unaccounted for and about 30 were injured in a fire that destroyed the seven-story building of the Missouri Athletic club today. Three dead are unidentified.

The property loss was more than \$350,000.

The fire, which broke out about 2 o'clock this morning, was still burning at noon and Fire Chief Swings said it would be unsafe to send anyone into the ruins to search for the missing until tonight or tomorrow.

The property damage is estimated at more than \$1,000,000. In the vaults of the bank covered by the ruins about \$1,000,000 in currency and \$27,000 in coin. At daylight only part of the front and rear walls remained. The roof had caved in, carrying several floors with it and the side walls had collapsed from the roof to the ground floor, which is occupied by the bank.

Jumping From Windows.
The building was owned by the Boatman's bank, which occupied part of the first floor. In the vaults of the burned building, bank officials said were \$1,250,000 in currency and \$27,000 in coin.

Uncertainty as to the number of men in the building when the fire broke out made it difficult to determine the exact number of missing. Jack Reisinger, night clerk at the club, said 45 mem-

bers had rooms at the club and the registration of guests brought the total number for the night up to 25.

The dead whose bodies have been recovered are:

John Martin Rickey, of St. Paul, Minn.

James Riley, of St. Paul.

C. F. Kessler, general manager of Ludlow-Saylor-Wiley Co., of St. Louis.

Ludlow in jumping from sixth floor.

John Martin Rickey of St. Paul, general auditor of the Ford Auto Co., found burned to death on third floor.

James Riley, a guest of the club.

An unidentified man.

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Ludlow in jumping from sixth floor.

John Martin Rickey of St. Paul, general auditor of the Ford Auto Co., found burned to death on third floor.

James Riley, a guest of the club.

An unidentified man.

The property damage is estimated at more than \$1,000,000. In the vaults of the bank covered by the ruins about \$1,000,000 in currency and \$27,000 in coin.

At daylight only part of the front and rear walls remained.

The roof had caved in, carrying several floors with it and the side walls had collapsed from the roof to the ground floor, which is occupied by the bank.

Jumping From Windows.

The building was owned by the Boatman's bank, which occupied part of the first floor. In the vaults of the burned building, bank officials said were \$1,250,000 in currency and \$27,000 in coin.

Uncertainty as to the number of men in the building when the fire broke out made it difficult to determine the exact number of missing. Jack Reisinger, night clerk at the club, said 45 mem-

bers had rooms at the club and the registration of guests brought the total number for the night up to 25.

The dead whose bodies have been recovered are:

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ON THE 54 HOUR LAW

Report of Special Committee of Legislature Tells of its Workings—The Christmas Season

Of the 54-hour law the special committee on labor of women and minors, after full investigation, makes a very interesting and instructive report that refers particularly to Lowell. Rep. Achin was a member of this committee.

The report says:

Chapter 155 of the Acts of 1913 was enacted as an amendment of chapter 477 of the Acts of 1912. Its purpose was to extend the 54-hour law for women and minors to mercantile establishments, telegraph offices and telephone exchanges, and to the employees of express and transportation companies.

It had the effect, however, of imposing a much greater limitation upon the hours of labor of the persons to whom it applied. For example, a female formerly employed in a manufacturing establishment 54 hours a week was permitted to work evenings and Saturdays in mercantile establishments as an extra girl. By bringing mercantile establishments within the classification of establishments to which the act applies, this additional employment has been prohibited with still results in many cases to both employers and employees. In the city of Lowell alone, we are told by the secretary of the board of trade, no less than 300 female mill operatives have been accustomed to working Saturday afternoons and evenings in the large department stores of that city, thereby earning from \$1 to \$3 increased wages, and also making available for themselves and other members of their respective families, the store discount customarily given to employees. In many cases the result of the law has been an aggregate loss of from \$4 to \$6 per week.

While it may be argued that what the mill operatives have lost in this respect some other class of girls has gained, there is a much broader question involved. Mr. Murphy, secretary of the Lowell board of trade, told us that he was certain that this law has been the cause of the downfall of several mill girls, who, having become accustomed to seeing fine clothes in the stores where they formerly were employed, and having been able to get them at low cost through the discounts allowed them as employees of the store, and to purchase them with proceeds of only a few weeks' extra labor, have found it too much of a blow to their pride to give up such clothes and have consequently turned to the only avenue left open through which to obtain them. In the face of such testimony it is utterly absurd to contend that the loss suffered by any one girl has been a gain to some other girl.

The statute is designed, of course, to protect female employees and minors against wearisome hours, but it partially fails to accomplish its purpose because of the fact that the limitation has been placed upon the total number of hours for the week rather than upon the total number of hours for the day. For example, a girl 16 years of age working in a factory eight hours per day on the first five days of the week, and four and one-half hours on Saturday, may work in a mercantile establishment nine and one-half hours on Saturday, making a total for that day of fourteen hours, simply because the

aggregate number of hours of labor for the week does not exceed 54. If the statute is designed to protect women against overtime employment, and is drafted with reference to daily rather than weekly employment,

The change suggested below provides that no such employee shall be permitted to work an aggregate of more than ten hours in any one day. It thus provides a real protection against overtime employment, and while it increases the aggregate number of hours for the week from 54 to 60 in the case of persons employed in more than one establishment, it deals effectively with such cases as have arisen at Lowell, and does not impose a hardship upon female employees, most of whom feel that employment in a store, for example, is really a relaxation after the monotonous duties in cotton mills or other similar places.

Seasonal Employment

Another objection to the said chapter is raised by employers in manufacturing businesses, who believe to be seasonal in their nature. In such cases it has been decided by the board of labor and industries acting under an opinion of the attorney general, may not properly be so classified. Notable among these are the manufacturing jewelers of Attleboro, North Attleboro, and the contiguous section of the state. They contend with a great deal of force, at a hearing given by the committee in Attleboro, that it is not possible for them to manufacture their jewelry in any considerable quantity except during the months immediately preceding Christmas. They stated that styles change so frequently that were a manufacturer of jewelry to attempt in the spring to make up his line of goods for the following Christmas trade, in most cases he would find that his stock was completely out of style. Yet, acting under the attorney-general's opinion above referred to, which was to the effect that hay and ice are the only really seasonal businesses, the state board of labor and industries has been obliged to rule that manufacturers of jewelry may not operate their establishments more than fifty-four hours in any one week.

The law is unquestionably oppressive in its effect upon skilled female workers in occupations which are seasonal; and in the case of the women who must support themselves throughout the year upon the market price obtainable for their labor during a period of a few months, it seems only fair that they should be permitted during those months to work slightly longer hours in order partly to offset the loss occasioned by the fact that their employment cannot continue beyond that period to which it is necessarily restricted.

Saturday Employment

Still a third complaint is made against this statute by employers in mercantile establishments who find it difficult to carry on the Saturday business of their stores within the provisions. This is particularly true of dry-goods stores outside of Boston, where it is almost inevitable practice to keep open on Saturday evening until 10:30 o'clock. In order to do this many proprietors of dry-goods stores have found it necessary to exclude women from their morning schedule on Saturday evenings.

The statute is designed, of course, to protect female employees and minors against wearisome hours, but it partially fails to accomplish its purpose because of the fact that the limitation has been placed upon the total number of hours for the week rather than upon the total number of hours for the day.

For example, a girl 16 years of age working in a factory eight hours per day on the first five days of the week, and four and one-half hours on Saturday, may work in a mercantile establishment nine and one-half hours on Saturday, making a total for that day of fourteen hours, simply because the

LAXATIVE FOR OLD PEOPLE—"GASCARETS"

Sals, Calomel, Pilla, Act on Bowels Like Pepper Acts in Nostrils

Get a 10-cent box now. Most old people must give to the bowels some regular help, else they suffer from constipation. The condition is perfectly natural. It is just as natural as it is for old people to walk slowly. For age is never so active as youth. The muscles are less elastic. And the bowels are muscles.

So all old people need Cascarets.

One might well refuse to aid weak eyes with glasses as to neglect the gentle aid to weak bowels. The bowels must be kept active. This is important at all ages, but never so much as at fifty.

Age is not a time for harsh physics. Youth may occasionally whip the bowels into activity, but a lass can be used every day. What the bowels of the old need is a gentle and natural tonic. One that can be constantly used without harm. The only such tonic is Cascarets, and they cost only 10 cents per box at any drug store. They work while you sleep.

Saturday, as their presence in the store is felt to be absolutely necessary both Saturday afternoon and evening. It has seemed to the committee also to recommend that a longer day be permitted on Saturday, and the amendment suggested below allows them two hours more time on Saturday in the case of any female employee who engages in no profitable employment on Sunday, and has, therefore, a complete day of rest following her twelve-hour employment, provided the employer will concede an "afternoon off" to such employee on another day of the week.

The "Christmas Rush"

The same complaint is made with reference to the six working days preceding Christmas, and certain employers have asked that they be permitted to work their employees an aggregate of fifty-seven hours for these six days. In our opinion the granting of this request would be unwise. There is no time of the year when a salengi in a mercantile establishment is under such tension as during what we commonly term "the Christmas rush." One who has never experienced it cannot begin to realize the nervous strain the Christmas trade brings to these here about the counter. If any change were to be made in the hours of labor for Christmas week it should be in the direction of shorter rather than longer hours.

THE CURFEW QUESTION

NEW YORK'S MAYOR WILL INVESTIGATE ALL-NIGHT LICENSE AND 1 O'CLOCK CURFEW

NEW YORK, March 9.—The all-night license and 1 o'clock curfew question was the subject of a statement yesterday by Mayor John Purroy Mitchel, who announced he had appointed a committee of seven citizens to hold public hearings before he would decide on recommendations made by his secretary, Arthur Woods, who has been investigating the matter. To his secretary the mayor recently assigned the task of working out a policy which would give the people of the city reasonable opportunity to get refreshment during the latter hours of the night, while preventing, as far as possible, the occurrence of objectionable conduct in places licensed, and avoiding all suspicion of discrimination on the city's part.

Mr. Woods, after many conferences recommended that to reputable and orderly restaurants which provide entertainment, such as cabaret shows and public dancing, to be given licenses permitting them to keep open with infinite privileges until 2 o'clock. If no objectionable conduct is tolerated, like other recommendations were.

That other restaurants and saloons which are more reprehensible and continue to be granted all-night licenses on application if they can show a genuine demand by all-night workers and be allowed to remain open until midnight, providing food is served and there are no back rooms where objectionable conduct can take place.

No all-night licenses be granted to hotels, and that at 1 o'clock the sale of liquor in these places be discontinued at bars and adjoining cafes, but that hotels may be allowed to continue serving food to guests in other parts of the building.

The policy recommended is not radically different from that of the late Mayor William J. Gaynor.

TWO FOUND DEAD

BOSTON, March 9.—Two Roxbury people were discovered dead in their beds yesterday.

The body of Mrs. Fanny Berman of 24 Blue Hill Avenue was found by her son, and Harry Peterson, 237 Warren street, was accidentally asphyxiated by gas as he slept.

SUNDAY PICTURE SHOWS

Mayor Murphy has addressed the following letter to moving-picture managers of the city:

The following will be the tariff for Sunday entertainments in moving picture houses on and after March 7, 1914:

Minimum fee—\$5.00.
Houses with seating capacity between 50 and 1000—\$8.00.

Houses with a seating capacity of 100 or more—\$10.

CHILD'S LIFE SAVED

By Dr. True's Elliott
PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 9.—"Go-to-church," Sunday, added by fair weather was announced last night by pastors of the principal churches throughout the city and state to be a huge success. In all of the city churches the attendance on the average was more than double that at the regular services and in many cases it was three times as great as normal. At several church hundreds were turned away.

Dr. Edward M. Nixie, pastor of the Mathewson Street Methodist church said last night that the churches would benefit greatly from the immense outpouring and that it would be several years before the effect of the demonstration would wear off. He believed that thousands who attended church yesterday for the first time would continue to help swell congregations for a long time to come.

Mrs. B. N. Gile, R. P. D. Box 15, West Newbury, Mass.

That the way lots of children seem scared, and their case is almost hopeless when the trouble is worms. Dr. True's Elliott will gently expel the worms and build up the system, restore the child to normal health, all this for \$35c, \$60 and \$1. Medical advice free.

It is well known in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Dr. True.

ROAD'S FINANCES

Chairman Elliott Talks About New York, New Haven & Hartford

BOSTON, March 9.—A statement supplementing that of J. P. Morgan & Co. on New York, New Haven & Hartford financing, was issued by Chairman Elliott of that road at his home here last night. Mr. Elliott's statement said:

"Some time ago I began investigations of one kind and another into various phases of the New Haven situation so that I could be in a position to answer questions that were asked me, and so as to introduce as rapidly as practicable any improved methods of management, accounting and operations that seemed necessary and desirable. For example, an expert independent accountant has been at work on the books of the company for several months. An expert investigator has been checking up all mechanical methods and standards. An expert in the purchase and handling of supplies has made a thorough examination and report of that part of the company's operations. A very careful examination by technical experts was made of the important electric trolley companies, not only of the properties themselves, but of the organization and details of management and operation."

"In the course of these investigations the question of the financing of the New Haven road in the past came up and I asked the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. if they would be willing to help me in obtaining certain facts. They asked me to put my request in writing which resulted in my letter to them and their reply."

"The New Haven company has said to Interstate Commerce Commissioner McChord who has charge of the investigation ordered by the state resolution that it is glad to have him investigate the financial and other conditions in the New Haven and that it will help to expedite the work in every reasonable manner. Already it has accumulated on its own account a large quantity of detailed information about various transactions which it is placing in the hands of the investigators so as to hurry the work. The soonest the committee can make a hearing and report its findings the better it will be for all."

Regarding the obtaining of funds from others than J. P. Morgan & Co., Mr. Elliott said:

"Inquiry was made of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. about the placing by that house, for the New Haven company, of the so-called French loan in 1907. Kuhn, Loeb & Co. make the following statement: 'In February, 1907, the company entered with Kuhn, Loeb & Co. into negotiation to place \$28,000,000 four percent bonds in France at about 91 percent, less 1 1/2 percent commission. Kuhn, Loeb & Co. contracted for the loan purchase of these \$28,000,000 bonds and the commission paid to them was really part of the purchase price. This was not a simple commission transaction, with the bankers simply acting as intermediaries, but Kuhn, Loeb & Co. had to undertake a very heavy obligation; as a matter of fact, they had to carry a large part of these bonds during the critical period of the panic. It took more than a year and a half to bring the transaction to a successful end, and a part of the commission had to be re-allowed by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. to their associates in Europe in perfecting the negotiations.'

In addition to the negotiations with Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Mr. Elliott continued, "there appear to have been occasional and temporary borrowings from deposit banks, and others along the line of the road; and long term securities issued by the company or held in its treasury were sold to various banking houses and banks, principally in New England, from 1893 to date, aggregating about \$33,000,000; the total commissions paid on securities of this class were \$97,700."

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GIVING THE HABIT

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and restore the child to normal health,

all this for \$35c, \$60 and \$1. Medical advice free.

It is well known in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Dr. True.

Another ton or two of Coal to piece out the season?

Why not try the Horne Coal Co. this time; they've got some awfully good coal. It's well screened and delivered promptly.

C O A L

HORNE COAL CO.

OUR ANNUAL
CHALLENGE SALE OF
Sheets,
Pillow Cases
and Sheetings

At About 2-3 regular price closes
tonight. Perfect goods at prices
that are less than some stores ask
for seconds.

Bon
Marche
Dry
Goods
Company

OUR WIND-UP SALE
OF ALL
Winter
Garments

At prices that are below the
cost of material is now in progress.
You can't afford to miss
this sale.

COUNTY SEWER NEEDED DOG BIT MURPHY

At the North Chelmsford Training School—Bill in Legislature for That Purpose

And Got His Goat—
This Sounds a Bit Familiar-eh?

BOSTON, March 9.—Did a brindle bull pup or a nice little brown and white fox terrier bite Joseph Murphy of Beachmont early yesterday morning?

Murphy does not know. The police, who were called into an all-over-Boston chase for the supposedly mad animal, do not know, and a dog to the capture of which the Animal Rescue League beat the police on the common, is unable to make a statement. Where is the Pup?

In the meantime two men are threatened with hydrophobia by biting bitten and the Boston authorities want to know whether they have the "mad dog" or not. If not, where is it?

Murphy was bitten in the ear, he says, by a nice little fox terrier on the way to the Bayview's wharf station early in the morning. It still was so dark it might have been a bull," he admits. What is believed to have been the same dog bit another man. Murphy decided that the dog ought to be arrested and told a policeman before he went to the Relief hospital to have the dog dressed.

In the meantime a dog under suspicion was seen going south in a bucky on Albany street.

The police heard that a dog was stirring up things on the common yesterday afternoon, and hurried there to find that they had been encircled by the Animal Rescue League. Murphy could not identify the animal as the one that had bitten him.

CURLEY IS NEUTRAL

BOSTON, March 9.—Nine democratic candidates who aspire to succeed Mayor Curley as congressman from

LOWELL, MONDAY, MARCH 9, 1914

EMMET'S ANNIVERSARY WAS SHOT DOWN

Observed by the Irish National Brotherhood — Address by Dr. M. F. Sullivan of Lawrence

Never perhaps in this city was the birthday of Robert Emmet celebrated more enthusiastically or more festively than yesterday afternoon at the hall of the Irish National Brotherhood at 32 Middle street. The members, 500 strong, were present, and there were invited guests from Boston, Haverhill and Lawrence. The principal speaker was Dr. M. F. Sullivan of Lawrence, the founder of the Irish Historical Society, a historian, an able writer, a patriot and an orator.

Mayor Curley of Boston had been invited to attend but unable to come on account of his official cares, he sent a pointed letter of regret which is given below. Mr. P. C. Kelley of Charlestown, who is prominent in various societies in that part of Boston, was also present and delivered an eloquent address.

Mr. James O'Sullivan presided and upon the platform were: Dr. M. F. Sullivan of Lawrence, Bartholomew Crowley of Haverhill, P. C. Kelley of Boston, Mayor Murphy, Senator Draper, Rep. Murphy, Supt. H. J. Molloy, Dr. J. B. O'Connor, E. J. Gallagher, and several others.

In opening the meeting, Chairman O'Sullivan made a stirring speech



DR. M. F. SULLIVAN
OF Lawrence

dwelling upon the bright outlook for home rule in Ireland and setting forth the motherland in her struggle for freedom. Among the communications read was the following from Mayor Curley of Boston:

Mayor Curley's Letter
City of Boston, Office of the Mayor,
March 5, 1914.
Mr. Timothy F. O'Sullivan, The
O'Sullivan Brothers Company,
Lowell Mass.

Dear Mr. O'Sullivan—Please accept my congratulations on the results of your efforts to secure the services of your kind invitation to attend the ceremonies incident to the anniversary of the birth of Robert Emmet.

The perpetuation of the achievements of the martyred Emmet and the sacrifice of his life in the cause of a free Ireland is a work that merits the approval of every lover of liberty in this free republic.

It is refreshing to know that the justice of the cause for which he died will undoubtedly triumph in the next decade. And further that by reason of the progress humanity has made, Emmet's epitaph will be written not with the sword but with that more powerful human agency—the pen.

Faithfully yours,

James M. Curley,
Mayor.

D. Sullivan

After a few words by Mayor Murphy, the chairman introduced Dr. Sullivan, the orator of the day. The doctor spoke extempore upon the life and times of Robert Emmet, the noble inspirations of his life and the lessons to be drawn from the heroic sacrifices he had made for his native land. The veneration in which the name of Emmet, who was a Protestant, is held by Irishmen of all creeds shows that Catholics have no bigotry in their nature and no reluctance at the grand spectacle of tolerance displayed at the present time in Ireland where under great provocation the masses of the people have sunk all sectional feeling in one great national movement for the common good. He referred in a touching manner to the loyalty of Ann Devlin, the servant at Emmet's home from whom the government tried to gain by threats and torture and offers of wealth to extort information concerning Emmet's revolutionary plans.

Dr. Sullivan said: "When the patriot leader was arrested and a case was being planned against him, all efforts to force the humble little servant, Ann, to give evidence concerning his revolutionary plans were fruitless. She was thrown into prison, banished on a number of occasions and at another time half hanged, but all to no purpose; her lips were sealed. For a number of years after Emmet's execution she was kept a prisoner, but never revealed anything, even though large sums of money were offered her, and she never was far from poverty. After her liberation she lived to a ripe age but died in want, and her body was only saved from a pauper's grave through the generosity of Dr. Madeline, who wrote the lives of the men of 1798."

After reviewing the struggle for the legislative independence of Ireland from Emmet down to O'Connell, Parnell and Redmond, the speaker predicted a new era for long oppressed Erin and one that will come solely as a result of united action by the Irish race, the word over combined with wise leadership by the recognized representatives of the people and particularly

Lodging House
TO LET
88 ROOMS

Centrally Located
AT 312 MARKET ST.

Inquire at 310 Market St.

Gun Used in Argument Over Beer in the Shoe City Yesterday

BOSTON, March 9.—As a result of an argument over beer at 19 Bond street, Lynn, last night, John J. Hinton of 40 Ashland street was shot in the left leg, and Martin Barbosa was locked up, charged with assault with a dangerous weapon. The police also arrested Frank Evangelista and three other men on the technical charge of drunkenness, and they will be held as witnesses.

SHOT DURING QUARREL

Hinton, who is 22 years old, told the police that he and his brother Albert went to the house at 19 Bond street to get some beer. In response to their knocking three men came to the door. The Hinton boys said that they asked for beer, whereupon Evangelista knocked John Hinton down. The argument then degenerated into a mêlée which lasted for several minutes, when the Hinton boys, overcome by superior numbers, started to retreat.

They were running through the yard, when a gun, said to have been Barbosa, drew a revolver and fired. Officer John Flock chased the men into the house, where they threatened to kill him, according to the police. The officer mounted headquarters, and a squad of police was rushed to the scene, in charge of Sergeant Callahan.

There were four women and six children in the house, and when the police entered pandemonium broke loose. The children rushed about screaming franticly, while women shrieked and one fainted.

Young Hinton was taken to the hospital where the bullet was extracted. He was then taken back to the police station and identified Barbosa as the man who had done the shooting.

Mr. E. J. Gallagher gave further details of the big demonstration which will be the last opportunity the friends of Ireland will have to contribute to the home rule cause. The committee, he said, will meet Tuesday evening at 32 Middle street to complete the arrangements for the big demonstration at Associate Hall next Sunday evening in aid of the home rule cause.

There were songs by Mr. Green, Timothy Roban and others.

FAVORS MIXED MARRIAGE

COLORED MEN FEAR SUFFRAGISTS BUT WOULD NOT RETURN TO AFRICA

BOSTON, March 9.—The sons of Ham, Shem and Japheth—according to a definition given from the platform—mingled at Ford Hall last night to hear Mrs. Mary Church Terrell of Oberlin college on "The Sons of Ham," with whom she is identified.

She called the intermarriage of white and colored people an individual matter, by no means "condemning" it; but said that even the blackest person in the country probably has a good deal of white blood in his veins; and she explained the fact of many black men joining with anti-slaveryists as due to their fear that white women would show more prejudice than white men.

Moreover, she said that if the opportunity were offered colored people in America to go back to Africa, as such an offer would be spurned, as their forefathers had given 300 years of toll to the upbuilding of this country.

She charged that the constitutional amendment by which suffrage was conferred on colored men is now practically a dead letter in many sections of the country, and she said more murders were committed in the United States than in any other country save Sicily, alone, due to the impunity with which colored men and women are murdered.

POWERS FOR CONGRESS

BOSTON, March 9.—Sam Powers for congress, 1st dist.

That is the story already relayed by republicans of the 13th district, now represented by John J. Mitchell of Marlboro, democrat, and there is a good chance that the big day will result in more than "big wool."

Samuel Leland, Powers of Newton, representative from the old 12th Massachusetts district in the 13th and 18th congressional from 1901 to 1905, has for the past nine years lived the quiet life of the private citizen, his only exception being that furnished by his law practice and his after-dinner speeches.

For nine years his friends in the district have been after him to enter the field again but he has refused, fearing that he could not afford to do so.

This year only two more urgent than ever, and those are confident that he will yield to their urgings.

Dr. Dracut

At a meeting of the recently elected selection of Dracut Brad E. Pollard was elected chairman of the board, and the appointment of minor officials will take place next Friday evening.

The library trustees met Saturday afternoon. Thomas Duranum was chosen chairman and Harry Mezeley, secretary.

Roy Ernest Bartlett was appointed custodian of the museum.

The school committee organized as follows: Chairman, Hiram E. Lincoln; secretary, Nelson E. Huntley; school physician, Dr. Jason D. Bryant; representatives to school districts, Hiram E. Lincoln, Edward W. Dennett, N. E. Huntley; census enumerators, Eugene C. Fox, Paul A. Scott, Joseph P. Varnum; attendance officer, sub-committee on school; treasurer, Eugenio C. Fox, Mark L. Shaw.

It was voted to pay the chairman \$50 per year, the physician \$100, the attendance officer \$80 per hour and the census enumerators the same as last year.

Sab committee on school at Collinsville, Nos. 2, Varnum, Parker Avenue, Paul Scott; Goodhue, Hiram E. Lincoln; Centre, Ed. W. Dennett; Remond, Arthur Haywood; Broadway, Charles Smith; West Dracut, Albert N. Fox.

Committee on repairs, Hiram E. Lincoln, Ed. W. Dennett, J. P. Varnum; committee on books and supplies, Superintendent Randall, Albert N. Fox, Paul A. Scott; committee on transportation, Nelson E. Huntley, Eugene C. Fox, Arthur Haywood; committee on insurance, Hiram E. Lincoln, Eugene C. Fox, Nelson E. Huntley.

SUFFRAGETTES FINED

LONDON, March 9.—Ten of the militant suffragettes arrested during the demonstration in Trafalgar square when Miss Sylvia Pankhurst was captured by the police were arraigned at Bow street police court today. Small fine was imposed by the magistrate with the option of serving a short term of imprisonment.

Miss Zella Emerson of Jackson, Mich., was not among the prisoners, the report of her arrest having been erroneous.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

AN EXTRAORDINARY PURCHASE OF RAINCOATS BRINGS THESE IMPORTANT BARGAIN ANNOUNCEMENTS TO YOUR ATTENTION

1000 RAINCOATS AT ABOUT 1-2 PRICE

FOR MEN AND WOMEN, ALL NEW GOODS AND THIS SEASON'S MODELS, INCLUDING THE SAMPLE LINES AND SURPLUS STOCK OF ONE OF THE LARGEST MAKERS IN THIS COUNTRY. SOLD TO US AT A CLEARANCE PRICE OF ABOUT 50¢ ON THE DOLLAR. THESE LOTS INCLUDE THE NEWEST STYLES IN DOUBLE TEXTURES, RUBBER SURFACE CLOTHS, RUBBER LINED FABRICS, SERGES, REPPS, ETC. ALL PERFECT GARMENTS. EVERY ONE A MOST REMARKABLE VALUE AS THEY COME TO YOU AT THE BEGINNING OF THE WATER PROOF GARMENT SEASON.

ON SALE TODAY

On Sale in the Men's Department— Palmer Street Basement

We purchased from one of the largest Raincoat manufacturers in this country, 300 Raincoats at 50¢ on the dollar. We placed these coats on sale this morning.

RAINFOATS AT.....\$2.50 EACH

30 Men's Raincoats, single texture, made of fine cotton poplin, rubber lined and cemented seams \$5 garment, At \$2.50 Each

RAINFOATS AT.....\$4.50 EACH

Men's Double Texture Raincoats of fine poplin, cashmere and twills in the newest shades of tan with cemented seams; a \$6.00 to \$8.00 garment.....At \$4.50 Each

AUTO RAINCOATS AT.....\$4.50 EACH

35 Men's Automobile Raincoats, made of heavy gray cashmere, plaid lining and cemented seams, made extra large for automobile wear, worth \$8.00.....At \$4.50

RAINFOATS AT.....\$7.00 EACH

Men's Double Texture Raincoats, all wool cheviots, cashmere, poplin and fine cashmere in dark blue and the latest shades of brown, gray and tan; plaid lining with reinforced and cemented seams, made to retail from \$10 to \$12.50.

At \$7.00 Each

RAINFOATS AT.....\$10.00 EACH

Men's Double Texture Raincoats, made of all wool homespun cashmere, cheviots, poplins and in the new spring shades of blue, gray, brown and tan with silk and plaid linings, reinforced and cemented seams, regular and raglan sleeves, made to retail from \$15.00 to \$25.00.....At \$10.00

On Sale in the Ladies' Cloak and Suit Department—Second Floor

RAINFOATS AT ONLY.....\$2.98 EACH

Rubber Surface, Black Rubber and Rubber Lined Coats, at this price. All coats perfect and worth \$5.00 each; also a few misses' and children's repp coats at this price.

Sale Price \$2.98

CHILDREN'S CAPES.....\$1.50

Made of fast color sateen; colors, navy and red, sizes 6 to 14 years. Price \$1.50 for Monday.....Sale Price \$1.50

BLACK RUBBER COATS.....\$3.98

Made of extra heavy black rubber, fastened with buttons or fasteners, sizes 34 to 44; also a large assortment of double texture raincoats. Regular values \$6.00 and \$7.50.

\$10.00 RAINCOATS.....\$5.00

A nice assortment of \$10.00 Raincoats in this lot. Misses' and ladies' sizes.....Sale Price \$5.00

\$15.00 RAINCOATS.....\$7.50

Any coat in this lot worth \$15.00. Double textures black and white checks and misses' coats with velvet collars and velvet strap at cuffs. These coats are marked less than the wholesale price.....Sale Price \$7.50

\$18.50 TO \$25.00 RAINCOATS.....\$10.00

A small assortment of coats at this price. Mostly sample sizes and every coat perfect; worth from \$18.50 to \$25.00.

Sale Price \$10.00

CLOAK DEPT.—SECOND FLOOR

SPRING HOUSE CLEANING

You will soon want to renew your Curtains, Draperies, Rings and Art Squares, and we have prepared for same with all the newest novelties of the season, having just received new stocks from the best and largest manufacturer in both the foreign and domestic makes.

Muslin Curtains.....\$9c to \$2.00 a Pair

Serma Curtains.....\$9c to \$15.00 a Pair

Madras Lace Curtains.....\$9c to \$3.00 a Pair

Nottingham Lace Curtains.....\$9c to \$5.00 a Pair

English Cable Net Curtains.....\$1.50 to \$6.00 a Pair

Full line of Rugs in all sizes from small door mats to extra large room sizes at special low prices.....\$9c to \$65.00

Basement Bargain Dept.

DRY GOODS SECTION — SPECIAL VALUES FOR THIS WEEK

BLEACHED COTTON—50 pieces of fine bleached cotton, 36 inches wide, natural finish, 12c value.....Special at 8c Yard

MADRAS SHIRTING—One dozen of the best quality madras shirtings in light colors, fancy and plain weaves in handsome patterns, suitable for shirts, blouses, waists and dresses.

Special at 12 1-2c Yard

MERCERIZED POPLIN—Fine mercerized poplin remnants in plain colors, good quality, 19c value on the piece, At 12 1-2c Yard

SPRING DRESS GOODS—Two cases of remnants, representing a large variety of new spring dress goods in molin, brocades, whipcord, serges and India twills 30c to 75c value.

At 25c and 39c Yard

SATIN FINISH SPREADS—100 satin finish spreads in handsome patterns, embroidered edge, cut corner and fringed, cut corners full size, fine quality, \$3.00 value.....At \$2.00 Each

WOOL BLANKETS—To close, about 200 sample white wool blankets, full 11-4 size, very nice quality with fast colors, blankets worth from \$4.00 to \$6.00 a pair. To Close at \$1.50 Each

READY-TO-WEAR SECTION—Now going on, our sale of fine muslin underwear, corset covers, drawers, skirts, combinations and gowns at about 25 per cent. less than usual price.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES—Children's dresses, made of fine gingham, percale, galon, made in handsome style, sizes 6 to 14 years.....Special Value at 98c Each

ALL OVER APRONS—All over aprons, made of very fine percale in light, medium and dark colors, garments made large and full.....Only 39c Each

LADIES' \$1.00 SHIRT WAISTS AT 75c EACH—Ladies' white shirt waists, made of fine lingerie, batiste and lawn, large variety of new spring styles, \$1.00 value.....At 75c Each

AMERICAN WOOLEN CO.

Pres. Wood, in Annual Statement, Says Company Lost \$677,684 During Past Year

The annual statement of the American Woolen Co., with mills in Lowell and Dracut and other places, has been issued and shows that the company runs during the last year at an operating loss of \$677,684. The preferred dividend calling for \$2,500,000 was paid and \$502,65 was written off depreciation, making a total of \$3,019,789 taken from surplus. What the tariff has done to the largest woolen and worsted manufacturing enterprise in the world is shown in these figures. The report also shows the wisdom of President Wood's handsome surplus which now stands at \$8,35,583 after the severe call on it for last year's deficit.

The American Woolen Co. employs around 30,000 operatives, and at the lowest estimate 196,000 people are directly dependent upon it for the necessities and luxuries of life. Every effort has been made by President Wood and his manufacturing agents to take care of as many of this army of workers as possible during the past year, and it has been a problem difficult to solve. The plants are under better headway at the present time than for many months past, and reasonably encouraging.

The preferred shares of American Woolen Co. are selling just under 76. The company is practically sure of a much larger business and one that will show larger profits this year, and there is no immediate likelihood of the preferred dividend being passed. At quoted prices the investment yields about 9.4 per cent. The preferred stock is a first lien on the property and assets of the company, and with \$57 a share in net quick assets there is surely \$80 a share or \$20,000,000 in plants even at auction, so the preferred stock is safe and low as a permanent investment of \$107 and \$110 a share. In making the annual report President Wood says in part:

"Conditions in the woolen business

MATHEWS HELD MEETING

INITIATED FOUR NEW MEMBERS AND TRANSACTED ROUTINE BUSINESS YESTERDAY

Prominent Citizen of R. I. Died at His Home in Providence

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 9.—Gen. William Ames, one of the state's foremost citizens, died at his home on Power street today. He had been ill a month and was in his 73rd year. He had been prominent in the business and political life of the state for half a century.

As a young Gen. Ames achieved a brilliant military record in the Civil War. He was formerly United States collector of internal revenue for the first Rhode Island district, served in the common council and the state legislature and was a member of the dissolution commission which selected the site and

built the state house.

Gen. Ames was vice president of the International Braid company, president of the Blackstone Canal National bank and also held offices in several insurance companies. He was a son of Samuel Ames, for years chief justice of the Rhode Island supreme court, and was born in Providence, May 15, 1842.

He entered Brown in '62 but enlisted in '61. After the war he entered business in this city. He was a member of the Hippo, Squamann and University clubs and Agawam Hunt. He married in 1870 Harriet Fletcher Ormsbee of this city. Two children survive, John O. Ames of this city and Mrs. Frank Mauran of Philadelphia.

DISSOLUTION PLANS

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Although

no word had been received last night

from Chairman Howard Elliott of the

New York, New Haven & Hartford

railroad, officials of the Department

of Justice expected conference over

dissolution plans to be resumed here

during the present week. Reports

that the New Haven directors had de-

cided to fight in the courts rather than

give up control over the Boston &

Maine road, have not upset the hope

of officials that a peaceful settlement

will be reached. Attorney General

McKinley has received no intimation

since the New Haven board met in

New York Friday, that its officers

have abandoned negotiations.

INJURIES PROVEN FATAL

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 9.—James McKinney, 54, of Alaska street, died at the Rhode Island hospital yesterday of injuries received last night when he was knocked down by an automobile driven by John F. Pierce at Bassett and Chestnut streets.

According to Pierce, McKinney

stepped from the curb directly by

the side of his machine and was struck by the

midguard. McKinney's skull was frac-

tured. After McKinney had been taken

to the hospital Pierce and Clarence

Knight who was in the car with him

went to the Fifth precinct police station and told their story to Capt. Mowry. No arrests have been made.

AUDIENCE WITH POPE

ROME, March 9.—Pope Pius X yesterday received in private audience the Rt. Rev. Edmund Michael Dunn, bishop of Peoria, Ill., with whom he conversed at some length. Bishop Dunn said after the interview that the pontiff was in normal health.

READY FOR FIGURE

PORTLAND, Me., March 9.—Adjutant General Greenlaw said yesterday that if Maine should be called up for troops to send to Mexico in case of our intervention there, the state would be able to despatch a regiment within 30 days. The adjutant general believes that if there should be war with Mexico all the states would be called upon for a quota of militiamen.

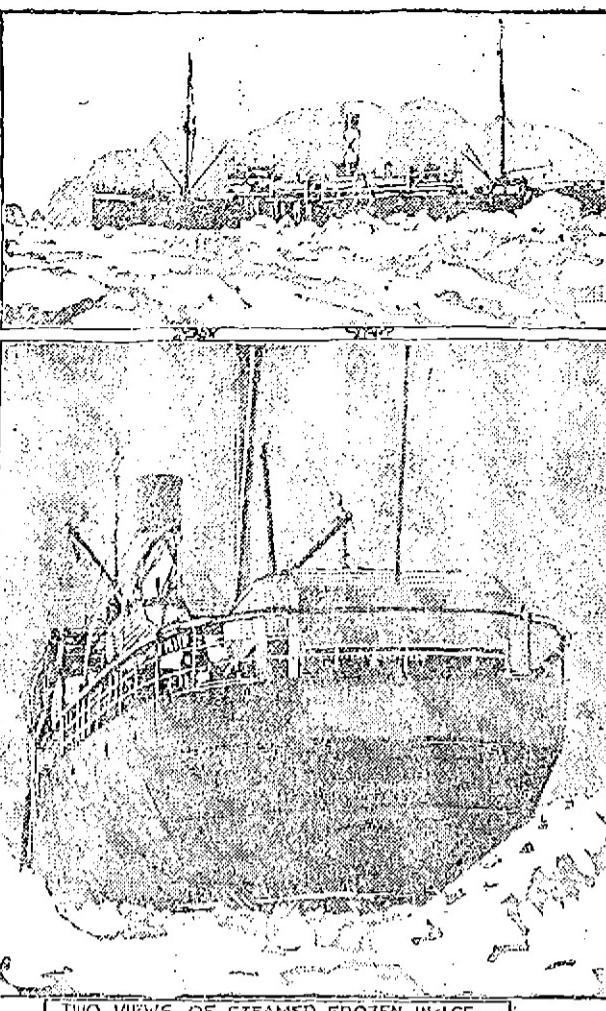
Resinol stops skin torments!

THE soothing, healing medicament in Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap penetrates every tiny pore of the skin, clears it of impurities, and stops itching instantly. Resinol speedily heals eczema, rashes, ringworm and other eruptions and clears away disfiguring pimples and blackheads, when other treatments prove a waste of time and money.

Resinol is not an experiment. It is a doctor's prescription which proved so wonderfully successful for skin troubles that it has been used by other doctors all over the country for the past eighteen years. Send for free sample of Resinol Ointment, 600 and 81, Resinol Soap, 25c. For trial size, write to Dept. 422, Resinol, Baltimore, Md. Avoid imitations.

FROZEN FAST IN ICE PACKS ON NORTH ATLANTIC COAST, STEAMERS IN PERIL

FROZEN FAST IN ICE PACKS ON NORTH ATLANTIC COAST, STEAMERS IN PERIL



TWO VIEWS OF STEAMER FROZEN IN ICE

So severe has the winter been this year at sea that not only has there been an unusual number of wrecks from storms, but steamers which ply in northern waters are reported to have been caught in the ice and frozen fast. Such a fate befell the big naval training ship, the Potomac. Another case was that

of the steamer C. D. Fashington, long overdue at Louisberg, N. S., which was frozen in an ice pack off the southern coast of Cape Breton. Four of the crew were picked up off the ice near Goult island, according to the report, suffering from cold and exposure.

Men's Four-in-Hand Ties—Final clean up, any 25c or 50c Tie, either silk or knit, plain and fancy colors, open end or, reversible. To close... \$2.39 Values to \$8.00.

ONLY FIVE DAYS MORE

J.L. CHALIFOUX CO.
COR. CENTRAL & MIDDLE STS.

ONLY FIVE DAYS MORE

\$200,000 REMOVAL SALE

Final Clean-Up Positively the Last Week

50 Women's, Misses' and Junior Suits

Made of fine serge, silk lined, in blacks, blues and browns. \$9.89 To close.....

These suits must be cleaned up before we move. Values to \$25.

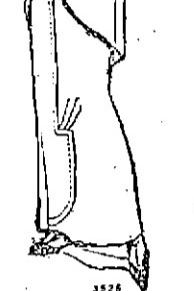


Women's and Misses' Silk Dresses

For party and street wear. COME EARLY as these prices will no doubt clean them up. To close.

\$5.98, \$7.49

These bargains are worth your inspection. Values \$10 to \$25.



Street Floor

Women's and Misses' Coats

LOT. NO. 1

Good news for women and misses who want coats practically at their own price. To close... \$2.39 Values to \$8.00.

Street Floor

BUY YOUR FURS NOW

FOR NEXT WINTER AT 50% BELOW COST

Men's Furnishings

Men's Four-in-Hand Ties—Final clean up, any 25c or 50c Tie, either silk or knit, plain and fancy colors, open end or, reversible. To close... \$1.7c Values to \$2.50.

Men's \$1.00 to \$2.00 Sealst Underwear—All our sealst underwear, either single or double breasted. To close... \$5.0c

Men's 25c Silk Hose—Double heel, sole and toe, in all colors and sizes. To close... \$1.5c 2 for 25c

Men's 50c Shirts—All our odds and ends of men's negligie or working shirts. To 25c close....

Boys' and Children's 50c to \$1.50 Hats—in velour, felt, cloth and chinchilla, all colors and styles. To close... \$3.9c

Men's \$1.50 and \$2.00 Soft and Stiff Hats—All our hats, all styles, all colors. To close... \$1.00

BATH ROBES

Women's all wool blankt bath robes, large assortment of styles. Regular price \$4.00. To close... \$2.19

Visit Bargainland

In Basement Store

WOMEN'S HAND BAGS

Slightly counter soiled, made of white linen, also a few of poplin cloth, in white and linen color. Regular prices 25c and 35c. To close... \$5.0c

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR

All our fancy collars, including Dutch, sailors, high and low styles, in linen, lace and embroidery. Reg. prices 25c and 50c. To close... \$5.0c

CHILDREN'S 50c SHOES—Lace and button, in sizes 2 to 6. To close... \$5.0c

Men's \$2.00 and \$2.50 Shoes—Button and blue style, in black and tan leather, medium weight. To close... \$1.50*

Shoe Department

Women's \$1.25 to \$2.00 Shoes—Boots, Oxfords and Slippers—In small sizes, 2 to 4, D to E widths. To close... \$7.9c

WOMEN'S RUBBERS—Cuban heel rubbers, in all sizes. To close... \$5.0c

CHILDREN'S 50c SHOES—Lace and button, in sizes 2 to 6. To close... \$5.0c

Men's \$2.00 and \$2.50 Shoes—Button and blue style, in black and tan leather, medium weight. To close... \$1.50*

WOMEN'S HOSIERY

Silk Hose with high spiced heel, double sole, in tan, white and black. (Seconds). Regular price 25c and 50c. To close... \$5.0c

KIMONOS

Women's short flannelette kimonos, pretty designs, all sizes and styles. Regular price 50c. To close... \$3.9c

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S 50c TO \$1.50 HATS

Hats—in velour, felt, cloth and chinchilla, all colors and styles. To close... \$3.9c

Men's \$1.50 and \$2.00 SOFT AND STIFF HATS

Hats—all our hats, all styles, all colors. To close... \$1.00

\$1.00 SHOE SALE

Don't forget our one dollar sale as we expect TODAY to make a clean sweep of all remaining shoes. Come early, and get your choice.

SUFFRAGETTES IN BATTLE

Fought Police at Trafalgar Square, London—Mrs. Pankhurst Kidnapped by the Police

from the base of the Nelson column "Follow the lead and see if we can't find something to do." The militants then surged toward the government buildings in Whitehall with the suffrage banner borne aloft, but a cordon of mounted police barred their way. Some of the women assailed the police with short sticks, but the marchers were soon dispersed.

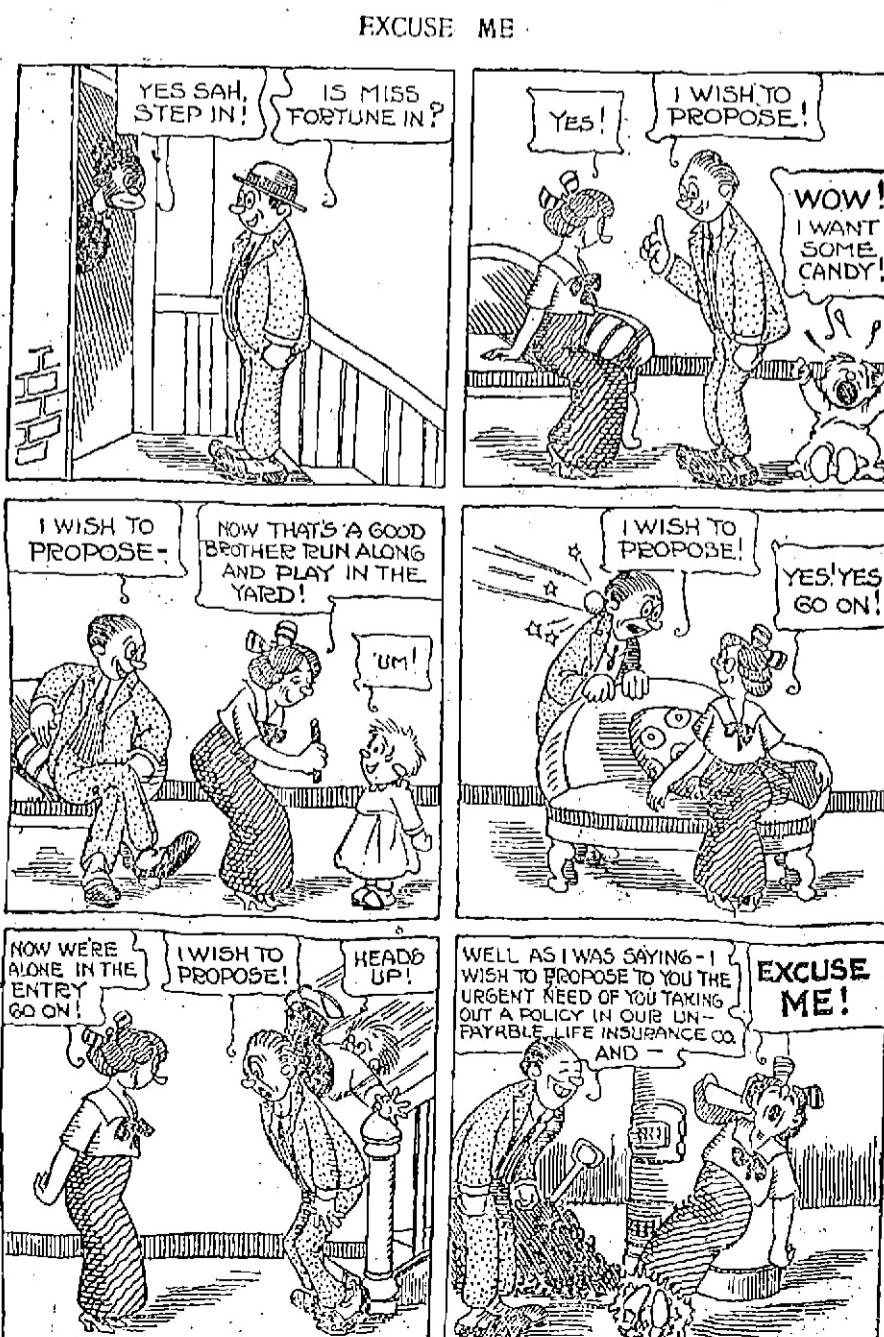
ON FREIGHT RATES

New England Chamber of Commerce Preparing for Hearing on Thursday

BOSTON, March 9.—New Englanders interested in "car spotting" which were urged last night by the chamber of commerce committee on transportation to attend a meeting today preliminary to the Interstate commerce commission hearing Thursday. The commission, in connection with the application of the railroads for a 5 per cent. increase in freight rates, is trying to learn whether the desired additional earnings may not be obtained by charges for services now performed free. This would include "spotting" or enforcing payment for storing a train and switching a car to a private siding.

The chamber will seek the views of New England men as to whether, if such a system were adopted, the charges graded in accordance with the expense of the service rendered.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.



LONDON, March 9.—Militant suffragettes again engaged in a battle with the police yesterday on their favorite field, Trafalgar square, and in a pouring rain. The arrest of Sylvia Pankhurst for the fifth time under the "cat and mouse" law precipitated the conflict. In addition to Mrs. Pankhurst, seven women and three men were arrested.

Among those taken in custody was Miss Zella Emerson of Jackson, Mich. Miss Emerson has been arrested several times for participation in suffragette demonstrations. Reginald McKenna, the home secretary, declared on February 26, "If Miss Emerson

PRAISE FOR CONNIE MACK

Philly Scribe Reviews Career of Baseball Sphinx—Success Due to Ability to Find Kids

He looks you squarely and steadily in the face from a pair of eyes as blue as the sea, eyes that are wondrously soft, but at the same time penetrating in their kindly expression. As those blue eyes set beneath shaggy brows, gaze into yours, he takes your hand with a grasp that instinctively indicates to you that he is pleased to make your acquaintance. And then he speaks to you in easy, well-modulated words, assuring you by his pleasant tone and faint smile that you are doubly welcome. His eyes, his voice, his smile constitute a magnetic personality at the very first meeting. Such is a brief pen picture of Cornelius McGillicuddy, known on two continents as Connie Mack, the "wizard of the diamond," the master mind of baseball," says D. L. Reeves of the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Thousands of persons have had the pleasure, enjoyed the honor of making Mr. Mack's acquaintance, of being drawn into those deep blue eyes, feeling that strong, human grasp and experiencing the influence of that smile. But other thousands have never even seen this great inspiring personality of the baseball world, and it is for those thousands that the writer considers it a duty to draw as correctly as is permitted one who has enjoyed his friendship and confidence for more than a decade, a picture that will represent him as a man and baseball strategist affable and courteous to all, generous to fault, with an unfailing equanimity. Mr. Mack naturally makes hosts of friends without incurring the enmity of a single individual. He is a clear student of human nature. To this discerning quality, combined with an almost infallible judgment in recognizing the abilities of a ball player, is responsible, in a great measure, his remarkable success as a manager. Mack is a baseball sphinx and a baseball sage. He rarely talks for publication, but was never known to predict a championship for his team, preferring to read what others' opinion of its prospects and let the public judge of his chances by the performance of his players. But Mr. Mack's judgment is sound and his views eagerly sought by all baseball men. He does nothing by impulse, but rather reasons out by intuitive knowledge the why and wherefores of his acts. In the end the result always justifies his deductions.

Mr. Mack is modest and unobtrusive. Thousands of baseball devotees who attend games in which the Athletics are participants have asked to be shown Connie Mack. How many thousands of eyes have been strained to catch only a glimpse of the astute leader as he silently slips under the covered players' bench just before the game starts and departs with the same easy, quick move after the contest has ended? A fleeting impression of a tall figure, always dressed in a dark neat-fitting suit, is invariably their only reward. Mr. Mack is a bench manager in the highest and best sense of the word. He never leaves his seat, whatever the provocation. His voice is never heard in angry protest over an umpire's decision. Where McGraw, Jennings, Chance and Clarke managers of proved ability, rage and storm on the field, Mack sits silently within the seclusion of the covered bench.

Algebra Dignified Figure

Should you look closely at the bench wherein the Athletics are seated you might catch a glimpse of a long, slim form, watching the game with a passive manner and without uniform. In summer you would see a coatless figure, a man without a hat, usually with one leg crossed over the other, holding in his hand something that resembles a score-card. He sits quietly and looks out like a philosopher. Who is it, did you ask? That's Connie Mack. Amid the excitement of a close game Mack is always the same. Harry Davis, Ira Thomas, "Chief" Bender or "Jack" Coombs stand on the coaching line to give instructions to base-runners, and incidentally, try to read the opponent's signals. Pitchers leave the bench hurriedly and warm up far down the left field foul line; utility players run out on the field; men on the bench move to and fro, but the impulsive Mack sits. In one spot, with not a move excepting him. With the exception of those who really know who he is, few ever give a thought to the coatless figure in the seclusion of his quarters.

Yet this coatless, batless figure is the brain of what is generally considered the greatest baseball machine ever developed. It is the long, slim figure, so quiet in everything he does, that has constructed the physical organization that represents "Philadelphia" in the American League. To his wonderful baseball instinct, to his craft and skill, is due the great team that has just won another baseball championship. The credit belongs exclusively to him.

Five American league pennants and three world's championships have been contributions of Mr. Mack to Philadelphia. It is small wonder that Philadelphia honors his name and considers him king of his glass. Undemonstrative, low voiced, quiet looking, the hand of silk in his own glove, when it refers to managing ball players, Mr. Mack allows not the slightest detail to escape his notice. A mistake by an opposing player is noted with as much care of detail as one by an athletic player. Nothing is passed over as unimportant. With scorebook in hand and a small notebook in his vest pocket, Mr. Mack records every play, everything that is of present interest or may serve of future value.

Mr. Mack's dope book is frequently of invaluable assistance to newspaper men. Recently the writer was obliged to ask Mr. Mack if his team had been in first place from the start of the season. Turning to his book, he soon settled the question, when he found noted on April 23 that the Athletics had lost and Washington won, "the victory giving the Nationals a one-game lead on its team" and yielding them first place, only to be dislodged on the following day. As Mr. Mack what a certain pitcher did against a certain team early in June. Immediately he will turn the pages of that oft-thumbed record, tell you how many innings the pitcher worked, the number of hits were made off him, by whom made and why he was retired, if such was the

case. He can go even further, on request, and from another section of that dope-book show you the recorded batting weaknesses of every American league player of importance. He will tell you why a high ball on the inside is the one to serve to Brown, and why a low curve is always best to pitch to Jones, and the reason why it is better to pitch bad balls to Smith, even though he receives a free base.

The fielding defects of players are known to Mack. He can tell you, even without consulting his book, that such a player covers more ground to his right than left, and that another player is surer of a ball to his left than right; the tendency of batsmen to tilt in certain directions and the throwing ability of all the best outfielders. Without citing any more instances of the contents of Mack's book, it may be said that it is a compendium of valuable baseball information that is the fruit of his long experience as a manager. No other manager possesses a record similar in character.

It's Mine of Dope

The value of the contents of such a book becomes evident at the daily meeting, when, behind closed doors, the Athletics players discuss the mistakes of the previous day and plan their campaign for that day's contest. To this little book and the adaptability of the Mack players may be ascribed many hard-fought victories. Many of Mack's men are known in the professional ball world as "smart" players, those who invariably think ahead of the play and have a thorough knowledge of the game. In the American League, Davis, Collins, Barry, Strunk, Coombs, Thomas, Bender, McInnis, Murphy and a few others are rated as big for their brains as well as their physical prowess.

One of the secrets of Mack's great success has been his ability to see the promise in a youngster. In his teens, and another in his policy of searching the colleges for young players. Of his present team, the following are college men: Davis, Collins, Barry, Bender, Plank, Coombs, Hauke and Eddie Murphy. No one watches the college players closer than Mack, and from the smaller institutions he has drawn most of his players. Mr. Mack pursues a young player very carefully. If he thinks he is extremely promising and will develop rapidly, he does not send him to a minor league for experience, but places him on the bench at Shibe park, where he can watch the regulars in their daily game, while every morning he gets hours of batting and田野 training under Mr. Mack's special supervision. Collins, McInnis, Barry and Pennington are examples of youngsters who never served in the minor leagues.

Connie Mack is the oldest manager in the major leagues, and the only manager in the American League to plot the same team continuously since the junior organization expanded. It is a long time since Mr. Mack began his professional baseball career. He is 50 years old, and was born in East Brookfield, from which town excursion trains carry big crowds 16-see his team, every time it plays in Boston. Mack's first professional engagement was with the Meriden (Ct.) club, when he was 21 years old. This was in 1884. He had not been with the team long before he was appointed captain. He remained in Meriden only a year, and then went to Hartford, where, in 1885 and 1886, he made a wonderful reputation as the catcher for Barney Gilmore.

In the latter part of 1886 Mack and Gilmore were sold to Washington, where they played until the formation of the Brotherhood League. They cast their fortunes with that unfortunate movement and played in Buffalo during the brief existence of that league in 1890. After the Brotherhood went to the wall, Mr. Mack signed with the Pittsburgh club, then owned by W. W. Kerr, from which Barney Dreyfuss bought the franchise. He was with the Pirates for six years, acting as manager for the last two seasons. It was his manager and catcher during his last year, that Mr. Mack came nearest winning a pennant while still an active player, but an injury to himself blotted the hopes of the team. Near the end of the season he fractured a leg, the accident putting him out of the game for the year and ending the chances of the Pirates, who finished second.

Dancing, Pawtucket ballhouse, Tues.

LOWELL Y. W. C. A. Girls Took Basketball Game From East Leominster Team by Narrow Margin

The girls' basketball team of the local Y. W. C. A. won another victory on Saturday, when they met the Leominster sextet on the latter's floor. The game was the closest that the Lowell team has engaged in this season. Miss Libbie scored the largest number of points for the winners. The summary:

LOWELL vs. **LEOMINSTER**

G. Libbie rf. Ig. M. Nicholson

F. Leggat lf. Ig. Mr. McComiskey

G. Pendexter cc. Ig. M. Kirkpatrick

F. LaJappinsce ss. Ig. R. Hartie

E. Geddes rg. Ig. M. Hartie

E. Armstrong lg. Ig. D. Wilson

Score: Lowell 18, Leominster 15.

Goals from the door: Miss Libbie 5,

Miss Leggat 3, Miss Wilson 5, Miss Killilea 2, Miss Killilea 1. Officials: Referee T. J. Lane, timer: Mr. Clarke; scorer: Miss Sharkey. Time: Two 15-minute periods.

Dancing, Pawtucket ballhouse, Tues.

A WORD FROM THE ADMIRAL

Admiral George Dewey, when complimented on his superb health on his 76th birthday, smiled and said:

"I attribute my good condition to plenty of exercise and no banquets. We eat too much. One-third of what a man eats all he needs in order to live."

"In that case, what becomes of the other two-thirds?"

"On that enables the doctor to live," Admiral Dewey replied.—Washington Star.

ENGLISH SPORTS

NEW YORK, Mar. 9.—Although the English sport writers are loath to admit that baseball is superior to cricket, they were quick to perceive and praise the brilliant skill in the handling of the ball and the excellent team play of the Giants and White Sox in the recent game played at London. In fact, some of the writers were inclined to the opinion that the play was too mechanically perfect. One writer states:

"If there is one drawback about baseball to the English eye it is the apparent hopelessness of anyone ever being able to make any score worthy of mention against such scientifically skilful pitching—it is throwing pure and simple—and so tight a field."

The alertness, fine judgment and the most precise throwing of the splendidly placed field seem to form an almost impossible bar to the batsman ever reaching that difficult first base, let alone the 2 other points or bases set on the parallelogram. All are closely guarded by realists, who studied basemen. But now and again, usually when the least expected, the defense is pierced. Generally, it is a round stroke that enables some true-eyed batter to overcome the unmistakable sureness enjoyed by the fielding side, which likes nothing better than the soaring flights of the white-covered and easily sighted ball. The stroke has excellence, however, is the one 'over the fence' that is a drive over the boundary.

"As to the merits of the game and its possibilities of catching on here in England opinions were much divided. That it contains all the elements of a grand field game none can surely deny, but it is not an English pastime."

ROBERT BARTLETT DEAD

NEW BEDFORD, March 9.—Robert Bartlett, one of the best known of New Bedford's merchants, died today, aged 76 years. Mr. Bartlett was for a long time identified with the firm of H. Bartlett & Sons.

FACTS

Has been connected with baseball for 30 years, and celebrated his 60th birthday anniversary last winter.

Has won five American league championships and three world's champion-

ships in 13 years.

Is the only manager of a major

league team who owns half-interest in the club he manages.

Enjoys the reputation of being the best judge of a young ball player of any major league manager.

Was in baseball for 16 years before associated with a winner. Never played on a championship team.

In the most popular manager in the country with the newspaper men. He never misrepresents anything to them.

Is the oldest major league manager and only one to pilot same team continuously since American league ex-

panded.

Has developed more college players than any other manager, and believes in college diamonds as recruiting fields.

Was one of the shrewdest catchers in the major leagues during his playing days, and never played any other position.

Youngsters to be Given Tryouts

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

INDIAN ORCHARD ROUTE

In matters of highway construction the judgment of the county engineer, the engineer of the Bay State street railway, the state highway engineer and the city engineer of Lowell will have greater weight than the judgment of the average individual and it is gratifying, therefore, to find that these four experts acting in harmony have taken the stand advocated by The Sun, viz.: that the river road to Lawrence should be met by a new road through Indian Orchard. Instead of running into First street. Furthermore, the fact that the four experts mentioned started out with a preference for the First street project makes their recommendation all the more pressing and convincing.

The chief objection against the construction of a new road through Indian Orchard, is the cost, but when the matter is weighed fully this objection will diminish in force. First street is in wretched condition, and apart from its undesirability because of grade and errors of construction, it would require large expenditure to put it in condition. Eventually there would still be the irremediable fault of steep grade that would make it always a poor approach to the city, and one not devoid of genuine danger to traffic. Even supposing that First street were to be made passably modern in construction, the double track problem would still remain and it would require continual changes to make the approach over this route a part of the fine new highway from Lawrence.

If there were no new highway to be considered such as that recently finished, it would still be to the advantage of Lowell to see that all approaches are in keeping with a city of our size and importance. The Pawtucketville boulevard and the approach through Rogers street are a pretty fair preparation for the type of the city, but almost all other approaches are wretchedly unsatisfactory. On the Centralville side the river view is one of the most attractive in our environs, and a modern road coming into the city in a gentle curve along the river bank would enhance the first impression of Lowell, which is an important consideration. The new river road will be especially attractive to summer motorists, and the growing popularity of the many pleasure resorts along the river bank will ensure liberal patronage to any branch road from this city to Indian Orchard. The conference of engineers will have proved extremely advantageous to Lowell if it gives impetus to the proposed construction of a road along the river bank which will prepare those who travel from Lawrence for a large and prosperous city of over 100,000 inhabitants.

THE I. W. W. "UNEMPLOYED"

Whether the I. W. W. is espousing the cause of the employed or the unemployed, it is bound to set itself against constitutional authority and follow strange doctrines that appear out of keeping in our atmosphere. In this part of the country the propaganda of the energetic organization was resolute of sabotage and syndicalism in times of labor troubles, and the industrial drama now being staged in New York has features quite as daring, and as well calculated to advertise the views of the leaders of the movement in the metropolis.

The newspapers have for weeks past told stories of gangs of alleged "unemployed" in New York who banded themselves together and marched to the various churches of the city during times of service. Sometimes they numbered 100 and often twice as many. Their object seemed to be, first, to get some sensational advertising, and secondly to compel the church authorities to provide them with food, shelter and money. Many in the group were professional loafers, and the spirit of the whole was revealed when they contemptuously refused to shovel snow at \$1.20 per day. They have, through their leaders, announced that their rights include the highest in pay and the best in living conditions, and though "unemployed" they reserve the right to refuse any occupation that does not come up to their high ideals.

The I. W. W. that Lawrence and Lowell knew had some genuine surprises but it was mild compared with the New York brand.

The courts of New York have now taken a hand, and 135 rioters were recently arrested for disturbing a church service. The problem of the unemployed, therefore, is thrown over on the law, and the first essential of justice will be to weed out from the arrested the members who may be really deserving of attention, and who may be out of work through no fault of their own. Having done this the law must deal with the hoodlums and loafers who are being exploited by the I. W. W. without regard to sentimentality. There is a time for sympathy and civic co-operation in all that concerns the deserving unemployed, but the present time seems to call for legal armament on the part of New York.

CANAL TOLLS

Despite the highly-seasoned and pseudo-patriotic appeals of Mr. Heast and some other men of prominence, and the sincerely earnest stand of men of the type of Senator O'Gorman and Chairman Underwood in national politics, the message of the president regarding the necessity for repealing the Panama canal tolls cause which would exempt American coastwise ships from paying for the use of the canal, has met with universal commendation that is not restricted to this country. Furthermore, and with more effectiveness, it has struck a responsive chord in congress and it is safe to predict that once again the president will be supported by a majority in the house and senate.

The only genuine objection that can be made to the repeal of the tolls clause is that it entails the taking back of a government decision, but this reversal of judgment reflects more credit on the government than would a stubborn adherence to a policy which practically the whole world considers mistaken. There is no denying that the treaty with England forbids such an exemption as was contemplated and a treaty is an honorable agreement that is as binding on a nation as is a legal contract on an individual. If the president may have his way this country will make no treaties until it intends to keep them, and having made them, it will abide by them.

Even stronger than the treaty argument is the consideration that the exemption clause would only foster monopoly and would confer no advantage either on the government or on the American people. The coastwise shipping trade is virtually a trust, and it does not deserve any government meddling. If the time should ever come when the government thinks fit to give an advantage to any part of our domestic shipping industry, this could be done appropriately by a subsidy granted annually through congress. At the present time, the government would seriously offend many foreign governments by adhering to the exemption clause, without gaining anything in return. The offensive clause should be removed from the Panama canal act without delay—and it undoubtedly will.

THE EASIEST WAY

There can be no doubt that the administration is sailing through a treacherous strait with regard to the Mexican problem, and the gravity of the situation has been attested to as graciously by the president as by his most virulent critic. Were his policy to get out of the difficulty in the easiest way possible he would take the stand advanced from many quarters in recognizing Huerta. This is "the easiest way," but is it the best? Were expediency the only consideration such a course might be counselled, but recognition of the drunken dictator who rose to power by the murder of his lawful president, would still leave the Mexican misery unabated. It cannot be that the president hesitates merely owing to his previous stand, because he has honorably reversed his decision in the Panama tolls matter. Criticize him as we may for the "watchful policy" there can be no question that it is inspired by a love for high ideals of government and by what he considers for the best interests of the unhappy Mexican populace.

NEW YORK PROMISES

We sometimes expect to see political promises of economy and efficiency kept, and we sometimes don't. In New York during the last political campaign the Fusion forces promised that the municipal affairs of the metropolis would be administered efficiently and economically if they won out, that there would be a lower tax rate. They won and strange to say, they seem to be really trying to keep their promises.

In New York county the reduction will be thirty cents on the thousand; in the Bronx forty, and in Queens fifty. In Kings county the reduction is only ten cents, but, as a contemporary remarks, "that is more satisfying than an increase of ten cents" not to mention an increase of over \$2, the mark of efficiency shown by the economic administration of the city of Lowell. In New York, too, by the way, the municipal authorities had an inherited financial burden, but they seem to have attacked it in a slightly different spirit from our local city government.

OUR LIGHTHOUSES

The Lawrence American says: "Among the unsung heroes of this country are the members of the lighthouse service," and straightforward comes a picture of night and lightning and a storm-tossed ship kept from destruction by a beam of light penetrating the darkness and the storm. How little we realize the perils of the lonely life which the lighthouse or light-keeper leads. On the one hundred thousand miles of coast from Alaska to Panama there are thirteen thousand aids to navigation, and the cost to the government annually is about six million dollars. This most important service employs hundreds of faithful employees whose one aim is to

keep the lights lighting no matter how violent the storm. We had many a story of harrowing wrecks during the winter, but who can reckon the number of lives saved and the billions of dollars worth of commerce saved from disaster by the men who keep the lights lit on the lonely coast?

Seen and Heard

The cut worm in the garden has had a nice sleep this winter, and now he is almost ready to be fed.

It is discouraging when you have ordered "fresh rhubarb pie" at the restaurant to find a little lump of sugar in it.

Frequently a clever woman can make a stupid man think that he is clever.

Of course you can't be perfectly sure that the young couple you meet while you are traveling are just married, even though both suit-cases they carry are brand new.

If a man keeps telling people all the time that he is honest, he will find they won't believe him.

Perhaps there are people whose taste is so valuable that they have to hire taxicabs.

It is a mean mother who will hold her baby up to a bachelor for admiration without telling him whether its name is Gwenfoly or John.

Even the married man will admit that the house ought to have a thorough cleaning from top to bottom at least once in seven years.

It makes the old blue-blood Boston shiver to hear any one split an infinitive, or to be asked to split the kindling wood.

"P. B." went some time ago to a missionary meeting, and these words of his quaint brother remain in his memory:

"In that forlorn district the poor, benighted brethren wear no clothing. Their drunken orgies take place frequently. My little band of helpers and I once visited this place. The poor creatures listened to our words of wisdom, and before we left we had the pleasure of pinning on many the white badges of temperance."

Get out your pen and ink. Man in case orders a whiskey. Meets a friend, who also orders a whiskey and wants to pay for both. First man says he doesn't accept treats. Each pays his 15 cents. The bartender, who can sell two whiskies for a quarter, pockets the extra nickel. The bartender is ahead five cents. The man who offered to treat is ahead a dime. Neither the house nor the other man are out anything. Yet they say something can't come out of nothing.

According to New England Telephone Topics, a very interesting publication edited by employees for employees, the company has adopted the slogan, "Service First," and the following is an extract from a letter addressed to District Traffic Chief Wilson of this city, by Chief Operator J. J. Mahoney of Concord:

"I have read the editorial in the Telephone Topics, and feel that it would be an excellent thing, both for the telephone company and the public at large. Most of our employees could become enthused with the service first spirit."

"We realize that in a business like ours the best way to make the service and employees popular and appreciated by the subscribing public is to give the public as much as possible, even more than it ought reasonably to expect. The opportunities for so doing are more abundant in the operating branch than in any other.

"It is my opinion that if an operator is to be trained to treat each call as if she were doing the subscriber's personal favor, the feeling on the part of subscribers towards the company as a whole is going to be greatly strengthened.

"It has always been my aim to have girls understand this point of view, and to be particular about the tone of voice when answering subscribers. I am very much in favor of the 'service first' spirit, and look forward to the day when it will become universal."

MAGAZINE POETRY

I love to read the poetry in the monthly magazines. So seldom its significance a prima reading gleams.

I love to read it carefully, and prayerfully, and then,

I love to take another start and read it through again.

Its mysticism charms me with a fascination spell.

It is cryptic, cabalistic, and it weaves a magic spell.

It monopolizes, mesmerizes, magnetizes me.

It tickles my perceptions, and it fills my soul with glee.

I love its convolutions, its subtle twists of phrase.

To myself the reader, and to leave him in a daze;

I love its phrasology, so wonderful.

THE UNEMPLOYED

Lowell Sun: It is a pity that New York City, the metropolis of the land of liberty, was not strong enough and manly enough to meet these unemployed agitators talk in public.

Let them talk. It may be that after all it is not so much that they are out of a job—possibly not so much that they haven't enough to eat as that they are acting to shoot their mouths. Let them shoot.

JOHN F. ABBOTT DEAD

KEENE, N. H., March 9.—John T. Abbott, a lawyer of New York, who was formerly United States minister to Colombia died at his home here yesterday after a long illness, aged 50 years.

For many years before his removal to New York City, Mr. Abbott was prominent in politics in this state. He was a graduate of Bates college of the class of 1871.

THIN BLOOD CAUSES BACKACHE

Every muscle in the body needs a supply of rich red blood in proportion to the work it does.

The muscles of the back are under heavy strain and have but little rest.

When the blood is thin they lack nourishment and relief. The result is a sensation of pain in those muscles.

The best medical authorities agree that backache seldom or never means kidney trouble. Real organic kidney disease may have progressed to a critical point without developing a pain in the back. Doctors detect its presence by the exertions of the kidneys themselves.

Pains in the back should always lead the sufferer to look to the condition of the blood. It will be found in most cases that the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to build up the blood will stop the smarting of the ill-nourished muscles of the back. How much better it is to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for the blood to give way to unreasonably sharp aches about your kidneys. If you suspect your kidneys, any doctor can make tests in ten minutes that will set your fears at rest or tell you the worse.

All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. A fine book, "Building Up the Blood," will be sent on request by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE's sign.

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GREAT GREEK VICTORY ARRESTS AT BILLERICA

The Fall of Janina Celebrated by the Local Community at Their Church Yesterday

The first anniversary of the fall of Janina in which the Greek army captured 32,000 men after three months' continuous fighting, was observed in a fitting manner yesterday by the members of the local Greek community, inasmuch as many of the Greek soldiers lost their lives on the battlefield in this battle. It was thought best to observe the event with a mass of requiem for the repose of the souls of the departed heroes, and at 11 o'clock

Two Men and Two Women Arrested—One a Danish Girl Here But Two Years—Other Cases

Officers Conway and Livingston did a cleanup stomp in Billerica Centre yesterday when they visited the house of Harry Holdridge at 3 a.m., and found Harry, his brother Clifford, and two Boston girls in the house. They were charged this morning in police court with a statutory offence.

One of the women caught in the net of the Billerica police is married while the other is only a young girl. The latter told the court a sad story when she was called to the witness stand.

She is a native of Denmark and has only been in this country two years. Without friends and out of work the girl was simply drifting along in search of a job when picked up by Holdridge. "This girl is more to be pitied than blamed," said Judge Enright, "and I am going to give her an opportunity to brace up and start life over again." She was placed on probation. The other woman and the two Holdridge brothers were each given a sentence of six months in the house of correction. They appealed.

At a Card Game

Mavadas Protopos and James Plako were charged with being present at a game on the Lord's day. Plako pleaded not guilty while his companion admitted that he was present. The arresting officer was not in court today so that Plako was continued until Wednesday. Protopos was fined \$5.

John St. Onge pleaded guilty to taking a pair of shoes from Dolph's Laundry in July, 1911. The complainant told the court that the defendant took the

breaks from his house and then skipped for parts unknown. Judge Enright ordered St. Onge to slip Clerk Savage a \$5 bill.

Other Cases

Thomas Davis pleaded guilty to drunkenness but said that he did not strike Mary O'Day. He was charged with assault and battery upon the woman. Davis comes from Peabody and has been working in Billerica for the past seven weeks. He has been living at the boarding house of the complainant for a month and has been drunk a good portion of the time. The complainant endeavored to put him out of her house and received a blow on the head.

The defendant said that he was very drunk but did not think that he struck the woman. He said that he worked every day but that he had been drinking quite heavily of late. Judge Enright found him guilty and ordered him to pay a fine of \$10.

Leon W. Wilson was in the dock again for drunkenness this morning. Wilson promised Judge Enright Saturday that he would abstain from intoxicants if allowed to go free, but found temptation too strong. He has only been out of jail a few weeks. He was sent to the state farm.

Officer Drewett gave the court the recent history of Mary A. Riley. She was sentenced to two months in jail and the charity board was called upon to look after the welfare of her child.

Lewis H. Cheney and John A. Mahan were asked to produce \$5 apiece for being drunk twice within a year. Henry M. Sullivan, a man from the New Hampshire woods, was fined \$15 and placed on probation to pay the same.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

OPERA HOUSE

Probably the most ambitious set of motion pictures ever shown in this city will be "The Lady of Quality" with Miss Lillian Louis, the famous English actress, in the title role at the Opera House today and Tuesday. "The Lady of Quality" is a stirring tale of the gallant days of old, of sumptuous robes and cold steel, when torture and glory were carried by the sword and daring deeds performed for the smile of a lady fair. It has some absorbing complications, thrilling climaxes, and exchanging tangle of events and identities that finally end happily and just as the audience would wish it. As "The Lady" Miss Louis attains the loftiest heights of dramatic power. It is the pathetic record of a woman's pitiful career, the tender chronicle of a great misfortune. An ill-fated pursuer and she is afflicted with the most human suffering; but she emerges from her sorrows with an inspiring triumph for all womanhood.

Supported by the Famous Players' Motion Picture Company, an organization of such completeness that the characters fail to tell their place in the ensemble, the story is strengthened by clear delineation and faithful interpretation. This five-reel "Famous Players" motion picture should be popular in motion pictures to the theatregoers of this city as was the original production on the stage.

LITTLE WOMEN COMPANY

Not in years has there been such interest over the presentation of a play as followed the announcement that William A. Brady is to present at the Opera House for three days, beginning Thursday, March 12th, Marian de Forest's stage version of Louisa M. Alcott's immortal story, "Little Women."

The box office has been swamped with mail orders, and from many suburban towns have come requests for reservations, as parties are coming into town to see the four familiar characters from one of the most popular stories ever written. They will appear on stage, in long dreams from a story book, but living, breathing realities.

"Little Women" will be produced under the personal direction of Mr. Brady. The play will be costumed and furnished in the quaint fashion of the early '60s and is a faithful presentation of the original story, showing Meg, Jo, Beth and Amy, Laurie and the others.

Early yesterday morning the man was seen in the backyard of police headquarters, apparently trying to get out, and as that backyard is also the backyard for stores on Tremont Row, the police investigated.

The man said he didn't know where he was; all he knew was that he awoke in a photograph's studio and, after crawling through a window, down a fire escape, across several roofs and dropping from one of them, he had found himself just where he was when the spectators appeared.

All this sounded so unusual to the police that they locked him up, and it was found that the prisoner's only offense was the one he freely admitted.

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STABBING NEARLY FATAL

Serious Affray in Which Man Nearly Murdered His Brother-in-law—Held in \$1200

A stabbing affray at 348 Market Street yesterday came near ending in a relative-by-murder. In the mix-up while trying to protect her husband, the wife's wound was received evidently by accident.

It is extremely likely that the wound in the man's chest would have proved fatal within a few minutes of the assault if the weapon had not been deflected by striking a bone.

Kourloheras' wife was stabbed also while attempting to prevent the assailant from reaching her husband. Her injury is under the left arm and only missed a vital spot by a few inches. It is said that her wound is but slight when compared to those of her husband.

So far as can be learned by the police the whole affair is the result of an inter-family brawl, resulting from the marriage of the wounded man. It is alleged that the stabbing was done by a brother of the woman who had become incensed over the domestic affairs of the wounded couple.

The facts in the case, as gotten by the police, were that three men came to the house of the Kourloheras couple yesterday afternoon and knocked at the door for admittance. When the portal was swung open by the man it is claimed that Kalampokos, the broth-

er used to take me and my little brother and sister every night to the theatre in London in which my father played as Lord Dundreary. There we played our father through his faded whiskers and would go home to our beds."

"I am abandoning my Shakespeare work with this performance and will abandon the stage entirely at the end of 1916. I have been on the stage since 1879, and that is a long career. I am vigorous but this life without any social phases whatever is wearing on the strongest of men. My wife's ill health has forced her to leave the stage. After I appear for two years I shall be ready to quit and lead a domestic life."

PLANS FOR THE DANSANT

TO BE HELD IN AID OF ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL AT THE END OF APRIL.

The officers of the Ladies of Charity of St. John's hospital and the heads of the various committees in charge of the coming "Dansant," which will be held in Associate Hall, April 28, met at the hospital yesterday afternoon to make arrangements. Miss Rose Dowd presided. The chief reason for yesterday's meeting was to attend to the proper distribution of tickets, and final plans were made to cover the city thoroughly. All committees reported progress, and everything points to an unprecedented success.

THE LIQUOR ISSUE

Stirs Clash in Cambridge—Drug Store Sales Spoken of

BOSTON, March 9.—Before a large audience in Scenic Temple, Cambridge, yesterday afternoon, Mayor Barry requested the assertion of Arthur W. Blanchard, candidate for mayor on the progressive ticket, regarding liquor business maintained by drug stores in the University city and second Blanchard for not lending a hand to suppress the alleged nuisance instead of criticizing.

The occasion was a no-license rally under the auspices of the Cambridge Y. M. C. A., at which all the candidates for mayor were invited to reply to Blanchard's speech.

Albert E. Good represented his brother, Timothy W. Good, candidate for mayor on the democratic ticket, who was ill. Both he and Wendell D. Rockwood, Citizen's candidate, spoke strongly in favor of no-license.

The other speakers were ex-Senator Frederick W. Dallinger, Theodore H. Raymond and Carroll L. Chase, secretary of the Cambridge Y. M. C. A.

At all churches both Catholic and Protestant, no-license speakers were present, and the voters were urged to be on hand with their votes for no-license tomorrow. In order to remind the voters of their duty, the church bells will be rung at 9:30 this evening and at 6 o'clock in the morning and at noon tomorrow.

Speaking of his Dundreary review, which will begin in Kansas City two weeks hence, he said:

"I am adding this play to my repertoire, partly as a matter of sentiment out of remembrance of my father."

"The first time I ever saw my father's face to know was when he was made up as Lord Dundreary. My moth-

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

Mr. Blanchard then described Cambridge as a pipe-line of liquor in constant operation between Boston and Cambridge. For an hour or two a day

Trio of Statesmen From Which Successor of Moore Will Be Chosen



JOHN LIND 2 W.W. ROCKHILL 3 HENRY WHITE

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Consid-

erable speculation is indulged in here

as to who will be the new counselor

to the state department, succeeding

John Bassett Moore, who resigned a few days ago. Three men are now under consideration by President Wilson and Secretary Bryan. They are John Lind, the president's adviser on the Mexican situation, who is now in Vera Cruz; Henry White, former United States ambassador to France; and W. Rockhill, who has represented this country in Turkey and China. The new counselor to the state department will have much to do with the Mexican

GET FREE MEALS WERE SENT AWAY

White Men Served Food in Negro Church Yesterday

BOSTON, March 9.—Between 30 and

50 white men were given meals at the Mt. Pilgrim (colored) church in Lenox street yesterday after attending services there, and several others who did not attend service obtained meals and lodgings. Rev. G. W. Tillman, superintendent of the associated charity institution connected with the church, said yesterday that the number who sought food on that day was greater than the society usually serves, but that there has not been a day this winter that homeless men and women have not been given meals in the building adjoining the church.

Mayor Barry jumped to his feet as soon as Mr. Blanchard finished.

"As a total abstainer," he said, "I am not yet acquainted with the shuffling of foot or other passwords to get a drink." He then told of the work of the Law and Enforcement league with him to stamp out the illegal selling of liquor in Cambridge.

"I don't recall that the previous speaker gave any assistance in his work, but possibly his idea was that he would have the issue to use in the next campaign. Not every citizen has time to spend on Craigie bridge, as he has had."

"I want to refute his charges. It is easy enough to criticize, but where was the helping hand of this citizen?"

The mayor was roundly applauded.

John T. Shea, referring to Blanchard's speech, said he at first thought he was at a license meeting.

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THE SUN CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET

NICE 4 AND 5 ROOM TENEMENTS to let on North St., rent very reasonable. Apply to Mr. Quinn at store, 34 North St.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, FOR light housekeeping. Hoffman House, 337 Central St.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT, FOR with or without board. 50 Franklin St.

TENEMENT 7 ROOMS TO LET AT 47 Barclay St., 35 minutes' walk from depot. Apply 355 Stevens St.

STORE TO LET, 111 Main St., 24x44 slate glass front; suitable for most any kind of business. At 73 Gorham St. Apply Manhattan Market.

5 OR 6 ROOM FLAT TO LET; NEAR station; bath, hot water, set tubs; \$12. 47 St. Tel. 271-12.

UPSTAIRS 6-ROOM FLAT TO LET; all modern improvements, at 51 Dra- cut st. on White St.

ONE-LEVEL DOUBLE COTTAGE TO LET, 50 Prospect Street, Davis sq.; handy to bus. and electric. Price \$10. Apply 218 Westford St.

LOWER TENEMENT TO LET AT 12 Sixteen St., Pawtucketville; tenement in good repair, and rent low. Apply to H. C. Kitteridge, 15 Central St.

GEO. E. BROWN, 79 CHESTNUT ST. has two very desirable clean and pleasant 2-room tenements, toilets on floor, good collar, good respectable location, and neighbors; kind treatment. See them now.

CONVENIENT, WELL ARRANGED tenements to let; seven rooms and bath, gas, hot and cold water, set tubs, furnace heat. Good neighborhood. Close to electric line. \$10 to \$17 per month. Apply to H. T. Wilder, Traders National Bank.

6-ROOM COTTAGE TO LET; 4 Woods court, School St., rent reasonable. Telephone 11-5. Hillerica, or address S. S. Sun Office.

BAKER SHOP TO LET; RENT REA- sonable, good over. Inquire Mrs. Clark, 469 Broadway.

FLAT OF FIVE ROOMS TO LET; pantry and bath, 142 Joyce St. Ap- ply Griffith Florist, 31 Bridge St.

ROOM SUITABLE FOR BARBER shop or hairdresser's office, 3rd fl. on sec- ond floor of the Harrington building, 51 Central St.

MY HOUSE AND STABLE AT 219 Westworth Avenue, to let. Chas. A. Dabholka, Lowell jail.

WANTED 50,000 Tobacco Tags And Cigarette Coupons. 30 cents per 100. We give two Green Stampers tags or coupons.

CARE'S POOL \$5 Gorham St. CARE'S ROOM Near Post Office. Tel. 516

MEXICAN SITUATION

Continued

HANGERS CHOSEN SECRETARIAL TEXAS SATURDAY NIGHT

WERE NOT OPPOSED

LAREDO, Tex., March 9.—Texas Rangers, who secretly crossed into Mexico Saturday night and yesterday brought to the American side the mutilated body of Clemente Vergara, Texas rancher, and established the fact of his execution after he was seized by Mexican federal.

The Rangers were not opposed, accomplishing their search without the slightest violence, taking the body from its grave in Hidalgo cemetery almost within sight of the Texas border. The seizure was divested of possibly grave aspects in international complications by reason of the fact that the Rangers were virtually making use of permission granted officially by Mexican federal authorities, several days ago for recovery of the body. This permission had been given to United States Consul Alenzo Garrett at Nuevo Laredo, but he did not get it merely because of what he reported about others attending search for the immediate vicinity of Hidalgo.

It had been shot and hanged. When a search had begun for the missing American, it was learned that a man had been shot and his body hung to tree outside of Hidalgo early Sunday morning, Feb. 15, and that the body had been left hanging for several days.

Soon after Consul Garrett started his inquiries, this body was removed and fresh grave was noticed in the old Hidalgo cemetery.

Vergara's body was seen hanging at that of Vergara and that they believed he was buried in the new grave.

The body was not badly accom- posed, despite its three weeks' burial. In addition to recognizing the features, young Vergara took a bit of cloth from the trousers on the body and matched it with the coat which his father wore on the day he crossed the Rio Grande.

Guard Over Body

This body was brought into the United States at a point 3 miles northwest of Laredo, opposite Hidalgo, and near the Vergara ranch. American Consul Garrett, of Nuevo Laredo, deputy sheriffs and other authorities were waiting to receive it, and pending the arrival of the undertaker from Laredo, an armed force stood guard over the body.

Recovery of the body was made by a force of Texans, largely friends of Vergara, acting with a troop of Texas Rangers, under Captain Saunders, who have been investigating for Governor Colquitt the circumstances of Vergara's seizure by federal.

A secret investigation, in which many Mexicans had been implicated, understood to have preceded the trip into Mexico. Leading the force was a man, who claimed to have been a witness to both the execution and the burial of Vergara.

Met No Opposition

The force gathered near the Vergara ranch, not far from the spot where Vergara crossed the river to meet the Mexican federal, but promised recompensation for stolen horses. Moving silently, they began the overland march to Hidalgo, a distance of about 60 miles. They avoided the town, it was said, and met no opposition to their journey.

Location of the grave presented an easy task, for it has been a centre of speculation, and wonder, since it ap- peared after a swinging body had been cut down from the place of execution, when the hue and cry over Vergara's disappearance started an investigation. The body had been buried, interred with little or no effort to protect it.

With their burden fixed on one shoulder, carried by six of Vergara's friends, the procession started unchallenged on the return journey which brought Clementes Vergara home again to the United States.

It is understood that a thorough ex-

amination was ordered con- tinued by the state department, and the state of Texas also ordered an investigation by the Texas Rangers.

The island pasture of Vergara, where it was first reported the ranchman had been assaulted, complicated the affair by the question whether it was Mexi- can or American territory, until it was found that Vergara had been actually seized on the Mexican mainland.

This rendered those responsible safe from prosecution in Texas. As the horses were alleged to have been taken from this pasture, however, and county records showed it belongs to the state of Texas, Mrs. Vergara filed an affidavit charging Captain Rodriguez and three of his men with horse theft.

Forfeited by Death

Governor Colquitt requested permis- sion of the state department to send Texas Rangers across the border, to pursue the abductors and murderers of Vergara and was told by Secretary of State Bryan that the United States

had no objection.

The remarkable thing about this verse from the Book of Revelations is that the writer recognizes that God is both at the beginning and the end of life. That may not seem remarkable, because if God is everywhere, of course, he is the beginning and the end. He is all the beginning, and yet if you do not understand how wonderful that thought

SPECIAL NOTICES

LADIES—HATCHINGS ARE TO BE ready for the fall coming season. Let us keep you supplied with the latest at saving. Send twenty-five cents, coin or stamps, to our care, and send us samples. Falls Textile Company, Newton Upper Falls, Mass. Box 3.

MAKING OF LOW DOWN MILLS. Wiggins, D. DeLorme, Fitchburg, Mass.

CERTIFIED TEACHER WILL GIVE CERTIFICATIONS in all subjects of the English language, age, arithmetic. Private in- struction to backward pupils and persons of deficient education. Miss X. Cavannaugh, 129 Llewellyn St.

VIOLIN LESSONS. INQUIRE 171 Cross St.

CARD READING—PAST. PRESENT and future. 196 and 25c. Madam S. J. 479, Bridge St. cor. Madison.

UPSTAIRS 6-ROOM FLAT TO LET; all modern improvements, at 51 Dra- cut st. on White St.

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LEGISLATIVE HEARINGS

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, March 5, 1914. The Committee on Public Health will give hearing to persons interested in H. 1188, relative to the marking and sale of drugs; H. 1017, relative to dental dispensaries in cities and towns; H. 1183, relative to the furnishing of pamphlets in foreign languages on the hygiene of infants; H. 1184, for a reorganization of the State Board of Education; H. 1185, that the sale of books containing obscenity be prohibited; H. 583, relative to further restriction in the sale of cocaine and other drugs; H. 1972, relative to limiting the occupancy of cellars and basements in the city of Boston, as proposed. Sun. House, on Tuesday, March 10th at 10:30 A.M. James T. O'Dowd, Chairman. Enos H. Bigelow, Clerk of the Com- mittee.

LOST AND FOUND

LADY'S BLUE STRAW HAT LOST on Feb. 18, near the Middlesex at depot. Finder will receive reward by leaving at The Sun office.

CASH PAID FOR SECOND HAND furniture of all kinds, large or small lots. T. F. Muldown, 50 Central St.

STOVE REPAIRS, LININGS, GRATES, centers and other parts for all stoves and ranges carried in stock; work done at lowest prices. Bring name and place of store, or telephone 4170. Quinn Furniture Co., 160, Middlesex St.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND REPAIRED. Tuning. H. J. Kershaw, 190 Cumberland road. Tel. 644-1.

LIMBURG CO., CHIMNEY EXPERTS—Chimney swept and repaired. Regis- tration 1123 Bridge St. Tel. 916-5.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN IS published every day at both news stands of the Edison station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

STAYED OR STOLEN—A HAND- some yellow Scotch collie dog, white with black spots, 2 years old. Owner's name and address unknown. Reward for information will be given. A. P. Swanson, 916 Broadway.

POOL TABLE WANTED. ADDRESS 111 Sun Office.

10 CANS OF MILK—WANTED DAILY. Address W. E. Parker, 132 Middlesex St. Lowell.

NOVELS WANTED, MEDAL, MAG- net, Eagle Libraries; also bound books. Merritt's Book Store, 237 Middlesex St.

THE GOOD PEOPLE OF LOWELL. Bought, by 11th hour. Asbestos Linings. 15c and 25 cent boxes, at all stove dealers.

A. J. DEWEY. Painter, paperhanger. All work guaranteed. 105 LIBERTY ST. TEL. 516

WANTED

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

THE WILTSHIRE. Virginia ave. and Ocean view. Greatly improved and refur- nished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, etc. Music. Special—\$1.50 up weekly; \$2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. Samuel Ellis.

SALES OF KEYS FOUND. ON key ring in shape of heart. Owner may have them by applying at Sun Office and paying for adv.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—A HAND- some yellow Scotch collie dog, white with black spots, 2 years old. Owner's name and address unknown. Reward for information will be given. A. P. Swanson, 916 Broadway.

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TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

Southern Div.	Portland Div.
To Boston	From Boston
Lv. Arr. 1:45	Arr. 1:45
6:45 6:50	7:25 7:30
6:55 7:00	7:35 7:40
7:10 7:15	7:50 8:00
7:25 7:30	8:15 8:30
7:35 7:40	8:30 8:45
7:50 7:55	8:45 9:00
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6:10 6:15	6:30 6:35
6:25 6:30	6:35 6:40
6:40 6:45	6:40 6:45

MEN'S FURNISHING SALESMAN WANTED

A first-class salesman of experience. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY, giving full particulars and pay expected. Positively no interview will be granted until written application has been made. A steady position for the right fellow. No one who uses liquor need apply.

BON MARCHE DRY GOODS COMPANY

CATHOLIC CHURCH NEWS

Holy Name Officers Installed at St. Peter's—Mission to be Held at Immaculate Conception

The forty hours' devotion was over. Fr. Healey has recently been appointed the official head of Dominican missions in the country.

The mission will continue for two weeks; first week for women, second week for men. Both men and women, however, may attend the morning ex-ercises.

On Sundays masses at the usual hours.

There was a meeting of the Holy Name society last evening at 5 o'clock with a large attendance. Fr. Curtin, the spiritual director attended, and spoke briefly urging on the members to remember the lessons taught at the recent great union meeting at St. Michael's and not to falter in their good resolutions.

No sermon on Saturday evening. Exposition and adoration of the Blessed Sacrament from 7:30 to 8:30 o'clock on Saturday evening, closing with benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

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Confessions will commence on Tuesday of each week at 3:30 p.m.

Hours for confession: In the morning after the 5 and 8 o'clock masses, and from 3:30 to 6 and 7:30 to 10 p.m.

St. Michael's

The parish mass at St. Michael's yesterday was celebrated by the pastor, Rev. Fr. Shaw and the sermon was

Rev. W. George Mullin celebrated

high mass at St. Peter's church yesterday and Rev. Daniel J. Hoffmann preached a most instructive sermon on the gospel of the day.

It was announced that the usual Lenten devotions will be held Wednesday evening and Friday afternoon and evening.

The regular monthly meeting of the Holy Name society was held in St. Paul's chapel last evening with a splendid attendance. Rev. Fr. Burns officiated and spoke briefly on the work of the Holy Name society, asking all to hold fast to its principles and to remember its pledges.

The blessing of the sacrament was given after the sermon. Immediately after the religious meeting a business session was held with Pres. James W. Cook in the chair.

Much routine business was transacted and during a discussion relative to the next quarterly communion in April the officers expressed their belief that the attendance will be the largest ever.

Then followed the most important business of the meeting, the installation of the newly appointed officers.

The new officers are as follows: President, Bernard D. Ward; vice-president, John J. Watson; recording secretary, William Fitzgerald; financial secretary, John L. McNamee; marshal, Michael Jonathan; sergeant-at-arms, Hugh McDermott; library committee, William P. Welch, Edward Oulsdorff and John O'Rourke.

Immaculate Conception

It was announced at all the masses at the Church of the Immaculate Conception yesterday that, commencing Sunday, March 18, there will be a two weeks' mission in this parish conducted by the Dominican fathers, under the charge of Fr. Healey, one of the most noted missionaries in the Dominican order.

Many others

ADMISSION 5¢ AND 10¢

SEE THIS CHARMING NEW ROYAL THEATRE.

MISS MERRIMACK STREET

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

A FINE ENTERTAINMENT

"THE GOLDEN CROSS"

In three parts. A story of love, loss and retribution. Full of heart-beating and dramatic action.

Many others

ADMISSION 5¢ AND 10¢

GETWISE IN THE OWL THEATRE

IT WILL BE GOOD

THE HOME

—of the

BIG FEATURES

THE ATTRACTIOMS TODAY

"THE GANGSTERS OF NEW YORK"

In Four Acts. Also Five Other Reels

including

"ETYL JOHNSON" Keystone Comedy and "A MUSICAL PICTURE."

Reserved Seats 10¢

SEATS 50¢

THEATRE VOYONS

The House Exclusive

The great railroad story that the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen tried to stop will be featured for the next three days, entitled

THE SWITCHMAN'S

MISTAKE

In Two Parts

FOUR OTHER PICTURES AND THREE SONGS

The Best Show in the City

CRESCENT SKATING RINK

THREE SESSIONS DAILY

CONTINUOUS MUSIC

The first five ladies presenting this advertisement at any session have 50¢ state free.

1000 Matinee Reserved Seats 10 Cents

7--OTHER FEATURES OF KEITH MERIT--7

1000 Matinee Reserved Seats 10 Cents

preached by Rev. Francis J. Mullin, who took "Prayer" for his subject. He dwelt on the idea of prayer and how closely it is connected with the very essence of Christian worship, and he showed how a little meditation will reveal to mankind all that they ought to pray for to the Lord, who himself taught them how to pray.

There was a meeting of the Holy Name Society last evening at 5:30 p.m. presided over by Rev. Fr. McNeil, who spoke briefly on the history of the Stations of the Cross. The attendance was large.

It was announced that next Sunday will be the communion day for the Immaculate Conception Society. Lenten devotions will be held at the usual time on Wednesday and Friday of this week.

St. Joseph's

The parish mass at St. Joseph's church yesterday morning was celebrated by Rev. J. H. Edward, O. M. I., of Valleyfield, Que., and a former assistant-pastor of St. Joseph's. The attendance at the mass was unusually large for it had been announced that Fr. Edward, who was a favorite in Lowell, would officiate at the high mass. At the close of the service many of the old-timers went to the sacristy and warm hand-shakes were exchanged. The sermon, an interesting one on the gospel of the day, was delivered by Rev. Walter J. Plaisance, O. M. I., P. D. of Tewksbury, who also made the announcements. At the offertory "Mardi Gras" was sung by J. E. Reiter, assisted by the choir.

At 6:30 o'clock in the evening the annual retreat for the married women of the parish opened in both St. Jean Baptiste and St. Joseph's churches.

The attendance at both Masses was very large. At St. Jean Baptiste church Rev. Fr. Porter, O. M. I. of Quebec delivered the sermon and also gave the instructions for the services throughout the week. The service closed with the benediction of the Blessed Sacrament. Rev. Arthur Berneche, O. M. I. officiating.

The preacher at St. Joseph's church was Rev. Octave Allard, O. M. I., also of Quebec, while the officiating priest at Leoniéville was Rev. Charles Parquette, O. M. I. of Quebec.

Rosary instruction, recitation of third part of rosary, sermon and benediction in the evening at 7:30 o'clock.

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Howard's Lilac Cream

Its preparation is quickly absorbed, leaving the skin soft and velvety.

It has the perfume of fresh blue and is preferable to talcum water.

An Ideal After Shaving Lotion.

Sold by A. G. Pollard Co., F. E. Bailey & Co. and Parker.

HOWARD DRUGIST, 107 Central St.

The ushers at the reception were the following young men: George T. Booth,

Mr. and Mrs. Booth of 810 Lakeview Avenue—Many Friends Present

Mr. and Mrs. Parker of Beverly;

George Booth, Sr., Mrs. Evelyn Booth and Mrs. Frank Clough, Mrs. Booth's sister, all of Manchester, N.H.; Miss Esther Hauke of Roxbury; Miss Barbara Hale of Dorchester; Miss Corinne Gallagher of Cambridge and Mr. W. Read of Providence, R. I.

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Generally fair today and
Tuesday; moderate west
winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. MONDAY MARCH 9 1914

PRICE ONE CENT

Armed Intervention Urged

A MYSTERIOUS SHIP IN PORTLAND HARBOR

Said to be Equipped for Trip to Africa—May be Added to Fleet of Kingdom Yacht Club

PORTLAND, Me., March 9.—The steamer Curityba steamed out of New York Saturday for the purpose it was stated, of fitting out her for a trip to Africa with negroes, who expect to settle on the gold coast. Arrived to anchor in the lower harbor day and anchored in the lower harbor. Previous to the arrival of the ship nothing definite was known along the water front of the intentions of those on board of "Chief Sam" reported in New York as despatched as the "dark to Africa" movement.

Kingdom Yacht Club

Certain circumstances led to the belief among officials and water-front men that the steamer was to be added to the fleet of the Kingdom Yacht club, the organization that controls the vessels owned by the Holy Ghost and US society at St. Louis, or used in connection with the work of the society, whose head, Rev. Frank W. Sundberg, has been an inmate of the federal penitentiary at Atlanta the past two years. The ship is under the command of Capt. L. S. McKenzie of Cambridge, Mass., who formerly was sailing master of the *Curryca*, one of the Kingdom fleet. The *Curityba* displays the Cuban flag.

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CRIMINAL COURT OPENS

Lowell Cases Called Today—Eight Charges of Larceny Against Billerica Street Man

The March sitting of the criminal court convened in the court house shortly after 10 o'clock this forenoon with Judge Keating as presiding Justice. Prize was offered at the opening of the case by Rev. N. W. Matthews, pastor of Gorham Street Methodist church.

Mr. Forester Swindling Case

Several Lowell cases were called among them that of Edgar J. Forester of Billerica street, who it is alleged swindled three men who reside in the suburbs of Lowell out of sum of money totalling \$2600 by pretending to represent different manufacturing companies.

The defendant was represented by

SKIN TROUBLES

FROM SCROFULA

Among the manifestations of scrofula are eruptions on the face and body. These are both annoying and disfiguring. How often the complexion would be perfect if they were not present!

Charles M. Skene, a local real estate agent, tested that the defendant rent throughly off a building at 16 Hatch street, and took that rent bills made out to the Windsor Manufacturing company. Court was then adjourned until 10 o'clock.

Sentenced to Jail

Arthur March and Harry Regis were arraigned on charge of robbery, which, it is claim, occurred on Lakeview avenue last November. The victim of the robbery was seriously injured during the fall, and was confined to a local hospital for several weeks. Both of the defendants, who were represented by Lawyers Donahue and McCaffrey, were committed to the Lowell jail for a term of six months.

To Informants

James P. Fells headed gallily to beding and entered a jewelry store on last Merrimack street. He was seized to the Massachusetts territory.

Mr. Clegg

In case of James B. McDonald, husband of wife & minor children, recontinued and the March sitting adjourned.

\$5.00 for 36 bushels.
\$2.75 for 18 bushels.

LOWELL GAS LIGHT CO.

Telephones—
3106, 1204, 340

OVER 100 AMERICANS AND OTHER FOREIGNERS

Murdered or Outraged During the Last Three Years of Revolution in Mexico—Senator Fall Lays Report Before Senate—Gives Names, Dates and Circumstances

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Specific charges that more than one hundred Americans and other foreigners have been killed, murdered or outraged during the last three years of revolution in Mexico were laid before the senate today by Senator Fall, republican of New Mexico, in the course of a speech in which he urged armed intervention—not for war but for protection of non-combatants—and repudiated the administration's policy.

Senator Fall's list gives names, dates and circumstances and was gathered from his own sources. Acting Chairman Shively of the foreign-relations committee, armed with material from the White House and the state department, was ready to give the administration's view, but the prospect was that all today's session would be taken up with Mr. Fall's speech.

Secretary Bryan when he heard of Senator Fall's charges said he would make no statement until he had read all the senator's speech and would for the present leave the administration's defense to senators.

FEDERAL ARMY ORDERED TO TAKE THE OFFENSIVE—BEGINS CAMPAIGN IN THE NORTH

MEXICO CITY, March 9.—The federal army was today ordered to take the offensive against the forces under the command of Venustiano Carranza, Provisional President. Huerta sent to all the governors of states and all the army commanders by telegraph the following orders:

"Today the federal government begins a campaign against the rebels of the north. To that end you will see the necessity that the troops under

your command assume actively the offensive, in order to bring to a finish a situation which so prejudices the republic."

Gen. Huerta then again cautioned his followers to give protection to foreigners.

GOV. COLQUITT WILL MAKE REPORT ON RECOVERY OF VARGAS BODY, IF REQUESTED

AUSTIN, Tex., March 9.—When informed that President Wilson would expect a full report on the recovery of Vargas' body, Gov. Colquitt said that, although he had not yet received such a request from the president, this would be furnished if requested. This afternoon the court made them come down to the advice proper. He said the letter of advice would fit well in Lowell. He supplied the members of the council and the assessors with a list of the mill valuation in Fall River and New Bedford, showing the taxation of the property, the work and also the valuation per spindle of every large manufacturing place of both cities. He said there was no need of Lowell hiring experts to assess her mill property, for he knew if the assessors spent a day in New Bedford and one in Fall River, they could gather enough information.

ASQUITH OFFERS PLAN TO PACIFY ULSTERITES

Would Have Ulster Counties Vote on Exclusion for Six Years Before the Irish Parliament is Opened—Irish Party Will Approve the Proposition

LONDON, March 9.—Premier Asquith today laid before the house of commons his proposed concessions to Ulster in regard to its position under the home rule bill. The announcement, which had been so long and anxiously awaited, was to the effect that before the bill became operative a poll should be taken of the parliamentary electors of each county of

the four Ulster counties to decide whether there should be an exclusion of the Ulster counties from the provisions of the bill for a period of six years from the first meeting of the new Irish parliament. If the majority of the voters was in favor of this scheme the four Ulster counties would automatically be excluded for the prescribed period.

Before an attendance even bigger than that which listened to the introduction of the Irish home rule bill, Premier Asquith began his statement shortly before four o'clock. He prefaced his speech with the declaration that the government made these suggestions today not because it was

Continued to page nine

nor children, was placed on probation for a term of six months and ordered to pay four dollars weekly toward the support of his family.

Afternoon Session

Andrew A. McCarthy was called in the witness stand at the opening of the afternoon session. He stated that he was employed at the office of the Courier-Globe Co. and had talked with the defendant in that office. He said that a few weeks ago Mr. Forester brought a small advertisement to the office and asked to have it inserted in the newspaper.

Sgt. David Pollio of the police department said that he made the arrest and was present at the station when Mr. Forester was questioned by Sgt. Welsh. Witness visited the place of business at 16 Branch street previous to the arrest. He testified to answering an advertisement in a local newspaper which called for a man to invest a sum of money in a jewelry company. The witness said he answered the ad and a few days later Mr. Forester went to pick up some of the mail and threw it into a store, but he prevented him

from doing this. The witness said that at a later date he went to a room in the Burbank building on Prescott street where the defendant occupied and found there, among other things, several newspaper advertisements asking for a partner, lady or gentleman, who would invest money in a manufacturing company.

When questioned by Hon. J. E. O'Donnell, the witness said he did not think he could get into the building on Branch street if he went alone, so he sent Mr. Morris, one of the complainants, ahead of him. When he knocked at the door the defendant opened it and allowed him to enter. He said there was no machinery on the premises that could be used to manufacture vacuum cleaners, cream separators, etc.

The witness said that he wrote to Forester, asking for a statement as to the company's business but he (Forester) said things were going along all right and promised that business would be better later on. Mr. Cheney said he went to a place on Summer street, Boston, occupied by the Windsor Mfg. Co., to try and make a settlement but could not find Mr. Forester although his office was located there.

The witness presented a letter which

Third Edition

TAX COMMISSIONER MEETS CITY COUNCIL

Albert F. Fales Conferred With Mayor and Tax Commissioners—Gives Some Good Advice to Board of Assessors

Albert F. Fales, first assistant state tax commissioner of the commonwealth came to this city today for the purpose of meeting the members of the city council in a conference in relation to the work of the assessors' department. Mr. Fales arrived in Lowell this morning and paid his usual visit to the assessors, in the course of which he advised them on certain matters pertaining to their work.

At 2:45 o'clock a conference was held in the mayor's reception room, and during the conference were Mayor Murphy, Commissioners Carmichael, Frost and Doran, as well as Assessors Albert J. Blazier, Jeremiah O'Sullivan and Daniel E. Hogan, and Assessor Counsellor Fales.

Mr. Fales in the course of the conference, informed the council and the assessors that Lowell computed favorably with Lynn, New Bedford and Fall River as far as taxation was concerned. Speaking about the mill taxation, Mr. Fales said some years ago the tax commissioners sent a letter of advice to the assessors of Lawrence directing Mayor White's administration, but they exceeded the advice and the court made them come down to the advice proper. He said the letter of advice would fit well in Lowell. He supplied the members of the council and the assessors with a list of the mill valuation in Fall River and New Bedford, showing the taxation of the property, the work and also the valuation per spindle of every large manufacturing place of both cities. He said there was no need of Lowell hiring experts to assess her mill property, for he knew if the assessors spent a day in New Bedford and one in Fall River, they could gather enough information.

TRADERS BANK AFFAIR

THE STOCKHOLDERS TO BE ASSSESSED 100 PER CENT. ON THIS STOCK

The receiver of the Traders National bank today gave out the following information which is of intense interest to hundreds in this city: An assessment of 100 per cent. was recently declared on the stock, levied by the comptroller of the currency on March 2d, and made payable April 2d. An extension was granted the stockholders, exempting them from interest, provided that they give a written promise to pay 25 per cent additional on May 2d; 26 per cent on June 2d, and 26 per cent on July 2d.

TREAS. FAIRBANKS DEAD

MILTON, March 9.—Charles F. Fairbanks, treasurer of the Bigelow Carpet Co. of Lowell, died at his home here today.

Mr. Cheney said that the company was to have agents in certain sections of the country and they were to secure orders for the goods.

Mr. Fairbanks was one of the most prominent mill men in Massachusetts. Mr. Fairbanks died rather suddenly. He was born in Charlstown. He leaves three sons and a daughter together with his wife. Another son, William Kendall, who was agent of the Bigelow company of Lowell, died a few years ago. Mr. Fairbanks had been treasurer of the Bigelow company of Lowell and of the Wire Cloth company of Clinton for 40 years.

Something New

The latest electrical convenience for the home is an attractive little porch light.

Besides illuminating the porch, it shows the street number of your home.

Call and see it.

Just a Little While and Chalifoux's Store

Will be over on the corner of Merrimack and Central Sts.

The new corner store will be the field of our new activity and we shall welcome you with brand new stocks of goods, the like of which Lowell has not heretofore enjoyed.

Chalifoux's

Ask Your Doctor

Is alcohol a tonic? No! Does it make the blood pure? No! Does it strengthen the nerves? No! Is Ayer's Sarsaparilla a tonic? Yes! Does it make the blood pure? Yes! Does it strengthen the nerves? Yes! Ask your doctor about this.

ON THE 54 HOUR LAW

Report of Special Committee of Legislature Tells of its Workings—The Christmas Season

Of the 54-hour law the special committee on the labor of women and minors, after full investigation, makes a very interesting and instructive report that refers particularly to Lowell. Rep. Aspin was a member of this committee.

The report says:

Chapter 755 of the Acts of 1913 was enacted as an amendment of chapter 77 of the Acts of 1912. Its purpose was to extend the 54-hour law for women and minors to mercantile establishments, telegraph offices, and telephone exchanges, and to the employees of express and transportation companies. It had the effect, however, of imposing a much greater limitation upon the hours of labor of the persons to whom it applied. For example, a female formerly employed in a manufacturing establishment 64 hours a week was permitted to work evenings and Saturdays in mercantile establishments as an extra girl. By bringing mercantile establishments within the classification of establishments to which the act applies, this additional employment has been prohibited with evil results in many cases to both employers and employees.

In the city of Lowell alone, we are told by the secretary of the board of trade, no less than 300 female mill operatives have been accustomed to working Saturday afternoons and evenings in the large department stores of that city, thereby earning from \$1 to \$2 increased wages, and also making available for themselves and other members of their respective families the stores discount customarily given to employees. In many cases the result of the law has been an aggregate loss of from \$1 to \$6 per week.

While it may be argued that what mill operatives have lost in this respect some other class of girls has gained, there is a much broader question involved. Mr. Murphy, secretary of the Lowell board of trade, told us that he was certain that this law has been the cause of the downfall of several mill girls, who, having become accustomed to seeing fine clothes in the stores where they formerly were employed, and having been able to get them at low cost through the discounts allowed them as employees of the store, and to purchase them with the proceeds of only a few weeks' extra labor, may find it too much of a blow to their pride to give up such clothes and have consequently turned to the only avenue left open through which to obtain them. In the face of such testimony it is utterly absurd to contend that any loss suffered by any one girl has been a gain to some other girl.

The statute is designed, of course, to protect female employees and minors against wearisome hours, but it partially fails to accomplish its purpose because of the fact that the limitation has been placed upon the total number of hours for the week rather than upon the total number of hours for the day. For example, a girl 18 years of age working in a factory eight hours per day on the first five days of the week and four and one-half hours on Saturday may work in a mercantile establishment nine and one-half hours on Saturday, making a total for that day of fourteen hours, simply because the women from their morning schedule on

Saturday Employment

Still a third complaint is made against this statute by employers in mercantile establishments who find it difficult to carry on the Saturday business of their stores within the provisions. This is particularly true of dry-goods stores outside of Boston, where it is almost inevitable practice to keep open on Saturday evening until 10:30 o'clock. In order to do this many proprietors of dry-goods stores have found it necessary to exclude women from their morning schedule on

Mr. Woods, who has been investigating the matter. To his secretary the mayor recently assigned the task of working out a policy which would give the people of the city reasonable opportunity to get refreshments during the latter hours of the night, while preventing, as far as possible, the occurrence of objectionable conduct in places licensed and avoiding suspicion of discrimination on the city's part.

Mr. Woods, after many conferences, recommended that to reputable and orderly restaurants which provide entertainment, such as cabaret shows and public dancing, be given licenses permitting them to keep open all night, provided food is served and there are no back rooms where objectionable conduct can take place.

That no all-night licenses be granted to hotels, and that at 1 o'clock the sale of liquor in these places be discontinued at bars and adjoining cafes, but that hotels may be allowed to continue serving food to guests in other parts of the building.

The policy recommended is not radically different from that of the late Mayor William J. Gaynor.

TWO FOUND DEAD

BOSTON, March 9.—Two Roxbury people were discovered dead in their beds yesterday.

The body of Mrs. Fanny Deiman of 29 Blue Hill avenue was found by her son and Harry Peterson, 287 Warren street, was accidentally asphyxiated by gas as he slept.

SUNDAY PICTURE SHOWS

May Murphy has addressed the following letter to moving picture house managers of the city:

"The following will be the tariff for Sunday entertainments in moving picture houses on and after March 7, 1914:

"Minimum fee—\$5.00."

"Houses with seating capacity between 50 and 1000—\$8.00."

"Houses with seating capacity of 1000 or more—\$10."

CHILD'S LIFE SAVED

By Dr. True's Little

We have just received a letter from charming mother of six children where she says: "When I was living in the mountains of New Hampshire my baby was very sick and friend of mine wanted me to see Dr. True's Little, and now I have six children without it. Dr. True's Little is in my house more than a few weeks at a time, and I bought a bottle last week."

Mrs. D. N. GILKE, R. P. D. Box 15, West Newbury, Mass.

Trade Mark

That is the way lots of children score.

That is the way

EMMET'S ANNIVERSARY WAS SHOT DOWN

Observed by the Irish National Brotherhood — Address by Dr. M. F. Sullivan of Lawrence

Never perhaps in this city was the birthday of Robert Emmet celebrated more enthusiastically or more profitably than yesterday afternoon at the hall of the Irish National Brotherhood at 82 Middle street. The members, 500 strong, were present, and there were invited guests from Boston, Haverhill and Lawrence. The principal speaker was Dr. M. F. Sullivan of Lawrence, the founder of the Irish Historical Society, a historian, an able writer, a patriot and an orator.

Mayor Curley of Boston had been invited to attend but unable to come on account of his official cares, he sent a pointed letter of regret which is given below. Mr. P. C. Kelley of Charlestown, who is prominent in various activities in that part of Boston, was also present and delivered an eloquent address.

Mr. James O'Sullivan presided and upon the platform were: Dr. M. F. Sullivan of Lawrence, Bartholomew Crowley of Haverhill, P. C. Kelley of Boston, Mayor Murphy, Senator Draper, Rep. Murphy, Supt. H. J. Molloy, Dr. J. B. O'Connor, E. J. Gallagher, and several others.

In opening the meeting, Chairman O'Sullivan made a stirring speech

Hon. John E. Redmond, under whose guidance so many far-reaching reforms have been achieved and whose efforts will be crowned within a few months by the final enactment of the home rule bill under which Ireland will have her own parliament.

Dr. Sullivan reviewed the services of Irish Americans in this country, their readiness to defend the flag and their loyalty as shown in many battle fields. He also pointed out to Irish Americans the duty of availing themselves of all the opportunities for advancement which this country offers.

Mrs. P. C. Kelley of Charlestown made a ringing speech, expressing the proud position held by the Irish cause today, the necessity of united action in building up the independence of the old land, stopping emigration and working for the development of the country's great natural resources.

Mr. Bart. Crowley of Haverhill said that on his recent trip to Ireland with James O'Sullivan, he had visited the grave of Ann Devlin in Glenside cemetery.

Chairman O'Sullivan announced that the military company of the camp would turn out next Sunday evening to escort the speakers from the Richardson hotel to Associate Hall, while the members of the camp and all others who do desire will fall in line behind the company. St. Patrick's boys' band will render music.

Mr. E. J. Gallagher gave further details of the big demonstration which will be the last opportunity the friends of Ireland will have to contribute to the home rule cause. The committee, he said, will meet Tuesday evening at 32 Middle street to complete the arrangements for the big demonstration at Associate Hall next Sunday evening in aid of the home rule cause.

There were songs by Mr. Green, Timothy Rohan and others.

FAVORS MIXED MARRIAGE

COLORED MEN FEAR SUFFRAGISTS BUT WOULD NOT RETURN TO AFRICA.

BOSTON, March 8.—The sons of Ham, Shem and Japheth according to a definition given from the platform mingled at Ford Hall last night to hear Mrs. Mary Church Terrell of Oberlin college on "The Sons of Ham," with whom she is identified.

She called the intermarriage of white and colored people an individual matter, by no means condemning it; and she said that even the blackest person in the country probably has a good deal of white blood in his veins; and she explained the fact of many black men joining with the anti-suffragists as due to their fear that white women would show more prejudice than white men. Moreover she said that if the opportunity were offered colored people in America to go back to Africa, such an offer would be spurned, as their forefathers had given 300 years of toil to the upbuilding of this country.

She charged that the constitutional amendment by which suffrage was conferred on colored men is now practically a dead letter in many sections of the country, and she said more murders were committed in the United States than in any other country save Italy alone, "due to the impunity with which colored men and women are murdered."

BULLET AS ARGUMENT

BOSTON, March 9.—Tebor Tolasi, 40 years old, of Elm place, Quincy, is in the Quincy hospital in a dangerous condition as the result of being shot in the left breast last night. The police arrested Dominick Boles, 25 years of age, of 36 Canal street, on the charge of assault with a dangerous weapon with intent to kill and they also held four other men as witnesses.

The shooting took place near the corner of Canal and Brackell streets, and was due to a controversy over money matters, the police say.

DRACUT

At a meeting of the recently elected schoolmen of Dracut, Fred E. Pollard was elected chairman of the board, and the appointment of minor officials will take place next Friday evening. The library trustees met Saturday evening. Thomas Varnum was chosen chairman and Harry Mozzley, secretary. Rev. Ernest Bartlett was appointed custodian of the museum.

The school committee organized as follows: Chairman, Hiram E. Lincoln; secretary, Nelson E. Huntley; school physician, Dr. Mason D. Bryant; representatives to school district, Hiram E. Lincoln; Edward W. Dennett, N. E. Huntley; census enumerators, Eugene C. Fox, Paul A. Scott, Joseph F. Varnum; attendance officer, sub-committee on school; trustees, Eugene C. Fox, Mark L. Shaw.

It was voted to pay the chairman \$50 per year, the physician \$100, the attendance officer \$6 per hour and the census enumerators the same as last year.

Sub committee on school at Collinsville, Jas. P. Yarnum; Parker avenue, Paul Scott; Goodhue, Hiram E. Lincoln; Centre, Ed. W. Dennett; Kenwood, Arthur Haywood; Broadway, Corliss Smith; East Dracut, Albert N. Fox.

Committee on repairs, Hiram E. Lincoln; Ed. W. Dennett, Jas. P. Yarnum; committee on books and supplies, Superintendent Randall, Albert N. Fox, Paul A. Scott; committee on transportation, Nelson E. Huntley, Eugene C. Fox, Arthur Haywood; committee on insurance, Hiram E. Lincoln, Eugene C. Fox, Nelson E. Huntley.

SUFFRAGETTES FINED

LONDON, March 9.—Ten of the militant suffragettes arrested during the demonstration in Trafalgar square when Miss Sylvia Pankhurst was captured by the police were arraigned at Bow street police court today. Small fines were imposed by the magistrate with the option of serving a short term of imprisonment.

Miss Zella Emerson of Jackson, Mich., was not among the prisoners the report of her arrest having been erroneous.

Lodging House

TO LET

38 ROOMS

Centrally Located

AT 312 MARKET ST.

Inquire at 310 Market St.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

AN EXTRAORDINARY PURCHASE OF RAINCOATS BRINGS THESE IMPORTANT BARGAIN ANNOUNCEMENTS TO YOUR ATTENTION

1000 RAINCOATS

AT ABOUT 1-2 PRICE

FOR MEN AND WOMEN, ALL NEW GOODS AND THIS SEASON'S MODELS, INCLUDING THE SAMPLE LINES AND SURPLUS STOCK OF ONE OF THE LARGEST MAKERS IN THIS COUNTRY. SOLD TO US AT A CLEARANCE PRICE OF ABOUT 60¢ ON THE DOLLAR. THESE LOTS INCLUDE THE NEWEST STYLES IN DOUBLE TEXTURES, RUBBER SURFACE CLOTHS, RUBBER LINED FABRICS, SERGES, REPPS, ETC. ALL PERFECT GARMENTS. EVERY ONE A MOST REMARKABLE VALUE AS THEY COME TO YOU AT THE BEGINNING OF THE WATER PROOF GARMENT SEASON.

ON SALE TODAY

On Sale in the Men's Department— Palmer Street Basement

On Sale in the Ladies' Cloak and Suit Department—Second Floor

RAINFOATS AT ONLY.....\$2.98 EACH

Rubber Surface, Black Rubber and Rubber Lined Coats, at this price. All coats perfect and worth \$5.00 each; also a few misses' and children's repp coats at this price.

Sale Price \$2.98

CHILDREN'S CAPES.....\$1.50

Made of fast color sateen; colors, navy and red, sizes 6 to 14 years. Price \$1.50 for Monday.

Sale Price \$1.50

BLACK RUBBER COATS.....\$3.98

Made of extra heavy black rubber, fastened with buttons or fasteners, sizes 34 to 44; also a large assortment of double texture raincoats. Regular values \$6.00 and \$7.50.

\$3.98

\$10.00 RAINCOATS.....\$5.00

A nice assortment of \$10.00 Raincoats in this lot. Misses' and ladies' sizes.

Sale Price \$5.00

\$15.00 RAINCOATS.....\$7.50

Any coat in this lot worth \$15.00. Double textures black and white checks and misses' coats with velvet collars and velvet strap at cuffs. These coats are marked less than the wholesale price.

Sale Price \$7.50

\$18.50 TO \$25.00 RAINCOATS.....\$10.00

A small assortment of coats at this price. Mostly sample sizes and every coat perfect, with from \$18.50 to \$25.00.

Sale Price \$10.00

CLOAK DEPT.—SECOND FLOOR

SPRING HOUSE CLEANING

You will soon want to renew your Curtains, Draperies, Rugs and Art Squares, and we have prepared for sale with all the newest novelties of the season, having just received new stocks from the best and largest manufacturer in both the foreign and domestic makes.

MUSLIN CURTAINS.....49c to \$2.00 a Pair

Serim Curtains.....49c to \$15.00 a Pair

Madras Large Curtains.....98c to \$3.00 a Pair

Nottingham Lace Curtains.....69c to \$5.00 a Pair

Full line of Rugs in all sizes from small door mats to extra large room sizes at special low prices.

NEW QUAKER LACE CURTAINS.....\$2.00 to \$7.50 a Pair

Imported Irish Point Curtains.....\$2.98 to \$15.00 a Pair

Imported French Large Curtains.....\$3.98 to \$15.00 a Pair

English Cable Net Curtains.....\$1.50 to \$6.00 a Pair

98c to \$65.00

Basement Bargain Dept.

DRY GOODS SECTION — SPECIAL VALUES FOR THIS WEEK

BLEACHED COTTON—50 pieces of fine bleached cotton, 36 inches wide, natural fluff, 12c value.....Special at 8c Yard

MADRAS SHIRTING—One case of the best quality madras shirting in light colors, fancy, and plain weaves in handsome patterns, suitable for shirts, blouses, waists and dresses.

Special at 12 1-2c Yard

MERCERIZED POPLIN—Fine mercerized poplin remains in plain colors, good quality, 19c value on the piece, At 12 1-2c Yard

SPRING DRESS GOODS—Two cases of remnants, representing a large variety of new spring dress goods in mohair, brocades, white cords, serges and India twills 39c to 75c value.

At 25c and 39c Yard

SATIN FINISH SPREADS—100 satin finish spreads in handsome patterns, embroidered edge, cut corner and fringed, cut corners full size, bad quality, \$3.00 value.....At \$2.00 Each

WOOL BLANKETS—To close, about 200 sample white wool blankets, full 11-4 size, very nice quality with fast colors, blankets worth from \$4.00 to \$6.00 a pair. To Close at \$1.50 Each

READY-TO-WEAR SECTION—Now going on, our sale of fine muslin underwear, corset covers, drawers, skirts, combinations and gowns at about 25 per cent. less than usual price.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES—Children's dresses, made of fine gingham, percale, galatea, made in handsome style, sizes 6 to 14 years

Special Value at 98c Each

ALL OVER APRONS—All over aprons, made of very fine percale in light, medium and dark colors, garments made large and full

Only 39c Each

LADIES' \$1.00 SHIRT WAISTS AT 79c EACH—Ladies' white shirt waists, made of fine lingerie, batiste and lawn, large variety of new spring styles, \$1.00 value.....At 79c Each

BOYS' CLOTHING SECTION

BOYS' PANTS AT 12c PAIR—Boys' bloomer pants, made of heavy wool material.....Only 12c Pair

BASEMENT—BASEMENT

AMERICAN WOOLEN CO.

Pres. Wood, in Annual Statement, Says Company Lost \$677,684 During Past Year

The annual statement of the American Woolen Co., with mills in Lowell and Dracut and other places, has been issued and shows that the company, run during the last year at an operating loss of \$677,684. The preferred dividend calling for \$2,000,000 was paid and \$502,015 was written off for depreciation, making a total of \$3,072,682 taken from surplus. What the tariff has done to the largest woolen and worsted manufacturing enterprise in the world is shown in these figures. The report also shows the wisdom of President Wood's handsome surplus which now stands at \$8,035,852 after the severe call on it for last year's deficit.

The American Woolen Co. employs around 30,000 operatives, and at the lowest estimate 100,000 people are directly dependent upon it for the necessities and luxuries of life. Every effort has been made by President Wood and his manufacturing agents to take care of as many of this army of workers as possible during the past year, and it has been a problem difficult to solve. The plants are under better headway at the present time than for many months past, and reasonably encouraging.

The preferred shares of American Woolen Co. are selling just under 76. The company is practically sure of a much larger business and one that will show larger profits this year, and there is no immediate likelihood of the preferred dividend being passed. At quoted prices the investment yields about 4.1 per cent. The preferred stock is a first lien on the property and assets of the company, and with \$52 a share in net quick assets there is surely \$30 a share or \$20,000,000 in plants even at auction, so the preferred stock is safe and low as a permanent investment at \$107 and \$110 a share. In making the annual report President Wood says in part:

"Conditions in the woolen business

MATHEWS HELD MEETING

GENERAL AMES

INITIATED FOUR NEW MEMBERS AND TRANSACTED ROUTINE BUSINESS YESTERDAY

Prominent Citizen of R. I. Died at His Home in Providence

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 9.—Gen. William Ames, one of the state's foremost citizens, died at his home on Power street today. He had been ill a month and was in his 73rd year. He had been prominent in the business and political life of the state for half a century.

As a young man Gen. Ames achieved

a brilliant military record in the Civil War. He was formerly United States collector of internal revenue for the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, official of the department of justice, president of the dissolution

commission which selected the site and

during the present week. Reports

say he was available.

While the announced object of the strike is a protest against reforms introduced in Home hospitals, it is said to be really the outgrowth of a desire to test the strength of the workmen's organizations.

READY FOR FIGHT

PORTLAND, Me., March 9.—Adjutant General Greenlaw said yesterday that if Mexico should be called upon for troops to send to Mexico in case of our intervention there, the state would be able to despatch a regiment within 30 days. The adjutant general believes that if there should be war with Mexico all the states would be called upon for a quota of militiamen.

AUDIENCE WITH POPE

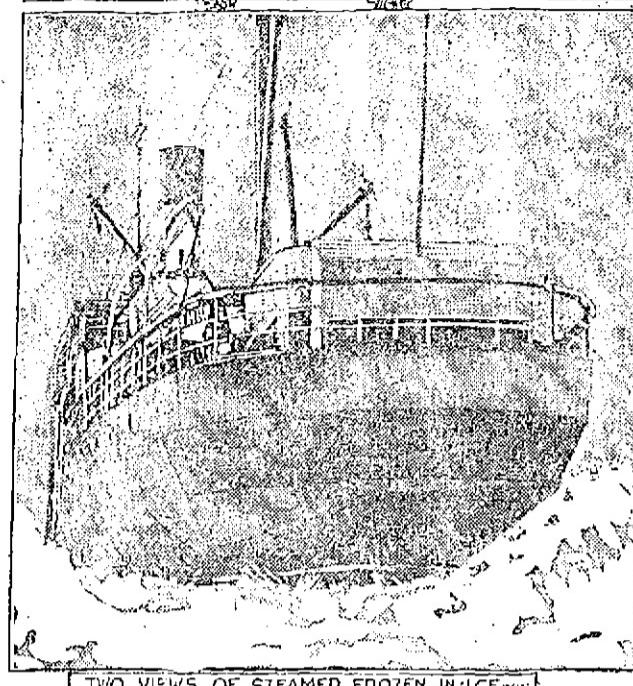
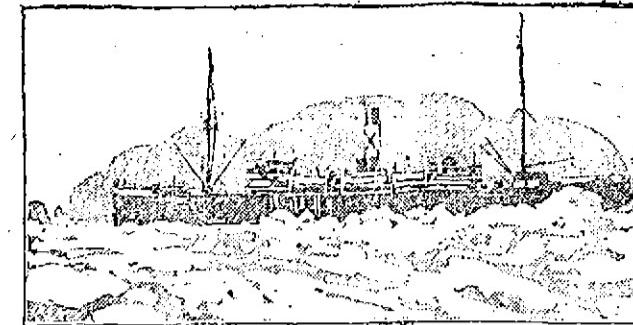
ROME, March 9.—Popes This yesterday received in private audience the Rt. Rev. Edmund Michael Dunn, Bishop of Peoria, Ill., with whom he conversed at some length. Bishop Dunn said after the interview that the pontiff was in normal health.

Resinol stops skin torments!

THE soothing, healing medicament in Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap penetrates every tiny pore of the skin, clears it of impurities, and stops itching instantly. Resinol speedily heals eczema, rashes, ringworm and other eruptions and clears away disfiguring pimples and blackheads, when other treatments prove a waste of time and money.

Resinol is not an ointment; it is a doctor's prescription which proved so wonderfully successful for skin troubles that it has been used by other doctors all over the country for the past nineteen years. Sold by all druggists. Resinol Ointment, 50c and \$1.00; Resinol Soap, 25c. For catalog, write to Dr. J. C. Harkness, Baltimore, Md. Avondale, etc.

FROZEN FAST IN ICE PACKS ON NORTH ATLANTIC COAST, STEAMERS IN PERIL



TWO VIEWS OF STEAMER FROZEN IN ICE

So severe has the winter been this year at sea that not only has there been an unusual number of wrecks from storms, but steamers which ply northern waters are reported to have been caught in the ice and frozen fast. Such a fate befell the big naval

ship the *Wheaton*, of the U. S. Navy, and the *U. S. Fish Commission*.

At the annual meeting of the company Wheaton Kiltredge, George W. Davis and Wm. H. Dwelly, Jr., were elected directors, succeeding F. W. Kiltredge, C. H. Temey and J. C. Woodhill. The other directors were re-elected.

of the steamship C. D. Pashington, long overdue at Louisburg, N. S., which was frozen in an ice pack off the southern coast of Cape Breton. Four of the crew were picked up off the ice near Gouin island, according to the report, suffering from cold and exposure.

built the state house. Gen. Ames was vice president of the International Braiding company, president of the Blackstone Canal National Bank and also held offices in several insurance companies. He was a son of Samuel Ames, for years chief justice of the Rhode Island supreme court, and was born in Providence, May 15, 1812.

He entered Brown in '59 but enlisted '61. After the war he entered business in this city. He was a member of the Hope, Squannan and University clubs and Agawam Hunt. He married in 1870 Harriet Fletcher Ormsbee of this city. Two children survive, John D. Ames of this city and Mrs. Frank Mauran of Philadelphia.

DISSOLUTION PLANS

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Although no word had been received last night from Chapman Howard Elliott of the first Rhode Island district, served in the common council and the state legislature and was a member of the dissolution plans to be resumed here

commission which selected the site and

during the present week. Reports

say he was available.

Men's Four-in-Hand Ties—Final

clean up, any 25c or 50c Tie,

either silk or knit, plain and

fancy colors, open end or re-

versible. To close.....

ONLY FIVE DAYS MORE

J.L. CHALIFOUX CO.
COR. CENTRAL & MIDDLE STS.

ONLY FIVE DAYS MORE

\$200,000 REMOVAL SALE

Final Clean-Up

Positively the Last Week

50 Women's, Misses' and Junior Suits

Made of fine serge, silk lined, in blacks, blues and browns. To close.....

\$9.89

These suits must be cleaned up before we move. Values to \$25.



Women's and Misses' Silk Dresses

For party and street wear. COME EARLY as these prices will no doubt clean them up. To close.....

\$5.98, \$7.49

These bargains are worth your inspection. Values \$10 to \$25.

Women's and Misses' Coats

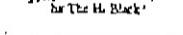
LOT NO. 1

Good news for women and misses who want coats practically at their own price. To close.....

\$2.39

Values to \$8.00.

Street Floor



Women's and Misses' Coats

LOT NO. 2

The last week and final clean-up. This is no doubt the greatest offer we ever produced. To close.....

\$7.19

Values to \$22.50.

Street Floor

BUY YOUR FURS NOW
FOR NEXT WINTER AT 50% BELOW COST

Men's Furnishings

Visit Bargainland

Shoe Department

In Basement Store

WOMEN'S HAND BAGS

Slightly counter soiled, made of white linen, also a few of poplin cloth, in white and green color. Regular prices

25c and 35c. To close.....

5c

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR

All our fancy collars, including

Dutch, sailors, high and low

styles, in linen, lace and em-

broidery. Reg. prices

25c and 35c. To close.....

25c

WOMEN'S HOSIERY

Silk hose with high spiced heel,

double sole, in tan, white and

black. (Seconds). Regular price

50c. To close.....

14c

KIMONOS

Women's short shawllette kimo-

nons, pretty designs, all sizes

and styles. Price 50c. To close.....

23c

BATH ROBES

Women's all-wool blanket bath

robes, large assortment of

styles, all colors. To close.....

\$2.19

\$1.00 SHOE SALE

Don't forget our one dollar sale as we expect TODAY to make a clean sweep of all remaining shoes. Come early and get your choice.

J.L. CHALIFOUX CO.
COR. CENTRAL & MIDDLE STS.

SUFFRAGETTES IN BATTLE

Fought Police at Trafalgar Square, London—Mrs. Pankhurst Kidnapped by the Police

from the base of the Nelson column "Follow the flag and see if we can't find something to do." The suffragettes then surged toward the government buildings in Whitehall with the suffrage banner borne aloft, but a cordon of mounted police barred their way. Some of the women assailed the police with short sticks, but the marchers were soon dispersed.

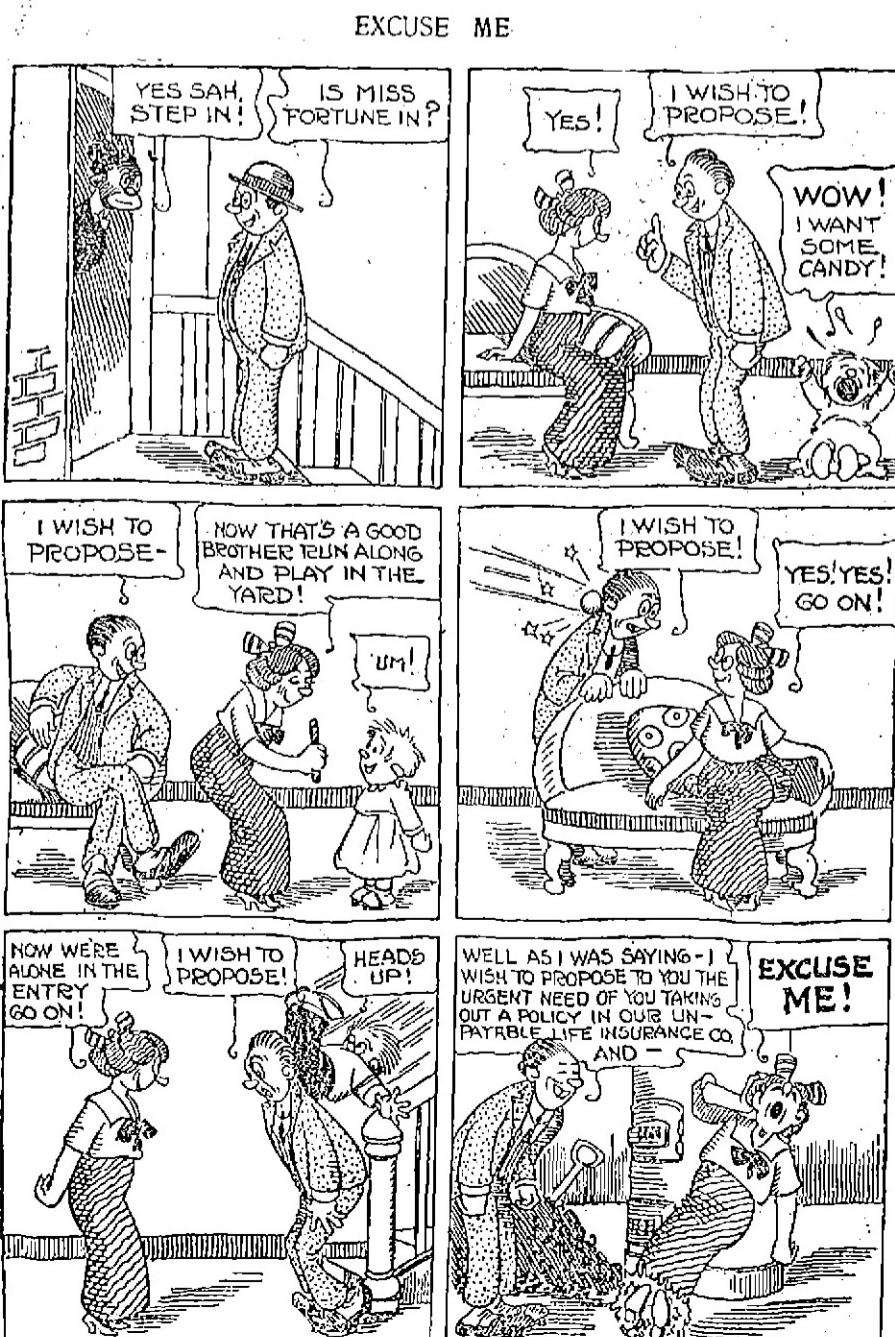
ON EXHIBIT RATES

New England Chamber of Commerce Preparing for Hearing on Thursday

BOSTON, March 9.—New Englanders interested in the "car-spotting" problem were urged last night by the chamber of commerce committee on transportation to attend a meeting today preliminary to the Interstate commerce commission hearing Thursday. The committee, in connection with the application of the railroads for a 6 per cent increase in freight rates, trying to learn whether the desired additional earnings may not be obtained by charges for services now performed free. This would include "spotting" or enforcing payment for stopping trains and switching a car to a private siding.

The chamber will seek the views of New England men as to whether such a system were adopted, the franchises should be classified and the expense graded in accordance with the expense of the service rendered.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.



LONDON, March 9.—Militant suffragettes again engaged in a battle with the police yesterday on their favorite field, Trafalgar square, and in a pouring rain. The arrest of Sylvia Pankhurst for the sixth time under the "cat and mouse" law precipitated the conflict. In addition to Miss Pankhurst, seven women and three men were arrested.

Among those taken in custody was Miss Zelia Emerson of Jackson, Mich. Miss Emerson has been arrested several times for participation in suffragette demonstrations. Reginald McRenna, the home secretary, declared on February 26, "If Miss Emerson arrested, shouted to her supporters

PRAISE FOR CONNIE MACK

Philly Scribe Reviews Career of Baseball Sphinx—Success Due to Ability to Find Kids

He looks you squarely and steadily in the face from a pair of eyes as blue as the sea, eyes that are wondrously soft, but at the same time penetrating in their kindly expression. As those blue eyes, set beneath shaggy brows, gaze into yours, he takes your hand with a grasp that instinctively indicates to you that he is pleased to make your acquaintance. And then he speaks to you in easy, well-modulated words, assuring you by his pleasant tone and faint smile that you are doubly welcome. His eyes, his voice, his smile constitute a magnetic personality at the very first meeting. Such is a brief pen picture of Cornelius McGillicuddy, known on two continents as Connie Mack, the "wizard of the diamond," the master mind of baseball," says D. L. Reeves of the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Thousands of persons have had the pleasure, enjoyed the honor of meeting Mr. Mack's acquaintance, of looking into those deep blue eyes, feeling that strong, human grasp and experiencing the influence of that smile. But other thousands have never even seen this great inspiring personality of the baseball world, and it is for these thousands that the writer considers it a duty to draw as correctly as is permitted one who has enjoyed his friendship and confidence for more than a decade, a picture that will represent him as a man and baseball strategist. Affable and courteous to all, generous to a fault, with an unfailing equanimity, Mr. Mack naturally makes hosts of friends without incurring the enmity of a single individual. He is a close student of human nature. To this discerning quality, combined with an almost infallible judgment in regarding the abilities of a ball player, is responsible, in a great measure, his remarkable success as a manager. Mack is a baseball sphinx and a baseball sage. It rarely fails for publication. He was never known to predict a championship for his team, preferring to read what others claim of its prospects and let the public judge of his chances by the performance of his players. But Mr. Mack's judgment is sound and his views eagerly sought by all baseball men. He does nothing by impulse, but rather reasons out by intuitive knowledge the whys and wherefores of his acts. In the end the result always justifies his deductions.

Mr. Mack is modest and unobtrusive. Thousands of baseball devotees who attend games in which the Athletics are participants have asked to be shown Connie Mack. How many thousands of eyes have been strained to catch only a glimpse of the astute leader as he silently slips under the covered players' bench before the game starts and departs with the same easy, quick move after the contest has ended? A feeling of respect for a tall figure, always dressed in a dark, neat-fitting suit, is invariably their only reward. Mr. Mack is a bench manager in the highest and best sense of the word. He never leaves his seat, whatever the provocation. His voice is never heard in angry protest over an umpire's decision. What! McCraw, Jennings, Chance and Clarke, managers of proved ability, rage and storm on the field. Mack sits silently within the seclusion of the covered bench.

Always a Disclosed Figure.

Should you look closely at the bench wherein the Athletics are seated you might catch a glimpse of a long, silent figure, watching the game with a passive manner and without uniform. In summer you would see a coatless figure, a man without a hat, usually with one leg crossed over the other, holding in his hand something that resembles a score-card. He sits quietly and talks quietly. Who is it, did you ask? That's Connie Mack. Amid the excitement of a close game Mack is always the same. Harry Davis, Jim Thomas, "Chief" Bender, or "Jack" Coombs stand on the coaching line to give instructions to base runners and, incidentally, try to read the opponents' signals. Pitchers leave the bench hurriedly and run up far down the left field foul line; utility players run out on the field; men on the bench move to and fro, but the imperturbable Mack sits in one spot, with not a move escaping him. With the exception of those who really know who he is, few ever give a thought to the countless figure in the seclusion of his quarters.

Yet this coatless, hatless figure is the bridle of what is generally considered the greatest baseball machine ever developed. It is the long, slim figure, so squat in everything he does, that has constructed that physical organization that represents Philadelphia in the American league. To his wonderful baseball instinct, to his craft and skill, is due the great team that has just won another baseball championship. The credit belongs exclusively to him.

Five American League pennants and three world's championships have been contributions of Mr. Mack to Philadelphia. It is small wonder that Philadelphia honors his name and considers him king of his class. Undoubtedly, low voiced, quiet looking, the hands of silk in the iron glove, when it refers to managing ball players, Mr. Mack follows not the slightest detail to "steal" his notice. A mistake by an opposing player is noted with as much care of detail as by an athletic player. Nothing is passed over as unimportant. With scorebook in hand and a small notebook in his vest pocket, Mr. Mack records every play, everything that is of present interest or may serve of future value.

Mr. Mack's dole book is frequently of invaluable assistance to newspaper men. Recently the writer was obliged to ask Mr. Mack if his team had been in first place from the start of the season. Turning to his book, he soon settled the question, when he found noted on April 23 that the Athletics had lost and Washington won, the victory giving the Nationals a one-game lead on his team and yielding them first place, only to be displaced on the following day. Ask Mr. Mack what a certain pitcher did against a certain team early in June. Immediately he will turn the pages of that oft-thumbed record, tell you how many innings the pitcher worked, the number of hits they were made off him, by whom made and by whom he was rotted, if such was the

case. He can go even further, on request, and from another section of that dole book show you the recorded batting weaknesses of every American league player of importance. He will tell you why a high ball on the inside is the one to serve to Brown, and why a low curve is always best to pitch to Jones; and the reason why it is better to pitch bad balls to Smith, even though he receive a free base.

The bolding defects of players are known to Mack. He can tell you, even without consulting his book, that such a player covers more ground to his right than left, and that another player is surer of a ball to his left than right; the tendency of batsmen to hit in certain directions and the throwing ability of all the best outfielders. Without citing any more instances of the contents of Mack's book, it may be said that it is a compendium of valuable baseball information that is the fruit of his long experience as a manager. No other manager possesses a record similar in character.

His Mine of Dope.

The value of the contents of such a book becomes evident at the daily meeting, when, behind closed doors, the Athletics players discuss the mistakes of the previous day and plan their campaign for that day's contest. To this little book and the adaptability of the Mack players may be ascribed many hard-fought victories. Many of Mack's men are known in the professional ball world as "smart" players, those who invariably think ahead of the play and have a thorough knowledge of the game. In the American League, Davis, Collins, Barry, Strunk, Coombs, Thomas, Bender, McNamee, Murphy and a few others are rated as high for their brains as well as their physical prowess.

One of the secrets of Mack's great success has been his ability to see the promise in a youngster. In his teens, and another in his policy of teaching the colleges for young players. Of his present team, the following are college men: Davis, Collins, Barry, Strunk, Coombs, Thomas, Bender, McNamee, Murphy and a few others are rated as high for their brains as well as their physical prowess.

Connie Mack is the oldest manager in the major leagues, and the only manager in the American league to pilot the same team continuously since the junior organization expanded. It is a long time since Mr. Mack began his professional baseball career. He is 50 years old, and was born in East Brookfield, from which town excursion trains carry big crowds to see his team every time it plays in Boston. Mack's last professional engagement was with the Meriden (C.L.) club, when he was 21 years old. This was in 1884. He had not been with the team long before he was appointed captain. He remained in Meriden only a year, and then went to Hartford, where, in 1885 and 1886, he made a wonderful reputation as the catcher for Barney Gilmore.

In the latter part of 1886 Mack and Gilmore were sold to Washington, where they played until the formation of the Brotherhood league. They cast their fortunes with that unfortunate movement and played in Buffalo during the brief existence of that league in 1890. After the Brotherhood went to the wall, Mr. Mack signed with the Pittsburgh club, then owned by W. W. Kerr, from which Barney Dreyfuss bought the franchise. He was with the Pirates for six years, acting as manager for the last two seasons. It was his manager and catcher, during his last year, that Mr. Mack came nearest winning a pennant while still an active player, but an injury to himself blasted the hopes of the team. Near the end of the season he fractured a leg, the accident putting him out of the game for the year and ending the chances of the Pirates, who finished second.

From 1897 to 1900 inclusive no man

managed the Milwaukee club, then of the American league; before the organization expanded. When the American league invaded National league territory in the east, Philadelphia was added to Mr. Mack. The season of 1901 was the first for the American as a major league. Mr. Mack finished fourth in the first year and won his first championship, and the first that of honored Philadelphia, the next year. Since 1902 he has won four others and three world's titles establishing a reputation as a manager that excels that of any other man engaged in baseball.

How Mack Differs from Others.

Scores every game his team plays, and his scorecard records virtually every time for misplays, but quietly corrects him when alone.

He has not worn a baseball uniform for many years. His voice is never heard in protest on the field.

Is a firm believer in developing young players by keeping them on the bench to watch the older men.

Never leaves the bench during a game. Conducts his campaign entirely from the seclusion of the bench.

Always on the alert to detect opposing batters' weaknesses. Can solve them better than his pitcher or catcher.

Has no hard and fast rule governing old players at the bat. Gives them the latitude of using their own discretion.

As it is the merit of the game and its possibilities of catching on here in England opinions were much divided.

It contains all the elements of a grand field game none can surely deny. But it is not an English pastime."

Parliment Facts.

New Bedford, March 9.—Robert

Bartlett, one of the best known of

New Bedford's merchants, died yesterday, aged 76 years. Mr. Bartlett was for a long time identified with the firm of I. H. Bartlett & Sons.

ROBERT BARTLETT DEAD.

NEW BEDFORD, March 9.—Robert

Bartlett, one of the best known of

New Bedford's merchants, died yesterday, aged 76 years. Mr. Bartlett was for a long time identified with the firm of I. H. Bartlett & Sons.

ships in 13 years.

Is the only manager of a major league team who owns half-interest in the club he manages.

Enjoys the reputation of being the best judge of a young ball player of any major league manager.

Was in baseball for 16 years before associated with a winner. Never played on a championship team.

Is the most popular manager in the country with the newspaper men. He never misrepresents anything to the club he manages.

Is the oldest major league manager and only one to pilot same team continuously since American league expanded.

Has developed more college players than any other manager, and believes in college diamonds as recruiting fields.

Was one of the shrewdest catchers in the major league during his playing days, and never played any other position.

Athletics' Record Under Mack

Year	Won	Lost	P.C.	Finished
1901	74	62	.544	
1902	63	63	.610	1st
1903	75	60	.556	2nd
1904	62	70	.458	5th
1905	72	56	.540	1st
1906	78	57	.538	2nd
1907	68	60	.507	2nd
1908	68	55	.444	6th
1909	58	59	.621	2nd
1910	102	45	.650	1st
1911	102	60	.660	1st
1912	90	62	.592	3rd
1913	90	57	.628	1st

Recapitulation—Five championships, three seconds, one third, two fourths, one fifth and one sixth. Three world's championships, also

TENTH LOSS

Winchester High Won the Basketball Game by Better All Around Play

Winchester high school defeated Lowell Textile at basketball at Winchester Saturday night by the score of 31 to 15. Johnson made 12 baskets from the floor. The summary:

Winchester	Textile
Johnston, Jr.	Ib, Somerville
O'Sullivan, Jr.	R, Gilley
Cullen, Jr.	C, Dover
Murphy, cb	M, Sjostrom
Waite, lb	r, Powers
Score: Winchester, 34; Lowell, 16.	Goals from floor, Johnston 12, O'Sullivan 3, Cullen 3, Waite, Powers 3, Sjostrom 2. Referee, Crowley; scorer, Head; timer, Matthews. Time: 20 minutes halves. Attendance 250.

ANOTHER WIN

C. Y. M. L. Second Team Defeated the Andover Five at Basketball on Saturday Evening

The second team of the C. Y. M. L. defeated the fast Andover Guild Five Saturday night at basketball. The scoring was light on either side, the final figures being 17 to 8. Foley conceded five baskets. The summary:

C. Y. M. L.	Andover Guild
Foley, ry	Ig, Sparks
Martin, Jr.	rg, Dugger
Mather, McLaughlin c	c, McCarthy
Flynn, rg	H, Porter
Randall, ig	r, Lynch
Goals from the floor: Foley 5, Martin, Flynn, Lynch 2, Porter. Goals from fouls: C. Y. M. L. 2, Andover 2. Referee, Madden; timer, Neeson; scorer, Carroll.	

CLOSE CONTEST

Lowell T. V. C. A. Girls Took Basketball Game From Fast Leonianer Team by Narrow Margin

The girls' basketball team of the local T. V. C. A. won another victory on Saturday, when they met the Leonianer sextet on the latter's floor. The game was the closest that the Lowell team has engaged in this season. Miss Libbie scored the largest number of points for the winners. The summary:

LOWELL	LEONINER
G. Libbie, rf	Ig. M. Nicholson
F. Leggett, ig	rg. Mr. McCombsky
G. Pendexter, cc	cc. M. Kirkpatrick
L. LaLanne, sc	sc. R. Harto
E. Geddes, rg	H. M. Kilchess
E. Armstrong, lg	rf. D. Wilson
Score: Lowell 18; Leoninster 15.	Goals from the floor: Miss Libbie 5, Miss Leggett 3, Miss Wilson 6, Miss Kilchess 2, Miss Pendexter 1. Officials: Referee, Mr. Lane; timer, Mr. Clarke; scorer, Miss Sharkey. Time: Two 15-minute periods.

DARLING FOR THE FAIR

HARTFORD, Conn., March 9.—Word was received here yesterday that the Austin Organ company of this city has received the contract for the big organ for the Panama exposition at San Francisco.

The organ, which will be the biggest in America and probably in the world, will cost about \$60,000 and will have 114 stops, the next largest, at Sydney, Australia, having 106 stops.

The exposition organ moreover, will be far superior to anything ever built in volume and tonal effects and will be placed in the festival hall. The organ will be 77 feet high, 40 feet wide and 20 feet deep. It will have four manuals and will later be permanently placed in a San Francisco public building.

OPPOSITION IN HARVARD

BOSTON, March 9.—Opposition to the United States army department for army training camps for students in the universities has developed among some Harvard students. One of the Harvard men has written to the Crimson in protest against the scheme as "unnecessary, dangerous and wholly out of keeping with our boasted civilization." The author of the letter is W. B. Harris, a graduate in the class of 1913. Mr. Harris says:

"Gen. Wood bases his plea for these camps on the ground that 'military training is as important as training in civic life.' This principle was undoubtedly true in the Dark Ages, but it is as unquestionably untrue now, and in fact more untrue than in the United States.

"The present craze for defenses, both of men and of dreadnoughts, can end only by the gradual realization that in this 20th century they are unnecessary, dangerous and wholly out of keeping with our boasted civilization. This realization will be brought by enlightenment and education, and it is in just such processes that our colleges, if they are to

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

INDIAN ORCHARD ROUTE

In matters of highway construction the judgment of the county engineer, the engineer of the Bay State street railway, the state highway engineer and the city engineer of Lowell will have greater weight than the judgment of the average individual, and it is gratifying, therefore, to find that these four experts acting in harmony have taken the stand advocated by The Sun, viz.: that the river road to Lawrence should be met by a new road through Indian Orchard, instead of running into First street. Furthermore, the fact that the four experts mentioned started out with a preference for the First street project makes their recommendation all the more pressing and convincing.

The chief objection against the construction of a new road through Indian Orchard, is the cost, but when the matter is weighed fully this objection will diminish in force. First street is in aretched condition, and apart from its undesirability because of grade and errors of construction, it would require a large expenditure to put it in condition. Eventually there would still be the irremediable fault of steep grade that would make it always a poor approach to the city, and one not devoid of genuine danger to traffic. Even supposing that First street were to be made passably modern in construction, the double track problem would still remain and it would require continual changes to make the approach over this route a part of the one new highway from Lawrence.

If there were no new highway to be considered, such as that recently finished, it would still be the advantage of Lowell to see that all approaches are in keeping with a city of our size and importance. The Pawtucketville boulevard and the approach through Rogers street are a pretty fair preparation for the type of the city, but almost all other approaches are wretchedly unsatisfactory. On the Centralville side the river view is one of the most attractive in our environs, and a modern road coming into the city in a gentle curve along the river bank would enhance the first impression of Lowell, which is an important consideration. The new river road will be especially attractive to summer motorists, and the growing popularity of the many pleasure resorts along the river bank will ensure liberal patronage to any branch road from this city to Indian Orchard. The conference of engineers will have proved extremely advantageous to Lowell if it gives impetus to the proposed construction of a road along the river bank which will prepare those who travel from Lawrence for a large and prosperous city of over 100,000 inhabitants.

THE I. W. W. "UNEMPLOYED"

Whether the I. W. W. is espousing the cause of the employed or the unemployed it is bound to set itself against constitutional authority and follow strange doctrines that appear out of keeping in our atmosphere. In this part of the country the propaganda of the energetic organization was redolent of sabotage and syndicalism. In times of labor troubles, and the Industrial drama now being staged in New York has features quite as daring, and as well calculated to advertise the views of the leaders of the movement in the metropolis.

The newspapers have for weeks past told stories of gangs of alleged "unemployed" in New York who banded themselves together and marched to the various churches of the city during times of service. Sometimes they numbered 100 and often twice as many. Their object seemed to be, first, to get some sensational advertising, and secondly to compel the church authorities to provide them with food, shelter and money. Many in the group were professional loafers, and the spirit of the whole was revealed when they contemptuously refused to shovel snow at \$1.20 per day. They have, through their leaders, announced that their rights include the highest in pay and the best in living conditions, and though "unemployed" they reserve the right to refuse any occupation that does not come up to their high ideals. The I. W. W. that Lawrence and Lowell knew had some genuine surprises but it was mild compared with the New York brand.

The courts of New York have, now taken a hand, and 105 rioters were recently arrested for disturbing a church service. The problem of the unemployed, therefore, is thrown over on the law, and the first essential of justice will be to weed out from the arrested the members who may be really deserving of attention, and who may be out of work through no fault of their own. Having done this the law must deal with the hoodlums and loafers who are being exploited by the I. W. W. without regard to sentimentality. There is a time for sympathy and civic co-operation in all that concerns the deserving unemployed, but the present time seems to call for legal firmness on the part of New York.

NEW YORK PROMISES

We sometimes expect to see political promises of economy and efficiency kept, and we sometimes don't. In New York during the last political campaign the Fusion forces promised that the municipal affairs of the metropolis would be administered efficiently and economically if they won and that there would be a lower tax rate. They won—and strange to say, they seem to be really trying to keep their promise. In New York county the reduction will be thirty cents on the thousand; in the Bronx forty, and in Queens fifty. In Kings county the reduction is only ten cents, but, as a contemporary observes, that is more satisfying than an increase of ten cents, not to mention an increase of over \$1, the mark of efficiency shown by the economic administration of the city of Lowell. In New York, too, by the way, the municipal authorities bear an inherited financial burden, but they seem to have attacked it in a slightly different spirit from our local city government.

OUR LIGHTHOUSES

The Lawrence American says: "Among the unsung heroes of this country are the members of the lighthouse service," and straightaway comes a picture of night and lightning and a storm-tossed ship kept from destruction by a beam of light penetrating the darkness and the storm. How little we realize the perils of the lonely life which the lightship or lighthouse keeper leads. On the one hundred thousand miles of coast from Alaska to Panama there are thirteen thousand aids to navigation, and the cost to the government annually is about six million dollars. This most important service employs hundreds of faithful employees whose one aim is to

keep the lights lighting no matter how violent the storm. We had many a story of harrowing wrecks during the winter, but who can reckon the number of lives saved and the billions of dollars worth of commerce saved from disaster by the men who keep the lights lit on the lonely coast?

CANAL TOLLS

Despite the highly-seasoned and pseudo-patriotic appeals of Mr. Hearst and some other men of prominence, and the sincerely earnest stand of men of the type of Senator O'Gorman and Chairman Underwood in national politics, the message of the president regarding the necessity for repealing the Panama canal tolls clause which would exempt American eastward ships from paying for the use of the canal, has met with universal commendation that is not restricted to this country. Furthermore, and with more effectiveness, it has struck a responsive chord in congress and it is safe to predict that once again the president will be supported by a majority in the house and senate.

The only genuine objection that can be made to the repeal of the tolls clause is that it entails the taking back of a government decision, but this reversal of judgment reflects more credit on the government than would a stubborn adherence to a policy which practically the whole world considers mistaken. There is no denying that the treaty with England forbids such an exemption as was contemplated, and a treaty is an honorable agreement that is as binding on a nation as is a legal contract on an individual. If the president may have his way this country will make no treaties until it intends to keep them, and having made them, it will abide by them.

Even stronger than the treaty argument is the consideration that the exemption clause would only foster monopoly and would confer no advantage either on the government or on the American people. The coastwise shipping trade is virtually at a standstill and it does not deserve any government coddling. If the time should ever come when the government thinks fit to give an advantage to any part of our domestic shipping industry, this could be done appropriately by a subsidy granted annually through congress. At the present time, the government would seriously offend many foreign governments by adhering to the exemption clause, without gaining anything in return. The offensive clause should be removed from the Panama canal act without delay—and it undoubtedly will.

THE EASIEST WAY

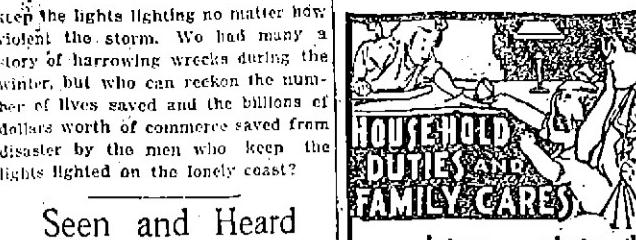
There can be no doubt that the administration is calling through a treacherous strait with regard to the Mexican problem, and the gravity of the situation has been attested to as gravely by the president as by his most virulent critic. Were his policy to get out of the difficulty in the easiest way possible he would take the stand advised from many quarters in recognizing Huerta. This is "the easiest way," but is it the best? Were expediency the only consideration such a course might be counseled, but recognition of the drunken dictator who rose to power by the murder of his lawful president, would still leave the Mexican misery unabated. It cannot be that the president hesitates merely owing to his previous stand, because he has honorably reversed his decision in the Panama tolls matter. Criticize him as we may for the "softish policy" there can be no question that it is inspired by a love for high ideals of government and by what he considers for the best interests of the unhappy Mexican populace.

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Seen and Heard

The cut worm in the garden has had a sleep this winter, and now he is almost ready to be fed.

It is discouraging when you have ordered "fresh number pie" at the restaurant to find a little lump of sugar in it.

Frequently a clever woman can make a stupid man think that he is clever.

Of course you can't be perfectly sure that the young couple you meet while you are traveling are just married, even though both suit-cases they carry are brand new.

If a man keeps telling people all the time that he is honest, he will find they won't believe him.

Perhaps there are people whose time is so valuable that they have to hire taxicabs.

It is a mean mother who will hold her baby up to a bachelorette for admiration without telling him whether his name is Gwendolyn or John.

Even the married man will admit that the house ought to have a thorough cleaning from top to bottom at least once in seven years.

It makes the old blue-blood Bostonian shiver to hear any one split an infinitive, or to be asked to split the kindling wood.

"P. B." went some time ago to a missionary meeting, and these words of an earnest brother remain in his memory:

"Then forsooth distract the poor, benighted brethren wear no clothing. Their drunken orgies take place frequently and once visited this place. The poor creatures listened to our words of wisdom, and before we left we had the pleasure of placing on many the white badges of temperance."

Get out your pen and ink. Men in caps orders a whiskey. Meets a friend, who also orders a whiskey and wants to pay for both. First man says he doesn't accept tips. Each pays his 15 cents. The bartender, who can sell two whiskies for a quarter, pockets the extra nickel. The bartender is ahead five cents. The man who offered to treat is ahead a dime. Neither the house nor the other man are out anything. Yet they say something can't come out of nothing.

According to New England Telephone Topics, a very interesting publication edited by employees for employees, the company has adopted the slogan, "Service First," and the following is an extract from a letter addressed to District Traffic Chief Wilson of this city, by Chief Operator J. J. Mahoney of Concord:

"I have read the editorial in the Telephone Topics and feel that it would be an excellent thing both for the telephone company and the public at large, if all of our employees could become enthused with the service first spirit.

"We realize that in a business like ours the best way to make the services and employees popular and appreciated by the subscribing public is to give the public as much, possibly, even more than it ought reasonably to expect. The opportunities for so doing are more abundant in the operating branch than in any other.

"It is my opinion that if an operator can be trained to treat each call as if she were doing the subscriber a personal favor, the feeling on the part of subscribers towards the company as a whole is going to be greatly strengthened.

"We have always been my aim to have girls understand this point of view, and to be particular about the tone of voice when answering a subscriber. I am very much in favor of the "service first" spirit, and look forward to the time when it will become universal."

MAGAZINE POETRY

I love to read the poetry in the monthly magazines.

So seldom its significance a primal reading gleams!

I love to read it carefully, and prayerfully, and then,

I love to take another start and read it through again.

It immediately informs me with a fascination felt.

It is erratic, cabalistic, and it weaves a magic spell.

It monopolizes, mesmerizes, magnetizes me.

It tickles my perceptions, and it fills my soul with glee.

I love its convolutions, its subtle twists of phrase.

To mystify the reader, and to leave him in a daze;

I love its phraseology, so wonderful.

THROW AWAY YOUR EYE-GLASSES

A FREE PRESCRIPTION

You Can Have Filled and Used at Home

Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye-strain or other eye-weakeness? If so, you will be glad to know that there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says, after trying it: "I was almost blind; could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without any glasses and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully. Now they feel like all the time. It was like a miracle to me." A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can even read fine print without glasses." It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time and multitude more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. The troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules. Here is the prescription: Go to any drug store and get a bottle of Optona, till a two-ounce bottle with warm water, drop in one Optona tablet and allow to dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two or four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to ease them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time. Advertisment.

GEN. PEARSON'S RECORD

As Democrat, Soldier and Adjutant General—What He Has Done for the Militia

seen and heard

severely tax a woman's strength

and when wife or mother complains of fatigue, nervousness, loss of appetite or energy, she needs rest, out-of-door exercise and building up.

The first thought should be

Scott's Emulsion, which is

medicinal food free from alcohol or narcotics. Its nourishing force

quickly fills hollow cheeks, builds healthy tissue, enriches the blood, restores the healthy glow,

overcomes languor and makes tranquil nerves.

Nothing equals or compares with Scott's Emulsion for just

such conditions, but insist on

SCOTT'S. At any drugstore.

nothing can be better.

GREAT GREEK VICTORY ARRESTS AT BILLERICA

The Fall of Janina Celebrated by the Local Community at Their Church Yesterday

The first anniversary of the fall of Janina in which the Greek army captured 32,000 men after three months' continuous fighting, was observed in a fitting manner yesterday by the members of the local Greek community. Inasmuch as many of the Greek soldiers lost their lives on the battlefield in this battle, it was thought best to observe the event with a mass of requiem for the repose of the souls of the departed heroes, and at 11 o'clock

yesterday morning the entire community gathered in the cosy church in Jefferson street and took part in the service.

The celebrant of the mass was the pastor, Rev. Fr. Panagopoulos, who at the close of the service and delivered a stirring address on the heroic work of the Greek soldiers. He spoke of the hardship the soldiers encountered during the siege of this noted place and concluded by asking the members of his flock not to forget their brothers who gave up their lives for such a noble cause, in their prayers.

JUBILEE OF THE C. M. A. C.

MEETING HELD YESTERDAY TO ARRANGE FOR IT—SUM COMMITTEE CHOSEN

NATHAN NOYES WITTINGTON DIED

YESTERDAY—WAS EDITORIAL WRITER

NEWBURYPORT, March 9.—Nathan Noyes Withington, for 23 years editorial writer of the Newburyport Herald and recently its contributing editor, died yesterday, aged 85 years. He continued his active service for the paper up to a few months ago.

On account of contributions to magazines and other literary works, he was elected a member of the Authors' club of London, Eng. It was past commander of the local Grand Army post, and was formerly a representative from this city in the general court.

His grandson, Leonard Withington, is managing editor of the Herald.

UNDER PROTEST

Visitor—Is the boss in?

Office Boy—I am very sorry to say he is not in.

Visitor—Why are you so very sorry?

Office Boy—Because it's against my conscience to tell lies.—Stray Stories.

TO DISCUSS MEXICO

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.—The Mexican situation and the present status of the Monroe Doctrine will be discussed at a national conference on the foreign relations of the United States, under direction of the American Academy of Political and Social Sciences, to be held in this city on April 3 and 4.

Delegates have been appointed by the governors of nearly all the states and delegations from the leading trade and industrial organizations throughout the country are expected.

The conference has been divided into six sessions and addresses will be made by naval officers, scientists, members of Congress and leaders in the business world. Some of the topics to be discussed are: "The Present Status of the Monroe Doctrine"; "The Mexican Situation, Its Problems and Obligations"; "The Policy of the United States in the Pacific" and "Elements of a Constructive American Foreign Policy."

Although the program has not been completed, those who have already accepted invitations to deliver addresses include Rear-Admiral F. E. Chadwick, U. S. N., Newport, R. I.; Rear Admiral C. M. Chester, U. S. N., and Rear Admiral Richard Walwright, U. S. N.; Washington; Representative James L. Slade of Texas, W. Morgan Shuster, Dr. L. S. Rowan, professor of political sciences, University of Pennsylvania; Dr. Albert Bushnell Hart, professor of government, at Harvard University; Dr. Simon N. Patten, professor of political economy of the University of Pennsylvania; Dr. B. C. Stowell, professor of international law of Columbia University, and A. Maurice Low of Washington.

MILITARY DECRIED

BOSTON, March 9.—That there is no need of militant methods in America was pointed out by Mrs. Maude Howe Elliott, daughter of the late Julia Ward Howe and president of Newport County (R. I.) Suffrage League, in the first meeting yesterday of the Writers League of Boston Equal Suffrage Association for Good Government, at the New England Woman's Club, 685 Boylston street. "While Mrs. Parkhurst is to be admired for her great work in England," she said, "writers will do well to avoid any hint of militancy in this country."

Walter Bynner read an original poem, "Annunciation," and Mrs. Josephine Preston Peabody Marks contributed a poem, "The Unrest of Woman." There were songs by Miss Rosetta Kee, with Percy Lee Atherton at the piano. Miss Louie R. Stanwood, president of the league, presided. Mrs. George Hobbe and Miss Abby Farwell Brown poured tea.

BOSTONIAN HOMEY

BOSTON, March 9.—The homeliness of Boston people was discussed by Dr. R. Knechtel Smith at the Sunday communion yesterday. He characterized the typical Boston face as "cartooned in other cities as 'quarred by the absence of good humor, with a sanguine expression of prudery, or conscious superiority.'

"Too many of our young women," he said, "are pale, thin and nervous, while in early middle life they become too fat. Boston men, as a class, are thin-chested and narrow shouldered in early life, with abnormally large waist measures a few years later."

"Boston is a near-sighted city, and one of the causes is the unscientific method in the lower school grades. The child's education should not be done by means of books and newspaper work, because of the strain. The face of the typical scholar does not reveal the perfect balance of physical, mental and spiritual health which characterizes true beauty. Much of this is due to intemperance in eating, drinking, smoking, excitement, confinement indoors and insufficient exercise."

ALBANIANS DRIVEN OUT

ATHENS, Greece, March 9.—Delegates from Koritza, where the Albanians had established government offices, say the inhabitants of the town have revolted and driven out the Albanian authorities. The people yesterday proclaimed an autonomous government.

Two Men and Two Women Arrested—One a Danish Girl Here But Two Years—Other Cases

Officers Conway and Livingston did a cleanup stink out in Billerica Centre yesterday when they visited the house of Harry Holdridge at 3 a. m. and found Harry, his brother Clifford, and two Boston girls in the house. They were charged this morning in police court with a statutory offence.

One of the women caught in the net of the Billerica police is married while the other is only a young girl. The latter told the court a sad story when she was called to the witness stand.

She is a native of Denmark and has only been in this country two years. Without friends and out of work the girl was simply drifting along in search of a job when picked up by Holdridge. "This girl is more to be pitied than blamed," said Judge Enright, "and I am going to give her an opportunity to brace up and start life over again." She was placed on probation. The other woman and the two Holdridge brothers were each given a sentence of six months in the house of correction. They appealed.

The committee of the C. M. A. C. recently appointed to make arrangements for the observance of the silver jubilee of the association held an interesting meeting at the association rooms in Pawtucket street yesterday afternoon and arranged plans for the event which will be held on Sunday, May 17 instead of Thursday, May 14, the exact date of the founding of the organization.

The event will consist of a solemn high mass at St. Joseph's church which will be attended by all the members of the association, followed by a banquet at the C. M. A. C. hall, where numerous speakers from this city and out-of-town will be heard. It is expected that a number of former officers of the association now living in other cities will attend the festivities.

The following committees were yesterday appointed by President Isidor J. Trudel:

Organization committee, E. J. Paulin, A. Brassard, G. Simard, J. Pouyette and T. Trudel; banquet, T. Berube, A. Lavale, G. Simard, A. Payette and E. Leclaire; decorations, O. Smith, J. A. N. Cretien, A. Brassard, H. Simard, J. Tremblay, A. Lavale, A. Blanchette, T. Trudel, G. Simard and H. Barry; musical program, J. A. Chouinard, A. Lebrun, A. St. Hilaire, H. Dunn and J. A. N. Cretien; orchestra, T. Berube; souvenir program, H. Enry, N. Lozeau and J. L. Lamoureux; feasts, Frank Riordan, Henry Achin, Jr., W. Drapelle, J. P. Montmally and J. A. Desrochers; press and tickets, Arthur Giroux, Adolphe Brassard and Wilmer A. Drazen.

Among the various members who spoke were: Henri Achin, Jr., Telephonist Trudel, Philippe Chaput, J. A. N. Cretien, Isidor J. Trudel, Wm. Drapelle, Tancrède L. Blanchette, Thomas Heroux, J. F. Montmally, J. A. Desrochers and others.

GOT LOST IN BOSTON

SOLDIER DROPPED IN BACKYARD OF POLICE WHEN TRYING TO ESCAPE FROM STUDIO

BOSTON, March 9.—A soldier much the worse for a skirmish with "Old Barleycorn," but who refused to give his name, was arrested by Inspectors Burke and Morrissey of police headquarters yesterday morning early.

When he was arrested it was thought he was a burglar, but when the police had cleared up the mystery it was found that the prisoner's only offence was the one he freely admitted.

Early yesterday morning the man was seen in the backyard of police headquarters, apparently trying to get out, and as that backyard is also the backyard for stores on Tremont Row, the police investigated.

The man said he didn't know where he was; all he knew was that he awoke in a photographer's studio and, after crawling through a window, down a roof escape, across several roofs and dropping from one of them, he had found himself just where he was when the inspectors appeared.

All this sounded so unusual to the police that they lacked him up and took him to Tremont Row was soon identified as the place from which the soldier started. Nothing was missing from the studio and nobody knew when or how the soldier got in.

Later, still refusing his name, the man said he was stationed at Fort Strong, came to Saturday and drank more than was good for him. He went to the studio and fell asleep. When the effects of the drink wore off a bit and he awoke he didn't recognize his surroundings. When he tried to get out he found the door locked, so he crawled through a back window, descended the fire escape and, crawling across several roofs, dropped into the backyard of the police.

START TRAINING SEASON

CHICAGO, March 9.—Joseph Tinker, manager, and 20 ball players last night departed for Shreveport, La., to start the training season of the Chicago Federal league team.

SELF-RELIANT HOME DOCTORS is what women are called who all over this broad land make their annual collections of roots and herbs, and rely upon remedies which our pioneer mothers found dependable for different family ailments. In one of these remedies Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had its origin and so successfully has it proved that there is hardly a city, town or hamlet in America where some woman who has been restored to health by its use, does not resile.

Officers Conway and Livingston did a cleanup stink out in Billerica Centre yesterday when they visited the house of Harry Holdridge at 3 a. m. and found Harry, his brother Clifford, and two Boston girls in the house. They were charged this morning in police court with a statutory offence.

brogans from his house and then skipped for parts unknown. Judge Enright ordered St. Onge to sign Clerk Savage a \$5 bill.

Other Cases

Thomas Davis pleaded guilty to drunkenness, but said that he did not strike Mary O'Day. He was charged with assault and battery upon the woman.

Davis comes from Peabody and has been working in Billerica for the past seven weeks. He has been living at the boarding house of the complainant for a month and has been drunk a good portion of the time. The complainant endeavored to put him out of her house and received a blow on the head.

The defendant said that he was very drunk but did not think that he struck the woman. He said that he worked every day but that he had been drinking quite heavily of late. Judge Enright found him guilty and ordered him to pay a fine of \$10.

Legen W. Wilson was in the dock again for drunkenness this morning. Wilson promised Judge Enright Saturday afternoon that he would abstain from intoxicants if allowed to go free, but found temptation too strong. He has only been out of jail a few weeks. He was sent to the state farm.

Officer Dreweitt gave the court the recent history of Mary A. Riley. She was sentenced to two months in jail and the charity board was called upon to look after the welfare of her child.

Lewis H. Cheney and John A. Atcham were asked to produce \$6 apiece for being drunk twice within a year.

John St. Onge pleaded guilty to taking a pair of shoes from Dolph's Laundry in July, 1911. The complainant told the court that the defendant took the same.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

OPERA HOUSE

Probably the most ambitious set of motion pictures ever shown in this city will be "The Lady of Quality" with Miss "Cissie" Loftus, the famous English actress, in the title role at the Opera House today and Tuesday. "The Lady of Quality" is a stirring tale of the gallant days of old, of romances and roses and cold steel, when fortune and glory were earned by the sword, and daring deeds performed by the sword.

If the picture goes, people would only realize that there are different prices for services and as we are running the highest priced service in this city, they would come to the conclusion that it pays to see quality, not quantity.

We are now running a two-hour show, consisting of five pictures and three songs, including a two or three reel exclusive feature.

BOSTON & MAINE SUED

LAWRENCE, March 9.—Suit in the sum of \$2000 for alleged damage created by the Boston & Maine R. R. has been brought against that corporation by the Methuen Granite company.

The action is one of tort and was brought through the law office of Harry Lawrence of this city.

DEATHS

CURRAN—Mrs. Margaret Curran, a resident of Lowell for 45 years, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. N. E. Egan, 113 Pleasant street, aged 72 years. She is survived by three children, Mrs. N. Egan, A. A. and T. Conroy. Friends are requested not to send flowers.

GOBIN—Mrs. Georgiana Gignoux Gobin, wife of Pierre Gobin, aged 29 years, 10 months and seven days, died yesterday at her home, 21 Davis street, after a long illness. She leaves besides her husband, son, Louis, a daughter, Miss Lillian Gobin and two sisters, Mrs. Ida Jodoin and Mrs. Emily Calise.

GIFFORD—Mrs. Gifford died yesterday at her home, 218 Appleton street, at the age of 13 years, 11 months and 11 days. She is survived by her wife, Mrs. Julia A. Gifford; one son, H. Curtis Gifford; a brother, Curtis J. Gifford, and two sisters, Mrs. Victor Bardwell and Mrs. William Sullivan.

MCVEY—George McEvoy died yesterday afternoon at the Lowell Hospital, aged three years. He was the child of John and Mary Lynch McEvoy of 23 Chase street. His body was removed to a home for the dead, and was removed to the rooms of Undertakers M. H. McDonough Sons.

MACDONALD—George Macdonald, formerly of this city, where he was a member of the Leavenworth Lodge of Masons, died last night in Roxbury, aged 42 years, four months and nine days. He is survived by his mother, Mrs. Mary Macdonald.

MCDERMOTT—Mrs. Margaret McDermott, a well known and highly esteemed member of St. Michael's parish, died Sunday at her late home, 174 Concord street, at the age of 85 years. Besides her husband, James, she leaves eight children, one sister, Mrs. Mary E. Doherty and one brother, James Scanlon.

FUNERAL NOTICES

GIFFORD—Died, March 8th, in this city, Hiriam S. Gifford, aged 45 years, 215 Appleton street, on Saturday afternoon at the rooms of Undertakers George W. Healey, 79 Branch street, Tuesday evening at 5 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. Burial will be in the family lot in the cemetery at East Hampton, Mass., Wednesday morning.

MCLELLAN—The funeral of Mrs. McLean, died March 8, in Boston, will take place Wednesday morning from her home, 174 Coburn street, at 8:30 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertaker Peter H. Sweeney.

McDONALD—Died March 8, in Boston, George Macdonald, aged 42 years. Funeral services will be held at 25 May street, this city, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. Burial will be in the cemetery at East Hampton, Mass., Wednesday morning.

MCLELLAN—In the Clutches of the Gang, a two-reel Keystone comedy, should evoke roars of laughter. It brings over with amusing situations and is also excellently photographed.

O. M. Mills San, another feature taken on Japanese soil, is a splendid dramatic release, and there are two others. Thursday, Friday and Saturday another complete new set will be

FUNERALS

LAKE—The funeral of John F. Lake, son of Mrs. Minnie and the late John Lake, took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his mother, 113 Cushing street, and was largely attended. The burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery.

ALBANIANS DRIVEN OUT

ATHENS, Greece, March 9.—Delegates from Koritza, where the Albanians had established government offices, say the inhabitants of the town have revolted and driven out the Albanian authorities. The people yesterday proclaimed an autonomous government.

SAVAGE—The funeral of William E. Savage took place Saturday afternoon from the rooms of Undertaker George W. Healey, 79 Branch street. The services were conducted by Rev. Caleb E. Fisher, D. D., pastor of the First Universalist church. The bearers were Messrs. William H. Dana, George R. Dana, Fred L. Knapp and Harry V. Knapp. Burial was in the family lot in the Edson cemetery.

BOISSONNAULT—The funeral of Peter Boissonnault took place yesterday afternoon from his home, 48 Elder avenue. At St. Peter's church at three o'clock, funeral services were held by Rev. John Burns. The casket was borne by the following: Edward Toner, Joseph Mutton, Mr. Brennan, Mr. Fitzpatrick, John Mahoney and James Sutherland. Burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery where committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Burns. Undertaker John J. O'Connell was in charge of the funeral arrangements.

EVANS—The funeral services of Warren A. Evans took place from his home in Billerica Centre Saturday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Harold Dale, pastor of the Congregational church of the Centre, and Rev. Charles H. Williams, pastor of the Baptist church of North Billerica. The Wever male quartet of Boston sang appropriate selections. The bearers were Dr. Albert C. Lane, Matthew H. Kohaus, Arthur W. Holden, William C. Sexton, Herbert A. King and Eugene C. Vining. There was a visiting organist representing Thomas Tabot lodge, A. F. and A. M. Burial was in the family lot in North cemetery where the service was read by Rev. Mr. Dale and Rev. Mr. Williams. The funeral arrangements were under the direction of Undertakers Young & Blakely.

COLLINS—The funeral of Mrs. Anna G. Collins took place Saturday afternoon from the residence of James F. Stearns in Chelmsford, and was largely attended. Rev. C. H. Ellis, of the Central Baptist church, and Rev. E. A. Robinson, of the Central Congregational church, were the officiating clergymen. The selections "It Is Well With My Soul" and "The Christian's Goodnight" were tenderly sung by Mrs. F. L. Roberts and Arthur M. Warren. The poem, "Jesus, Lead Me Through the Vale," written by J. F. Stearns, nephew of the deceased, was read by Rev. C. H. Ellis. The bearers were J. F. Stearns, Charles E. Stearns, J. H. Hayes

STABBING NEARLY FATAL

Serious Affray in Which Man Nearly Murdered His Brother-in-law—Held in \$1200

A stabbing affray at 245 Market street yesterday came near ending in relative-by marriage. In the mix-up, the death of James Kourloheras, and while trying to protect her husband, the wife's wound was received evidently by accident.

It is extremely likely that the wound in the man's chest would have proved fatal within a few minutes of the assault if the weapon had not been deflected by striking a bone.

Kourloheras' wife was stabbed also while attempting to prevent the assailant from reaching her husband. Her injury is under the left arm and only missed a vital spot by a few inches. It is said that her wound is but slight when compared to those of her husband.

So far as can be learned by the police, the whole affair is the result of an inter-family broil, resulting from the marriage of the wounded man. It is alleged that the stabbing was done by a brother of the woman, who had become licensed over the domestic affairs of the wounded couple.

The facts in the case, as gotten by the police, were that three men came to the house of the Kourloheras couple yesterday afternoon and knocked at the door for admittance. When the door was swung open by the man it is claimed that Kalampokes, the brother-

Held in \$1200

Andreas Kourtras, the Greek implicated in yesterday's stabbing affray, was charged with assault with a dangerous weapon upon James and Dimitroha Kourloheras and was confined for a week in \$1200 bail. It is thought that by that time the two who were wounded in yesterday's knife play will be able to testify.

or used to take me and my little brother and sister every night to the theatre in London in which my father played as Lord Dundreary. There we would kiss our father through his false whiskers and would go home to our beds.

I am abandoning my Shakespeare work with this performance and will abandon the stage entirely at the end of 1916. I have been on the stage since 1879 and that is a long career. I am vigorous but this life without any social pleasure whatever is wearing on the strongest of men.

My wife's ill health has forced her to leave the stage. After I appear for two years I shall be ready to quit and lead domestic life."

PLANS FOR THE DANSANT

TO BE HELD IN AID OF ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL AT THE END OF APRIL.

The officers of the Ladies of Charity of St. John's hospital and the heads of the various committees in charge of the coming "Dansant," which will be held in Associate hall, April 25, met at the hospital yesterday afternoon to make arrangements. Miss Rose Dowd presided. The chief reason for yesterday's meeting was to attend to the proper distribution of tickets, and final plans were made to cover the city thoroughly. All committees reported progress and everything points to an unprecedented success.

THE LIQUOR ISSUE

Stirs Clash in Cambridge—Drug Store Sales Spoken of

BOSTON, March 9.—Before a large audience in Seaside Temple, Cambridge, yesterday afternoon, Mayor Barry represented the position of Arthur P. Blanchard, candidate for mayor on the progressive ticket, regarding liquor business maintained by drug stores in the University city and scored Blanchard for not leading a hand to suppress the alleged nuisance instead of criticizing.

This occasion was a no-license rally under the auspices of the Cambridge Y. M. C. A., at which all the candidates for mayor were invited to publicly announce their stand on the liquor question. Mayor Barry presided, and in opening the meeting made a brief speech regarding the no-license of 27 years in the city. He declared that as a result there are more bank deposits, more industries and more children in the schools. Manufacturers who had recently come to Cambridge, he said, chose the city because it maintained no-license.

Albert E. Good represented his brother Timothy W. Good, candidate for mayor on the democratic ticket, who was ill. Both he and Wendell D. Rockwood, Citizen's candidate, spoke strongly in favor of no-license. The other speakers were ex-Senator Fred W. Baldwin, Theodore H. Raymond and Carroll L. Chase, secretary of the Cambridge Y. M. C. A.

At all churches, both Catholic and Protestant, no-license sermons were preached, and the voters were urged to be on hand with their votes for no-license tomorrow. In order to remind the voters of their duty, the church bells will ring at 3:30 this evening and at 6 o'clock in the morning and at noon tomorrow.

Received Too Late for Classification

EW SIDIERS' FRANCE MILITIA readings daily to 8:30. Scarcene for physical demonstration; with photographs; independently written messages; on Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday evenings at 8 o'clock, 30 Chelmsford st.

SMALL STORE TO LET CHEAP AT 248 Gorham st. new railroad bridge.

GOOD SECOND-COOK WANTED to work on some of his牢牢 line. Must be over 40 years of age. Apply S. S. Sun Office.

Mr. Blanchard then described Craigie bridge as a pipe-line of liquor in continual operation between Boston and Cambridge. For an hour or two a day

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Trio of Statesmen From Which Successor of Moore Will Be Chosen



1 JOHN LIND 2 W.W. ROCKHILL 3 HENRY WHITE

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Consid-

erable speculation is indulged in here

as to who will be the new counselor

to the state department, succeeding

John Bassett Moore, who resigned a few days ago. Three men are now under consideration by President Wilson and Secretary Bryan. They are John Lind, the president's adviser on the Mexican situation, who is now in Vera Cruz; Henry White, former United States ambassador to France, and W. Rockhill, who has represented this country in Turkey and China. The new counselor to the state department will have much to do with the Mexican situation.

GET FREE MEALS WERE SENT AWAY

White Men Served Food in Negro Church Yesterday

BOSTON, March 9.—Between 30 and 40 white men were given meals at the Pilgrim (colored) church in Lenox street yesterday after attending services there, and several others who did not attend service obtained meals and lodgings. Rev. G. W. Tillman, superintendent of the associated charity institution connected with the church said yesterday that the number who sought food on that day was greater than the society usually serves, but that there has not been a day this winter that homeless men and women have not been given meals in the building adjoining the church.

The little wooden structure in Lenox street has been open all winter to hungry and discouraged men and women. The society itself is nonsectarian, and though in a section of Boston where by far the greater number of neighbors are colored, has served all who came seeking aid.

The bill of fare yesterday was not elaborate, but it consisted of wholesome and hot food. There were three servers during the day, and immediately after each service homeless men were invited in.

On the window of this little wooden structure, which bears a gilded wooden cross on a front gable, are inscribed the words: "Office of the Christian Non-Sectarian Home." For old ladies, rescued fallen women—providing free night's lodging for the poor, regardless of color or creed." No one has ever been turned away from this mission, and men and women from the streets have had meals there at all hours of the day and night.

During the cold spells of this winter the house has been taxed for room and board and have been brought in for the wayfarers. Mr. Tillman said yesterday: "The first encouraging thought of the man or woman in the streets is: 'No one cares for me, whether I live or die.' That is the first thing we have to fight. We try to make these people believe that we do care for them and that we are willing to help them get employment. We have taken white women from Boston streets and have put them into places where they can begin again. Our charity is practical."

RING IN FIRE ALARMS TO SEE THE ENGINES IN ACTION—OUT FOR ADVENTURES

BOSTON, March 9.—The desire of a 12-year-old lad and two young companions to see Engine 30 of West Roxbury in action gave the firemen a long, hard run of over two miles along almost trackless roads for a greater part of the distance shortly after 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, only to discover no sign of a fire there.

After expressing their disgust in language more forcible than refined, the firemen started on the hunt for the person who had brought them from their warm, comfortable engine house on Center street through the wilderness of "Texas" to the corner of Washington and Elmwood streets, German town.

There standing on the sidewalk, watching the rushing engines and the steaming horses with rapt attention, was Florence McCarthy, aged 12, of 60 Odessa street, Cambridge. The firemen heeded upon the unsuspecting youth and he guiltlessly admitted that had burned in the chimney from Box 517 to see the engines go by. To his consternation he was turned over to the tender mercies of a patrolman and speedily conveyed to the station house. He was released to his parents, a sadder but wiser boy, on the condition that they produce him in the West Roxbury court this morning.

The boy, with two playmates, started out yesterday in search of adventure. They heard a Germantown car at Forest Hills and when they left the car at the terminus of the line were rapidly becoming disgusted with the tameness of their trip, in an unguarded moment the fire alarm box struck the six eyes simultaneously. McCarthy was the "goat" and the dire results have been already related.

Perfect Hearing For The DEAF

The Little Gem Ear Phone and Auto Massager.

Look at it and you find the simplest and smallest device in the world. Use it and you find that you have the most wonderful piece of mechanism yet devised for suffering mankind. Let us prove to you that we have conquered your affliction.

Free Demonstration

Monday and Tuesday, March 9 and 10

From 9 o'clock a. m. to 9 p. m.

The Little Gem Ear Phone, the latest patented perfect hearing device. With it you can hear under all conditions in the church, theatre and general conversations. The AUTO MASSAGER which stops head noises and makes the cure of deafness possible.

Remember, we would not allow such a demonstration in our store unless we had investigated the instrument thoroughly. Mr. H. T. Dale of New York city and L. H. McNamee, experts will be with us on the above days. We most earnestly request you to call, make a test privately and receive expert advice without charge. Every instrument guaranteed. Ask for booklet.

Caswell Optical Co.

Registered Optician and Manufacturing Opticians.

11 BRIDGE ST., LOWELL, MASS.

EXPLOSIONS WORK HAVOC

Nine Persons Injured on Ninth Avenue, New York—Scores of Plate Glass Windows Smashed

thrown into a struggling, screaming, panic-stricken heap. Almost at the same moment a great column of fire shot high into the air from the broken main.

A police sergeant then jumped to the platform of the wrecked car, and forced open the door began to extricate the passengers, few of whom were badly hurt.

The second big explosion occurred just as the police had succeeded in establishing their lines. Chief Kenyon and the fire department had just arrived. The explosion was even greater than the first. Kealongautomobiles was turned almost completely over by the blast and the chief was nearly pitched out of it.

The first explosion had started wind-cracking and the second completed the point.

The third big explosion occurred 30 minutes afterwards. This time the center of the explosion was at a point almost at the intersection of Fifth Avenue and Twenty-third street and opposite the Fifth Avenue end of the Liebow building, the five-story stone structure on the southwest corner. The two previous explosions had accomplished most of the wrecking in the buildings on the north side of Twenty-third street. The third explosion did as much for buildings on the south side.

The cause of the accident, as officially ascertained, was the bursting of one of the six 45-inch water mains under Fifth Avenue and Broadway at Twenty-third street. The water main ran north and south, and are buried about eight feet below the surface.

The exploding water undermined the gas mains, and the theory is that the gas mains began to leak, the explosion that followed being due to the ignition of the gas by the electric feed wires of the street railway company.

As an aid to city and county authorities, 100 deputies were sworn in. The state troops were to take no part in the movement of the men unless the police and deputy sheriff proved unable to handle the situation.

Kelley was notified that he was expected to take his soldiers aboard a train.

The marchers who left Frisco last week for the purpose, it was announced, of going to Washington, D. C., have been camped on Southern Pacific property ever since.

As an aid to city and county authorities, 100 deputies were sworn in. The state troops were to take no part in the movement of the men unless the police and deputy sheriff proved unable to handle the situation.

President Illovo said that correspondence with presidents and professors in the engineering colleges indicated that most of these schools are doing very little directly to prepare students for citizenship unless required and elective courses in economics and political science may be considered as such.

All of them claim, however, he said, to be doing a great deal indirectly on account of the character of the courses and training given.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

HELP THE CAUSE

District Attorney Asks

Rich to Help Social Betterment

NEW HAVEN, CT., March 9.—The strong demand of the new social citizens, declared Dist. Atty. Charles S. Whitman, speaking at the convention of the Religious Education Association, on "Making Social Citizens" yesterday: "Is that the rich and powerful shall do their part, a part measured by their power, towards the betterment of social conditions and the conditions of living in our country, towards its security and defence and the maintenance of its government; that they shall assist and not obstruct the government in its efforts to promote the order and morals of society, to eliminate privilege, to protect labor as well as capital, and to strengthen the race by proper provisions for its health. The first essential to the making of the social citizen is the quickening of the industrial sense of responsibility for the general welfare."

"The great problem of citizenship in this country in the next decade will be to make a sane and effective response to that demand—to so direct the forces of social citizenship that they may not destroy the strong progressive power of individual initiative with the paralysis of socialism, may not send our great democracy upon the rocks of an unwieldy, centralized power, that shall be alike destructive to the personal and economic liberty of the individual."

Other speakers were Gov. Simon B. Baldwin and Charles S. Howe, president of the Case School of Applied Science, Cleveland, Ohio.

On a side street we have a

store that would cost us five to six thousand dollars a year more on the main street. We have a new plant with the latest equipment that saves much labor and cost in handling the goods. All these savings in rent and cost of handling make for Lower Prices on Furniture, Carpets, Rugs.

If you don't see our prices before you buy, you will set your pocketbook back quite a sum.

In the New B. & M. Car Shops

Work can be done Better, Quicker and Cheaper than in the old plants.

So with our

New Furniture Store

On a side street we have a store that would cost us five to six thousand dollars a year more on the main street. We have a new plant with the latest equipment that saves much labor and cost in handling the goods. All these savings in rent and cost of handling make for Lower Prices on Furniture, Carpets, Rugs.

If you don't see our prices before you buy, you will set your pocketbook back quite a sum.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO.

Up-to-Now Furniture Store

HURD STREET

THE CLIMAX OF OUR MIGHTY "FORCED TO VACATE" SALE
Is Ending in an Avalanche of Wall Paper Bargains. Last Week in Colonial Building

THE UNITED WALL PAPER STORES OF AMERICA
SALE PRICES 1c TO 28c EVERYTHING
SEE DAILY PAPERS FOR OUR NEW HOME ANNOUNCEMENT

L. R. WILSON, Manager

INITIATIVE LIMIT ON THE HOSPITAL SITE

Expires Tomorrow and New Move Will Soon Follow—Assistant Tax Commissioner at City Hall—Other Matters Municipal

The twenty days provided by law for the filing of the certificates of efficiency in the petition for initiative in the contagious hospital matter will expire tomorrow and, according to Mayor Murphy, the majority of the council will not take any further action than was taken sometime ago, that is, to let the matter of purchasing the Pittsburg site go to the voters at the next election.

Lawyer Frank E. Danbar, counsel for the petitioners, stated today that something will be done very soon to force the council to act on this matter.

Just what the next move will be in connection with the purchase of the Pittsburg site for a contagious hospital is not yet announced, but Mr. Dunbar is working on his plans which will be carried out in due course. Mayor Murphy stated this morning that as far as he knows the matter is ended with the majority of the council and that no further order will be passed by the council.

Tax Commissioner Here.

The assistant state tax commissioner met in conference with the municipal council this afternoon on matters pertaining to the taxation of property. The conference was held at 2:30 o'clock, when an informal discussion took place.

Meeting Tomorrow.

The regular meeting of the municipal council will be held tomorrow morning, and it is the consensus of opinion at city hall that there will be no proposal of any kind proposed at the meeting. Alderman Brown, it is believed, will present his arguments in the assessors' matter and a final disposition of the case will be made.

Annual Report.

Commissioner Carmichael of the fire and water department is a much pleased man today, for this morning he was informed that the condition of the city water has been improved to such a degree that bleaching with it is now possible. The colonel was informed that the Lowell hosiery has been using the city water in its bleach house, for bleaching purposes for the past two or three weeks, and that the water is as good for this particular kind of work as can be desired. "When the water is good enough to bleach cloth or yarn," said the commissioner to the writer, "it is good enough for any other purpose, and I am really pleased to earn that we have succeeded in bringing the water to what it should be, that is clean, wholesome and pure."

"Are the grade crossing commissioners asleep?" That is the question that is being asked by many about the city for a hearing on the abolition of the Middlesex street and other street railroad crossings in this city is supposed to be held in Lowell, but the date has not as yet been fixed. The said hearing

FUNERALS

CORCORAN.—The funeral of Mrs. George Corcoran took place this morning from the home of her brother, 619 Merrimack street. High mass of requiem was celebrated at St. Joseph's church at 9 o'clock, the casket bearing Rev. C. A. Paquette, O. M. I., who was a member of the Immaculate Conception church.

WILLIAMS.—The funeral of the late Mrs. Hannah Williams, old resident of Belvidere, took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from the chapel of J. P. O'Donnell & Sons, and was largely attended. The cortège proceeded to the Immaculate Conception church, where a Solemn High Mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Owen McQuaid, O. M. I. The bearers were Joseph Toupin, Leon Siard, Majorique Gaudreau, Caswell Grondin, Ernest Arseneau and Casval Bamier. The body was placed in the receiving tomb at St. Joseph's cemetery. Funeral arrangements were made in charge of undertaker Joseph Albert.

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PATRICK.—The funeral of the late Mrs. Elizabeth Patrick, resident of Belvidere, took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from his home in St. Mark's street and was largely attended. The cortège proceeded to the Immaculate Conception church, where a Solemn High Mass of requiem was sung by the pastor, Rev. Lawrence Tighe, O. M. I., assisted by Rev. Edward Fox, O. M. I., as deacon and Rev. Dr. O'Farrell, O. S. Deacon. The bearers were John O'Connell, Thomas F. McEvily, James H. Kelly, Hugh McCloskey, Stephen Wyman and Joseph Fay. The ushers at the house and church were Dr. A. J. Hulph, John Boulier, John J. Flaherty, Frank Clark and Thomas P. Hartigan. At the grave Rev. Dr. O'Farrell, O. S. Deacon, read the committee prayers and the burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of undertakers J. P. O'Donnell & Sons.

JOHNSON.—The funeral of the late Mrs. Anna Joyce, an esteemed resident of Belvidere, took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from her home, 26 Dudley St., and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends, including a number from out of town. Among the latter were Eugene Flanagan, Sr., Eugene Flanagan, Jr., Patrick Flanagan and William Flanagan of Cambridge. The cortège proceeded to St. Michael's church, where at 9 o'clock a mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Dennis F. Murphy. There were many beautiful floral tributes, including a large pillow inscribed "Mother" from the family; wreaths inscribed "Grandma" from the grandmothers, and offerings from Mr. J. McEvily, Mr. O'Farrell, Mr. and Mrs. John Kennedy, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Flanagan, Sr., the Misses B. Smith, A. Duffey, Mr. McClellan, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Dilney, the Mendes family, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Kenney, Mrs. Sullivan, the McNeill family, the Price family, the Huddy family, the Misses Zelma, Jardine and Catherine Cassin, the Burns family, the Stores family, the O'Neill family, the Sherlock family, the Campbell family, Mary J. Deane, Mrs. E. Campbell and Mrs. Marks. The bearers were Patrick Meade, Patrick Banks, Martin Meade, and William Ring. At the grave Rev. Dr. Murphy read the committee prayers, and the burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of undertakers J. P. O'Donnell & Sons.

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CAVALRY DISPERSSES TURBULENT STRIKERS

In Streets of Rome, Wounding
Several of the Mob—Tourists
Hissed and Threatened on Way
to the Vatican

ROME, March 9.—Squadrons of cavalry charged and dispersed crowds of turbulent strikers in the streets of Rome today, wounding several of the mob. The action of the troops followed several skirmishes between the strikers and police after an immense demonstration on the Piazza Del Popolo during which several policemen and manifestants were wounded.

A meeting of 100,000 Italian workers who had started a general strike today was being held. The meeting threatened.

TERRIBLE LOSS OF LIFE

Six Men Killed, Twenty-seven
Unaccounted for and Thirty In-
jured in St. Louis Fire

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 9.—Six men were killed, about 27 are unaccounted for and about 30 were injured in a fire that destroyed the seven-story building of the Missouri Athletic club today. Three dead are unidentified. The property loss was more than \$350,000.

The fire, which broke out about 2 o'clock this morning, was still burning at noon and Fire Chief Swingsay said it would be unsafe to send anyone into the ruins to search for the missing until tonight or tomorrow.

The building was owned by the Boatman's bank, which occupied part of the first floor. In the vaults of the business building, bank officials said, were \$1,350,000 in currency and \$27,000 in coin.

Uncertainty as to the number of men in the building when the fire broke out made it difficult to determine the exact number of missing. Jack Rosinger, night clerk at the club, said 45 members had rooms at the club and that the registration of guests brought the total number for the night up to 75.

Continued to page seven.

PLUNGER LYMAN

Now Pauper in Silk Hat
—Released From Jail
in Los Angeles

NEW YORK, March 9.—A tall, broad-shouldered man, his handsome face slightly tanned, wearing a silk hat and dressed in a cutaway, with a diamond monogram skelepin in his purple tie, stepped up to the clerk in the Hotel Hollmore yesterday afternoon, received his mail, bowed and was hurrying to the elevator when he was recognized.

He was John Grant Lyman, "doctor" if you will, erstwhile Wall street promoter, plunger on the horse races, debonair figure of Broadway—a man who amassed great wealth out of international zinc and other companies, but spent his money freely here, in London and Paris, who languished for almost two years in county jail in Los Angeles and who about two months ago was convicted of using the United States mails to defraud.

He looked so prosperous it was hard to believe that only two weeks ago he took a pauper's oath in Los Angeles.

Offers to Tell All About It?

Lyman started when he was addressed, then bowed. "Yes, I am Dr. Lyman, happy and ambitious," he said. "Come to my room and I will be glad to tell you all about it."

He led the way to his room, where several trunks, two suit cases and apparel strewn about revealed that for a poor man he was luxuriously equipped.

"Did you take a pauper's oath?" he asked.

"Believe me, I surely did," he replied. "Why, I haven't got a nickel to my name that is my own. Every cent I have was lent to me by friends and I have splendid friends who think I am showing the right spirit and are stickling to me to the bitter end. But for poor man I am getting along finely, don't you think?"

The reporter did, but he also had supposed that Lyman, having been convicted, was still in jail.

"My friends bailed me out," explained Lyman. "They put up cash and securities amounting to almost \$4,000 to cover my bail of \$20,000, and they are going to stand by me in that charge and they appreciate the enthusiasm that I have retained despite what I have suffered. You see, I was acquitted on the first five of the six counts in the indictment against me."

"I was found guilty solely on the sixth count, referring to a letter that was mailed after I had left my office in San Francisco and for which I was not responsible. Already the court of appeals has docketed a case that lingers a reversal of the judgment."

The PLANTING BOARD

The planning board of the city of Lowell was scheduled to hold a meeting at 3 o'clock this afternoon, but this afternoon it was decided to postpone the meeting until Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

BODY OF VERGARA TAKEN FROM MEXICO

WASHINGTON, March 9.—President Wilson expects a full report from Gov. Colquitt and American Consul Garrett, as to the manner in which the body of Clemente Vergara, an American citizen, killed in Mexico, was returned to American soil.

After reading news despatches, some saying Texas Rangers had crossed into Mexico and had availed themselves of permission by the Mexican federal authorities to American Consul Garrett to recover the body, the president and Secretary Bryan conferred at length. The president said afterward that no official information had been received; that he doubted very much whether Consul Garrett had any permission to take the body and that he would await an examination which state authorities hope may disclose something to aid them in placing blame for the rancherman's violent death after he was taken prisoner by Mexican feds.

Ranchman Tortured

A superficial examination of the body disclosed two gunshot wounds in the head, one in the neck, a blow as it from a rifle butt which crushed the skull and a mutilated left hand twisted and charred by fire, suggested that torture had been inflicted before Vergara was executed.

Texas rangers of the troop of Capt. J. J. Sanders were first declared responsible for the return of Vergara's body from Mexico, but later this was denied. Captain Sanders was one of the men who informed that the body could be found at a designated place. The other two were American Consul Garrett of Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, and Deputy Sheriff Petty. The

men of the troop of foreigners in Mexico, the president indicated clearly that the American government would continue to use its good offices on behalf of subjects of those powers which had recognized the Mexican government and could not therefore deal with the constitutionalists.

Incidentally, the president knew that the American government knew anything of a published report that Germany had warned Mexico that any injury to German subjects would meet with retaliation.

The president told callers that Germany's attitude toward the position of the United States in the Mexican situation had been satisfactory and friendly and that Germany had occupied a most dignified position throughout.

It did not believe reports, he added, that Germany was disposed to complicate the situation.

What complications, if any, might result from the trip into foreign territory, apparently caused no uneasiness among Vergara's friends, who pointed out the peaceful character of the party.

PERSONS WHO EXHUMED BODY
FROM MEXICAN GRAVE HAVE
KEPT IDENTITY SECRET

VERGARA'S BODY WAS SECRETLY
PLACED IN LONELY SPOT ON
THE RIO GRANDE

LAREDO, Texas, March 9.—A shooting in the soil earth of the open grave and around the handle of the implement a card with the word "Recuerdo" (Memoriam), was the single trace today of the mysterious night visit of a party of unidentified men to Hidalgo, Mexico, cemetery where Vergara made his home. State officials accepted the telegram as

Continued to page eleven.

HEAD BLOWN OFF SENATE ATTACHE

Authorities Will Investigate Death of Charles Manley

CONCORD, N. H., March 9.—Circumstances surrounding the death of Charles A. Manley of Hanover on Sunday are being investigated by County Solicitor Robert D. Murchie.

Manley's dead body was found in his bedroom with the head blown off by the discharge of a shotgun. The case was reported to the medical examiner, Dr. Charles Adams of this city, as one of suicide, but upon viewing the body he advised the holding of an inquest, which Solicitor Murchie is conducting this afternoon.

No more of the old life, no more of promotion schemes, horse races and all "horseshow things," he continued, as with a graceful gesture he referred to his former career. "For 25 years I spent nearly \$10,000 a year. I plunged in Wall street, I thought nothing of laying \$15,000 or \$20,000 on a horse race, but now I see nothing in those things. I would not walk across the street to see forty horse races."

"Am I a Christian Scientist? Well,

I leave off the scientist and you have it right, I have done a good many things of which I am ashamed, but my life now is and in the future shall remain an open book. I have moral obligations to fulfill and life is little or nothing if one does not live right up to his conscience.

No more of the old life, no more of promotion schemes, horse races and all "horseshow things," he continued, as with a graceful gesture he referred to his former career. "For 25 years I spent nearly \$10,000 a year. I plunged in Wall street, I thought nothing of laying \$15,000 or \$20,000 on a horse race, but now I see nothing in those things. I would not walk across the street to see forty horse races."

ARRESTED AS HOTEL BEAT

NEWARK, N. J., March 9.—William Schmidt, 19 years old, was arrested on a charge of trying to beat a hotel bill as he was getting on a train for New York in the Park place terminal last night. William Schmidt of the Holland House made the complaint.

Norman, who says he is a traveling salesman, but refuses his address, had been sleeping at the hotel for about a week. When a bill for \$10.31 was presented to him he told the proprietor he had no money, but would pay if he was allowed to go to New York and cash a check.

Henry F. Allen of Camden a traveling salesman for the Watrone Vanish company, had referred to the police that a check for \$13.06, given to him by A. E. Sippel, a dealer in paints and wall paper at 63 Market street, and drawn on the Union National bank, had been stolen from his room in the Holland House Friday night.

When Norman was searched at police headquarters the check was found in his possession. The name of the vanish company was endorsed on the check, below this was written "James Lewis." Several payment tickets were also found in his pockets.

DR. NEEDHAM WILL ATTEND

Chief of Section Sauer II, Needham of the newly formed Lowell section of Batter C, 1st Battalion of Field Artillery, M. V. M., has been one of the three artillery officers detailed to attend the U. S. Army Field Artillery school at Tientsin, China, from June 1 to next. There are still a few vacancies for good men in the section and those wishing to enlist should apply to Dr. Needham at his office, 309 Sun building.

The PLANTING BOARD

The planning board of the city of Lowell was scheduled to hold a meeting at 3 o'clock this afternoon, but this afternoon it was decided to postpone the meeting until Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

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THE SUN CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET

SPECIAL NOTICES

NICE 4 AND 5 ROOM TENEMENTS to let on North street, very reasonable. Apply to Mr. Quinn at store, 34 North st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, FOR light housekeeping. Hoffman House, 38 Central st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT with or without board, 59 Franklin st.

TENEMENT 7 ROOMS TO LET AT 47 Barclay st.; 5 minutes' walk from depot. Apply 355 Stevens st.

STORE TO LET, MARCH 15; 24x46 plate glass front; suitable for most any kind of business at 116 Gorham st. Apply Manhattan Market.

VIOLIN LESSONS. INQUIRE 171 Cross st.

CARD READING-PAST. PRESENT and future. 10a and 15a. Madam Cory, 379 Bridge st., cor. Third st.

UPSTAIRS 5-ROOM FLAT TO LET; all modern improvements, at 61 Drury st., off White st.

ONE-HALF DOUBLE COTTAGE TO let, 30 Prospect st., near Davis sq.; handy to depot and electrics. Price \$10. Apply 216 Westford st.

LOWER TENEMENT TO LET AT 13 Sixth ave., Pawtucketville; tenement in good repair, and rent low. Apply to H. C. Kildare, 15 Central st.

GEO. E. BROWN, 79 CHESTNUT ST. has two very desirable clean and pleasant 4-room tenements, both on floor, good credit, good, respectable location, and neighbors' kind treatment. See them now.

CONVENIENT, WELL ARRANGED tenement, 10a, seven rooms and bath, hot and cold water, sat tubs, furnace heat. Good neighborhood. On or close to electric line. \$14 to \$17 per month. Apply to E. T. Wilber, Traders National Bank.

5-ROOM COFTAGE TO LET; Wood's court, off School st.; rent reasonable. Telephone 11-5, Billerica, or address S. St. Sun Office.

BAKER'S SHOP TO LET; RENT REASONABLE; good oven. Inquire Mrs. Clark, 169 Broadway.

FLAT OF FIVE ROOMS TO LET; pantry and bath, 112 Jewett st. Apply Griffith Florist, 31 Bridge st.

ROOM SUITABLE FOR BARBER shop or business office, to let; on second floor of the Burlington building, 42 Central st.

MY HOUSE AND STABLE AT 219 Wentworth avenue, to let. Chas. A. Evelyn, Lowell Jail.

WANTED

50,000 Tobacco Tags

And Cigarette Coupons. 10 cents per 100. We give two Green Stamps for tags or coupons.

CARL'S POOL ROOM Near Post Office, Tel.

LEGISLATIVE HEARINGS

LADIES-RUCHINGS ARE TO BE seen this coming season. Let us keep you supplied with the latest at a reasonable price. Send twenty-five cents, coin or stamps. Fall Textile Company, Newton Upper Falls, Mass. Box 11.

MAKER OF LOW DOWN MILK wagons, 11, DeLorme, Fitchburg, Mass.

CERTIFIED TEACHER WILL GIVE lessons in all branches of the English language, and arithmetic. Private instruction to backward pupils and persons of deficient education. Miss K. E. Cavanaugh, 129 Lewellen st.

VIOLIN LESSONS. INQUIRE 171 Cross st.

CARD READING-PAST. PRESENT and future. 10a and 15a. Madam Cory, 379 Bridge st., cor. Third st.

11TH HOUR ASBESTOS STOVE lining, for lining or repairing linings of ranges, furnaces and stoves, for sale at all stove dealers, 15 and 25 cent

LOUIS FOX. DEALER IN SECOND hand furniture of all kinds, bought, sold and exchanged. 15 Middlesex st.

CASH PAID FOR SECOND HAND furniture of all kinds, large or small lots. T. F. Muldoon, 505 Central st.

STOVE REPAIRS, LININGS, GRATES, etc. and other parts for all stoves and ranges carried in stock; work done at lowest prices. Bring name and size of stove or telephone 4170, Quinn Furniture Co., 160 Middlesex st.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND REPAIRED. Tuning \$1. J. Kershaw, 110 Cumberland road. Tel. 444-1.

LIMBURG CO. CHIMNEY EXPERTS Chimney swept and repaired. Residence 112 Bridge st. Tel. 945-W.

TIME SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN IS ON sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

WANTED

POOL TABLE WANTED. ADDRESS L. Sun, Oneida.

40 CANS OF MILK WANTED DAILY. Address W. F. Parker, 192 Middlesex st., Lowell.

NOVELS WANTED. MEDALS MAGAZINES. Early literature; also bound books. Merritt's Book Store, 277 Middlesex st.

THE GOOD PEOPLE OF LOWELL wanted to buy 11th Hour Asbestos Stove Linings, 15 and 25 cent boxes, at all stove dealers.

A. J. DEWEY Painter, paperhanger. All work guaranteed. 105 LIBERTY ST. TEL. 3715

WANTED

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia ave. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms, elevator, etc. Music. Special—\$12 up weekly; \$250 up daily. Open all year. Booklet Samuel Elka.

W. A. LEW Steam drying and cleaning of ladies' and gents' wearing apparel. 30 years in the business. 49 JOHN STREET

Baby Carriage Tires Put on, 250 up. Prompt service and good work.

GEO. H. BACHELDER POST OFFICE SQUARE

MEXICAN SITUATION Continued

HANGERS CROSSED SECRETLY INTO TEXAS SATURDAY NIGHT —WERE NOT OPPOSED

LAREDO, Tex., March 2.—Texas Rangers, who secretly crossed into Mexico Saturday night and yesterday brought to the American side the mutilated body of Clemente Vergara, Texas ranchman, and established the fact of his execution after he was seized by Mexican federales.

The Rangers were not opposed, accomplishing their search without the slightest violence, taking the body from a grave in Hidalgo cemetery almost within sight of the Texas border. The feature was divested of possibly grave aspects in international complications by reason of the fact that the Rangers were virtually making use of permission granted originally by Mexican federal authorities several days ago for recovery of the body. This permission had been given by United States Consul Alfonso Garrett at Nuevo Laredo, but he did not get the body because of what he reported as dangers attending search for it in the impenetrable vicinity of Hidalgo.

Vergara was shot twice through the head and once through the neck, his skull was crushed as though from a blow from a rifle butt, and the charred fingers of the left hand indicated that he had been tortured before being put to death. Identification was made by Vergara's son and by numerous friends, many of whom were in the party of nine, led by the state border patrol, which made the grim journey to the Hidalgo cemetery during the early morning hours yesterday.

The body was not badly decomposed, despite its three weeks' burial. In addition to recognizing the features, young Vergara took a bit of cloth from the trousers on the body and matched it with the coat which his father wore on the day he crossed the Rio Grande.

Guards Over Body

The body was brought into the United States at a point 45 miles northwest of Laredo, opposite Hidalgo and near the Vergara ranch. American Consul Garrett of Nuevo Laredo, deputy sheriffs and other authorities were waiting to receive it, and, pending the arrival of the undertaker from Laredo, an armed force stood guard over the body.

Recovery of the body was made by a force of Texans, largely friends of Vergara, acting with a troop of Texas Rangers, under Captain Saunders, who have been investigating for Governor Colquitt those circumstances of Vergara's seizure by federales.

A secret investigation, in which many Mexicans had been questioned, is understood to have preceded the trip into Mexico. Leading the forces was a man, who claimed to have been a witness to both the execution and the burial of Vergara.

Met No Opposition

The force gathered near the Vergara ranch, not far from the spot where Vergara crossed the river to meet the Mexican federales, who promised reburial for stolen horses. Moving silently, they began the overland march to Hidalgo, a distance of about 10 miles. They avoided the town, it said, and met nobody to question their journey.

Location of the grave presented an easy task, for it has been a centre of speculation and wonder since it appeared after a swinging body had been taken down from the place of execution, when the hub and cry over Vergara's disappearance started an investigation. No body had been rudely interred, it little or no effort to protect it. With their burden fixed on a stretcher, carried by six of Vergara's friends, procession started unchallenged on return journey which brought men Vergara home again to the United States.

It is understood that a thorough ex-

amination of the body has been ordered by the state authorities.

Loft Ranch Feb. 13

Vergara left his ranch near Palafox, Texas, Friday, Feb. 13, and crossed the river into Mexico in answer to a message from three federal soldiers, that Captain Apolonio Rodriguez, the Hidalgo garrison, wished to settle for 11 horses taken from Vergara's Island pasture in the Rio Grande.

Mrs. Vergara pleaded with her husband not to risk seizure by the Mexicans, but he crossed the river with his young nephew. Mrs. Vergara since told how she saw the soldiers knock her husband unconscious, and carry him away. Vergara's nephew hid in the brush until he could re-cross the river.

On the following day Mrs. Vergara went in search of her husband and found him in the Hidalgo jail. So far as known, there was no charge against him. He had been cruelly beaten, according to his wife. She dressed the wounds on his head, she said, and remained with him until forced to leave. That was the last time she ever saw him alive, for early next morning he was taken from the jail, supposedly to be transferred to Piedras Negras, and disappeared.

Had Been Shot and Hanged

When a search had begun for the missing American, it was learned that a man had been shot and his body hanged to a tree outside of Hidalgo early Sunday morning, Feb. 15, and that the body had been left hanging for several days.

Soon after Consul Garrett started his inquiries, this body was removed and a fresh grave was noticed in the old Hidalgo cemetery.

Mexicans who had known the ranchman said the body seen hanging was that of Vergara and that they believed it was Vergara and that they believed he was buried in the new grave.

It finally was determined to the satisfaction of the American investigators that he had been executed.

Persistent Denial

Persistent denial was made by the Mexican federales, however, and prior to this General Alvarez, commander at Piedras Negras, had promised American Consul Blocker that Vergara would be released and his captors called to account. This allayed the fears of his friends until his continued absence started an investigation, in which the United States government took a part.

Consul Garrett proceeded to Hidalgo and personally interviewed Captain Rodriguez, the man held responsible for Vergara's kidnapping; but the federal captain said that Vergara had been sent to Piedras Negras, but had escaped on route and that the federales were certain he had joined the constitutionalists.

Consul Garrett, however, after interviewing numerous Mexicans and others, reported officially that Vergara had been executed. He added that he was convinced from the federales' attitude while he was in Hidalgo that it would have been dangerous for him to demand surrender of the body.

Investigation Ordered

The investigation was ordered con-

tinued by the state department, and the state of Texas also ordered an investigation by the Texas Rangers.

The island pasture of Vergara, where it was first reported the ranchman had been assaulted, complicated the affair by the question whether it was Mexican or American territory, until it was found that Vergara had been actually seized on the Mexican mainland.

This rendered those responsible safe from prosecution in Texas. As the horses were alleged to have been taken from this pasture, however, and county records showed it belongs to the state of Texas, Mrs. Vergara filed an affidavit charging Capt. Rodriguez and three of his men with her theft.

Formed by a

Governor Colquitt requested permission of the state department "to send Texas Rangers across the border to pursue the abductors and murderers" of Vergara, and was told by Secretary of State Bryan that the United States

would do the same.

THE TIME IS NEAR

PREACHED ON GOD, THE BEGINNING AND THE END—ALPHIA AND OMEGA

At the First Unitarian church yesterday the pastor, Rev. Charles T. Billings preached on "The Changed Attitude Toward Religion." He took his text from Revelations 22:13. "I am the alpha and the omega, the first and the last, the beginning and the end."

He said in part:

"The remarkable thing about this verse from the Book of Revelations is that the writer recognizes that God is both at the beginning and the end of life. That may not seem remarkable.

Because God is everywhere, of course,

He is at the beginning and the end. It is all very simple, and yet if you do not understand how wonderful that thought

is, you will not comprehend deeply man's changed attitude toward religion.

Later, when Mrs. Vergara made the charge of horse theft, Governor Colquitt asked of the state department "whom the United States recognized as constituted authority in northern Mexico," so that he might make requisition under the Mexican treaty for the man named.

This question never was answered to the satisfaction of Governor Colquitt, and the governor announced that he solved the question he would requisition both the federal and constitutional governors of the states of Nuevo Leon and Chihuahua. This was on Friday, and so far as known the requisition has not been issued.

Border in Turmoil

On the following day Mrs. Vergara went in search of her husband and found him in the Hidalgo jail. So far as known, there was no charge against him. He had been cruelly beaten, according to his wife. She dressed the wounds on his head, she said, and remained with him until forced to leave. That was the last time she ever saw him alive, for early next morning he was taken from the jail, supposedly to be transferred to Piedras Negras, and disappeared.

High Street Congregational

Rev. Arthur Barber of Lawrence preached at the High Street Congregational church last evening in exchange with Rev. A. C. Ferrin, the pastor of the church. Mr. Barber's central thought was that with all the convenience of modern times as compared with the slower and cumbersome methods of ancient days there has not yet been any change in "Truth."

"And that emphasis on God, the emphasis gradually changes. The prophets were looking for a glorious future for Israel, and Jesus spoke of the coming of the kingdom of God. But as years passed and the king and the kingdom did not come, men began more and more to demand some authority for the teachings of Jesus. Hence the growth of legend about him, and the gradual conviction that Jesus himself appears never to have lived. But as God was the beginning of the world, so God must be at the beginning of Christianity. So thought the writer of the fourth gospel. In the beginning was the word—and the word was God—and the word became flesh."

"And that emphasis on God at the beginning has never been wholly absent from Christian history. The Christians of the middle ages felt that God was at the beginning of the world and Christianity, but the future loomed uncertainly before him. He knew not, and could not know whether his God had destined him to a heaven or a hell. We have got by all that. And yet a large branch—two large branches—of the church today glory in the thought that they are keeping the tradition of Jesus pure and incorruptible, and they are fond of emphasizing the doctrine of apostolic succession. They rejoice in the source of their power and in the beginning, find their God."

"And now we see how remarkable it is that the writer of the Book of Revelation's thought that God was both the beginning and the end. He is at the beginning of life. You will find him if you go deep enough. He is still the first cause that called the world into being and this deep purpose has broadened over the ages. He is still along the way, even when he knew it not, and he stands at the summit of our hill, the heights of our manhood to welcome us."

"Life is the beginning, the way, the end. What is the end of the river? The ocean. And what is the source of the river? It is not the mountain brook, or the springs that feed it. We must go back even to the clouds, to the ocean, from which the sun has drawn the moisture that makes the clouds. The ocean is the real source of the ocean, and the river is the ocean on its way to the ocean."

"Religion alone can insure the perfect service, and do we not see how, through social service, man finds at least one way to ascend to God? At first he sees the need or hears the cry for help and he hastens to minister to the man who needs him. Then he learns the facts; then he is minister with deeper knowledge to his dearest needs; then he offers him his friendship and then, when he is weary of his service and the man proves ungrateful or betrays, it is religion that bids him keep right on. It is religion that bids him make renewed efforts in service. It is religion that lifts him upon his feet, sets him in his way and enables him to lead others up the heights."

"The same ascent can be traced through the life of the individual. A man early in his career finds himself surrounded by the forces of life. Some are helpful, some threaten, some he must master, some he must avoid. First he must know his facts, must be able to recognize his friends and his foes. He must study the wiles of the game and know the laws of life."

First Baptist Church

Rev. H. S. Pinkham preached on a series of five sermons on "Five People Whom Christ Praised" at the First Baptist church yesterday.

He spoke of the poor widow who

gave all she had

